

UNO-3074

**Celeron M/ Pentium M
Embedded Automation
Computer with Four
PCI Slot Extensions**

User Manual

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- Description of your peripheral attachments
- Description of your software (OS, version, application software, etc.)
- A complete description of the problem
- The exact wording of any error messages

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Overview

This chapter provides an overview of UNO-3074 specifications.

Sections include:

- Introduction
- Hardware specification
- Safety precautions
- Chassis dimensions

Chapter 1 Overview

1.1 Introduction

Standard PCs and some industrial computers with a standard OS and hardware for the consumer market cannot provide the reliability required by industrial automation and embedded industrial control applications. However, many engineers prefer to use PCs because of their advanced functions such as: analog control and simulation, database connectivity, web-based applications, and communication with third-party devices. UNO-3074 combines the best features of a PC, including the processor, RAM, and powerful software, with the reliability, ruggedness, and distributed nature of a PLC. UNO-3074 has the compact size and ruggedness of a PLC, and the software flexibility and functionality of a PC. It's an ideal platform for sophisticated control and logging in rugged environments.

Open Architecture Designed for Automation

For applications demanding customized control, UNO-3074 that uses more flexible, off-the-shelf technology is a better option. UNO-3074 uses off-the-shelf components such as an x86 processor, an Ethernet chip set, CompactFlash and DRAM. System designers can easily create multiple inputs from sensors via plug-in data acquisition cards and provide outputs to other devices to control the operation. At the same time, the UNO-3074 unit can broadcast the process data through the Ethernet and share the data with operators and managers. By using off-the-shelf components, machine builders can customize the control scheme they use for other machines that require multiple inputs, optimized control, or Ethernet communication. So, UNO-3074 offers the I/O connectivity of PCs with options such as 2 x 10/100Base-T Ethernet, 2 x RS-232, 2 x RS-232/422/485, 4 x USB, CompactFlash, PC Card and PCI extension slots and VGA interfaces for display panels.

An Industry-Proven Design

Industrial and mobile applications require controllers with high-vibration specifications and a wide temperature range. Machines or controllers in light industrial environments also require flexible and stable mounting. Many machine builders underestimate the need for a more rugged controller because their end applications are mounted in an industrial enclosure. Advantech UNO-3074 has a special design without the weaknesses of a standard PC. No fan and no HDD design prevent dust and vibration problems. A battery-backup function secures the last state of the system, making system crashes less problematic. With a smart mechanical design, UNO-3074 can meet 50G shock, 2G vibration, up to 50° operating temperature and almost everything a harsh industrial environment demands.

Off-the-shelf Universal PCI Extensions

From a computing point of view, the UNO-3074 with its PC-based control CPU is a high-end machine controller. It can be simply operated with the onboard Ethernet interface or with a PC Fieldbus card. Two free PCI slots are also available. In addition, Advantech offers a complete product line for plug-in data acquisition and control I/O cards, motion control cards, GPIB cards, industrial communication and Fieldbus communication cards, providing a complete PC-based solution.

Front Access Connections

All PC connections are on one side of the housing. The PC can optionally be equipped with mounting plates and fastened with screws in a control cabinet. All mechanical parts have a simple design, and the drivers and plug-in cards are easily accessible without compromising system performance or integrity. The installation options are also well balanced.

Designed to Fit Into Control Cabinets

The fully-fledged UNO-3074 could easily be mistaken for a PLC by its look and feel. In completely new packaging, the smallest UNO only measures 180 x 177 x 237 mm (W x H x D). But the UNO-3074 not only deals with PLC tasks, but also offers all the operating and communication power of a modern PC with its Intel Celeron or Pentium III processor and Windows Operating System software. So, Advantech UNO-3074 is a small, powerful and inexpensive PLC substitute.

Onboard DI/O for Counter, Alarm/Event Handling

UNO-3074 features onboard DI and DO. These DIs and DOs can be used as 32-bit counters or to handle alarms and events. Any events can be passed to UNO-3074 through DIs with an additional DI plug-in card. UNO-3074 can also output alarms through onboard DOs immediately to notify key personnel about urgent events.

Flexible Networking Options

UNO-3074 offers three ways to connect to a network: Ethernet, Wireless LAN and Modem. The two built-in Ethernet ports provide high-speed networking capability up to 100 Mbps. The PCMCIA extension with PCMCIA wireless LAN module offers you a mobile and scalable network without incurring additional cabling costs. And through COM ports of UNO-3074, industrial modems offer the most popular and easiest networking method by PSTN.

Popular Operating Systems and Rapid Application Development

UNO-3074 supports the popular off-the-shelf Microsoft Windows 2000/NT/XP operating systems and the Linux operating system. UNO-3074 also features pre-built Microsoft Windows XP embedded or Windows CE solutions offering a pre-configured image with optimized onboard device drivers. Microsoft Windows CE and XP Embedded are compact, highly efficient, and real-time operating systems that are designed for embedded systems without a HDD. There is no need to waste time and energy on developing onboard device drivers or using the Platform Builder to build a custom Windows CE image, they have all been done for the Advantech UNO-3000 series. Through the built-in runtime library and Software Development Kit (SDK), the UNO-3000 series leverages your existing Windows-based programming skills to rapidly develop applications.

1.2 Hardware Specifications

- **CPU:** Celeron M 1GHz CPU (non-cache) or Pentium M 1.4GHz CPU (2MB cache)
- **System Memory:** 1x 200 pin SODIMM socket, supports up to 1GB DDR RAM
- **Battery Backup RAM:** 512 KB
- **Chipset:**
Intel 855GME GMCH/ICH4 Chipset 400 MHz PSB
(Celeron M 1G MHz Pentium M 1.4 GHz)
- **BIOS:** Award 4 Mbit Flash BIOS, supports Boot-on-LAN function
- **Interface I/O:** VGA/Keyboard/Mouse
(DB-15 VGA Connector, PS/2 keyboard & mouse)
- **Clock:** Battery-backup RTC for time and date
- **Serial Ports:** 2 x RS-232 and 2 x RS-232/422/485 with DB-9 connector and Automatic RS-485 data flow control
- **RS-232 Speed:** 50 bps ~ 115.2 kbps
- **RS-422/485 Speed:** 50 bps ~ 921.6 kbps
- **LAN:** Two 10/100Base-T RJ-45 ports
- **USB Interface:** Four USB ports, USB UHCI, Rev. 2.0 compliant
- **CompactFlash Slots:** One internal and one external
- **LEDs:** Power, Power input 1 & 2, Power fault, IDE and Diagnosis
4 COM ports Tx /Rx, Alarm for battery backup
- **Four PCI-bus Slots support:** 12 V @ 5 A
-12 V @ 0.8 A
5 V @ 8 A
3.3 V @ 6 A
- **One PC Card-bus Slot:** CardBus (Card-32) Card and 16-bit (PCMCIA 2.1/JEIDA4.2) Card
+5V, +3.3V & 12V@120mA working power

- **4-ch Isolated Digital Input (DI0~DI3)**

- 2,000 VDC isolation
- 2,000 VDC ESD protection
- 70 VDC over-voltage protection
- -50~50 VDC input range and 10 kHz speed
- Input Voltage Range:

Logic 0: -3 ~ 3 VDC

Logic 1: -50 ~ -10 VDC, 10 ~ 50 VDC

- Input Current:
 - 10 VDC: 1.7 mA (typical)
 - 12 VDC: 2.1 mA (typical)
 - 24 VDC: 4.4 mA (typical)
 - 48 VDC: 9.0 mA (typical)
 - 50 VDC: 9.4 mA (typical)
- Interrupt handling capability

- **4-ch Isolated Digital Output (DO0~DO3)**

- 2,000 VDC isolation and 200 mA max / channel sink current
- 2 options after hot reset: Reset all digital output or keep last status
- 5 ~ 40 VDC output range and 10 kHz speed

- **Two 16-bit Counters/Timers:**

- Counter source: DI1 & DI3, Pulse output: DO2 & DO3
- Can be cascaded as one 32-bit counter/timer
- Down counting, preset counting value
- Interrupt handling, speed: 40 kHz
- Internal timer time base: 100 kHz, 10 kHz, 1 kHz, 100 Hz

- **HDD:** HDD extension kit for installation of one standard 2.5" (optional)

SATA HDD support only available for UNO-3074-P32BE

- **Anti-Shock:**

20 G @ Wall mounting, IEC 68 section 2-27, half sine, 11 ms w/HDD

50 G @ Wall mounting, IEC 68 section 2-27, half sine, 11 ms w/CF

- **Anti-Vibration:**

2 Grms w/CF@IEC 68 sec. 2-64, random, 5~500Hz, 1 Oct./min, 1hr axis
1 Grms w/HDD@IEC 68 sec. 2-64, random, 5~500Hz, 1 Oct./min, 1hr axis

- **Power Supply:** 16 ~ 36 VDC

- **Operating Temperature:** -10 ~ 55° C (14 ~ 131° F)

- **Relative Humidity:** 0~95% @ 40° C (non-condensing)

- **Power Consumption:** 24 W (Typical)

- **Power Requirement:** Min 96 W, (16~36 VDC) (e.g. +24 V @ 4A)

- **Chassis Size (WxHxD):** 180 x 177 x 237 mm (7.1" x 7.0" x 9.3")

- **Mounting:** Wall/Panel/Stand mounting

- **Weight:** 5.0 kg

- **Software OS:** Windows XP Embedded/CE 5.0/2000/XP, Linux

1.3 Safety Precautions

The following messages inform how to make each connection. In most cases, you will simply need to connect a standard cable.

Note: Always disconnect the power cord from your chassis whenever you are working on it. Do not connect while the power is on. A sudden rush of power can damage sensitive electronic components. Only experienced electronics personnel should open the chassis.

Note: Always ground yourself to remove any static electric charge before touching UNO-3074. Modern electronic devices are very sensitive to static electric charges. Use a grounding wrist strap at all times. Place all electronic components on a static-dissipative surface or in a static-shielded bag.

Note: If DC voltage is supplied by an external circuit, please put a protection device in the power supply input port.

1.5 Packing List

The accessory package of UNO-3074 contains the following items:

- (A) Power cable
- (B) Keyboard/ Mouse PS/2 cable
- (C) Warranty card
- (D) Driver and Utility CD-ROM
- (E) 4 x anti-vibration rubber
- (F) PCI expansion to hold 2nd anti-vibration rubber
- (G) Mini Jumper
- (H) Paper menu
- (I) Power connector
- (J) IDE cable for 2.5" HDD
- (K) IDE to SATA converter board (Only for UNO-3074-P32BE)



Figure 1.2: Accessories

Hardware Functionality

This chapter shows how to setup the UNO-3074 hardware functions, including connecting peripherals, and setting switches and indicators.

Sections include:

- Introduction
- RS-232 Interface
- RS-232/422/485 Interface
- LAN / Ethernet Connector
- DI/O and Counter
- Power Connector
- LED and Buzzer
- PS/2 Mouse and Keyboard Connector
- USB Connector
- PCMCIA: PC Card Slot
- VGA Display Connector
- Battery Backup SRAM
- Reset Button

Chapter 2 Hardware Functionality

2.1 Introduction

The two figures below show the connectors on UNO-3074, and following sections give you detailed information about function of each peripheral.

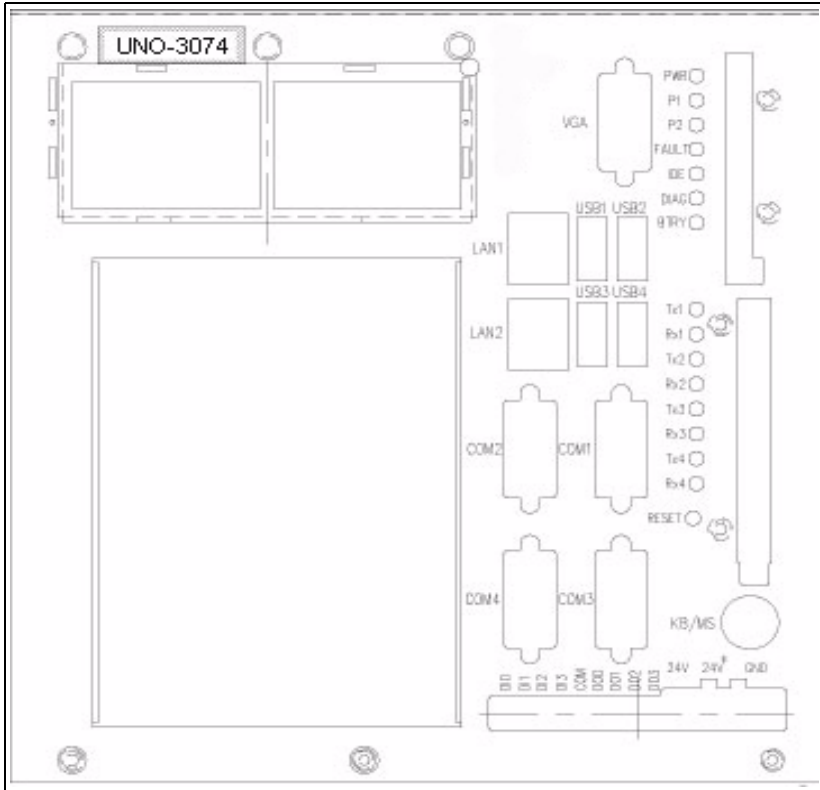


Figure 2.1: Front Panel of UNO-3074

2.2 RS-232 Interface (COM1~COM2)

The UNO-3074 offers two industrial standard RS-232 serial communication interface ports: COM1 and COM2. Please refer to Appendix A.4 for their pin assignments.

The IRQ and I/O address range of COM1 and COM2 are listed below:

COM1: 3F8_H, IRQ4 COM2: 2F8_H, IRQ3

2.3 RS-232/422/485 Interface (COM3~COM4)

The UNO-3074 offers two industrial RS-232/422/485 serial communication interface ports: COM3 and COM4. Please refer to Appendix A.5 for their pin assignments. The default setting of COM3 and COM4 are RS-422/485. (Please refer to section 2.3.4 for how to determine RS-232 or RS-422/485)

2.3.1 16C550 UARTs with 16-byte FIFO Standard

Advantech UNO-3074 comes with 16C550 UARTs containing 16 bytes FIFOs.

2.3.2 RS-422/485 Detection

In RS-422/485 mode, UNO-3074 automatically detects signals to match RS-422 or RS-485 networks. (Refer to section 2.3.5)

2.3.3 Automatic Data Flow Control Function for RS-485

In RS-485 mode, UNO-3074 automatically detects the direction of incoming data and switches its transmission direction accordingly. So no handshaking signal (e.g. RTS signal) is necessary. This lets you easily build an RS-485 network with Data+, Data- and Ground. More importantly, application software previously written for full-duplex RS-232 environments can be maintained without modification.

2.3.4 RS-232/422/485 Selection

COM3 and COM4 support 9-wire RS-232, RS-422 and RS-485 interfaces. The system detects RS-422 or RS-485 signals automatically in RS-422/485 mode.

To select between RS-422/485 and RS-232 for COM3, adjust JP4. To select between RS-422/485 and RS-232 for COM4, adjust JP5.

You can refer to figures below to set the JP4 and JP5.

Note: Please refer to Appendix A.2 Figure A.3 for location of JP4 and JP5 location

Jumper setting for RS-422/485 interface: (Default setting).

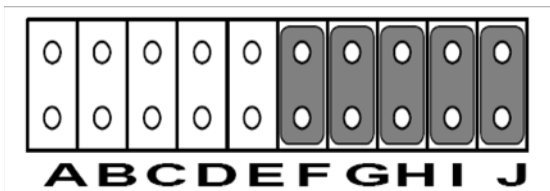


Figure 2.2: RS-422/485 Jumper Setting

Jumper setting for RS-232 interface:

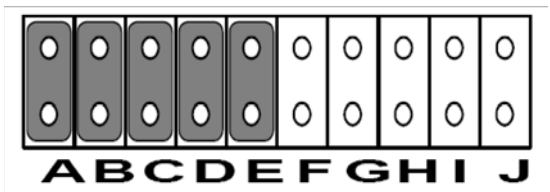
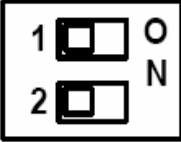
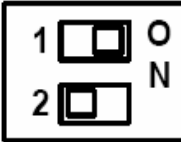
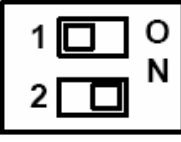
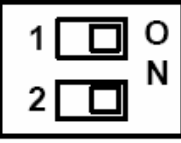


Figure 2.3: RS-232 Jumper Setting

2.3.5 RS-485 Auto Flow/RS-422 Master/Slave Selection

You can set the “Auto Flow Control” mode of RS-485 or “Master/Slave” mode of RS-422 by using the SW2 DIP switch for each RS-422/485 port. (Refer to Figure A.3 for location of SW2).

In RS-485, if the switch is set to “Auto”, the driver automatically senses the direction of the data flow and switches the direction of transmission. Then no handshaking is necessary. In RS-422, if DIP switch is set to “On”, the driver is always enabled, and always in high or low status.

Table 2.1: Auto Flow & RS-422 Slave/Masters		
SW2 DIP Switch Setting	COM Port	Mode Selections
	COM3	RS-422: Slave mode
		RS-485: Auto flow control
	COM4	RS-422: Slave mode
		RS-485: Auto flow control
	COM3	RS-422: Master mode
		RS-485: N/A
	COM4	RS-422: Slave mode
		RS-485: Auto flow control
	COM3	RS-422: Slave mode
		RS-485: Auto flow control
	COM4	RS-422: Master mode
		RS-485: N/A
	COM3	RS-422: Master mode
		RS-485: N/A
	COM4	RS-422: Master mode
		RS-485: N/A

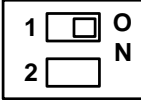
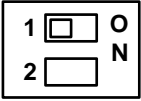
2.3.6 IRQ, I/O Address and Transmission Rate Setting

The IRQ and I/O address range of COM3 and COM4 are listed below:

- **COM3:** 3E8H, IRQ10 (Independent IRQ), IRQ10 (Share IRQ)
- **COM4:** 2E8H, IRQ5 (Independent IRQ), IRQ10 (Share IRQ)
- **Vector address for share IRQ:** 1D0H

You can set “Share IRQ” or “Independent IRQ” by the first switch of SW3 (Refer to Table 2.2 below).

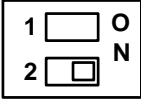
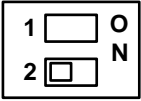
Table 2.2: IRQ Setting via Switch 1 at SW3

Switch 1 at SW3 setting	Function
	Share IRQ (default)
	Independent IRQ

Note: Please Refer to Figure A.3 for location of SW3

Note: After changing the jumper, please also adjust the IRQ through the device manager software for the new settings to work properly. (Refer to UNO Serial Port Installation Guide in the CD, steps 7 ~ 10)

Table 2.3: Transmission Rate (Switch 2 at SW3)

Switch 2 at SW3 setting	Function
	Speed x 8*
	Speed x 1 (default)

You can adjust the transmission rate by the second switch of SW3.

* To increase the normal baud rates by eight times, (e.g. if we set the baud rate as 115.2K bps in software, then the actual hardware baud rate will be increased to 921.6K bps), set switch 2 of SW3 to “on”.

Note: Only COM3 and COM4 can adjust the transmission rate.

2.3.7 Termination Resistor (JP6)

The onboard termination resistor (120 ohm) for COM3/COM4 can be used for long distance transmission or device matching (Default Open).

		RS-422	RS-485
COM3	Close A	TX3-TR	Data+, Data-
	Close B	RX3-TR	
COM4	Close C	TX4-TR	Data+, Data-
	Close D	TX4-TR	

Close: Enable termination resistor.

Note: Please refer to Figure A.3 for location of JP6

2.4 LAN: Ethernet Connector

The UNO-3074 is equipped with a Realtek RTL8139C Ethernet LAN controller that is fully compliant with IEEE 802.3u 10/100Base-T CSMA/CD standards. The Ethernet port provides a standard RJ-45 jack on board, and LED indicators on the front side to show its Link (Green LED) and Active (Yellow LED) status.

2.5 Onboard Isolated Digital Input

The UNO-3074 has 4 isolated DI channels designated DI0~DI3.

2.5.1 Pin Assignments

The connector type of UNO-3074 is plug-in screw terminal block that enables you to connect to field I/O devices directly without additional accessories. Figure 2.4 and Table 2.4 shows its pin assignment as well as signal description.

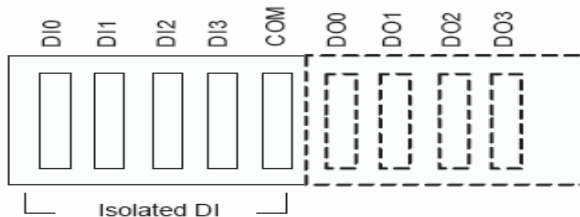


Figure 2.4: Digital Input Connector Pin Assignments

Table 2.4: Digital Input Connector Signal Description			
Signal Name	Reference	Direction	Description
DI<0...3>	COM	Input	Isolated DI signals
COM	-	-	DI, DO isolated ground

2.5.2 Isolated Inputs

Each of isolated digital input channels accepts 0 ~ 50 VDC voltage inputs, and accepts bi-directional input. The voltage range is -3 ~ 3 VDC for logic 0 (low), -50 ~ -10 VDC and 10 ~ 50 VDC for logic 1 (high). It means that you can apply positive or negative voltage to an isolated input pin (V_{in}). All channels share one common pin (COM). Figure 2.5 shows how to connect an external input source to one of the UNO-3074 isolated input channels.

Please note that DI0 and DI2 may be configured as gate control pins of Counter 0 and Counter 1; While DI1 and DI3 may be configured as input pins of Counter 0 and Counter 1. Please refer to section 2.7 for details

Note: Refer to Appendix A.3 Table A.6 for command of DI

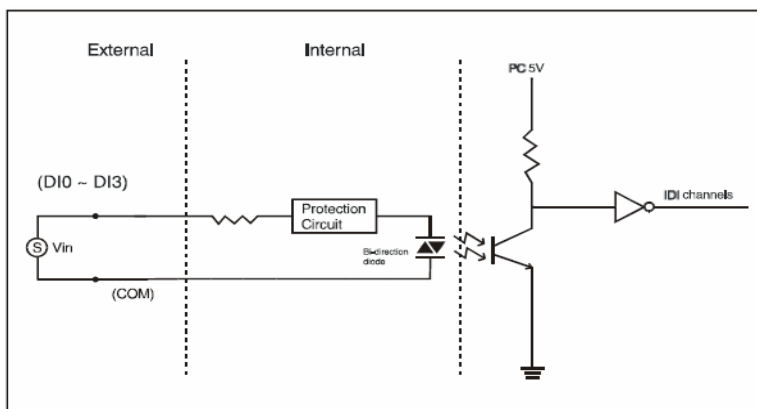


Figure 2.5: Isolated Digital Input Connection

2.5.3 Interrupt Function of the DI Signals

DI0 and DI1 can be used to generate hardware interrupts. Users can setup the configuration of them by programming the interrupt control register.

The channels are connected to the interrupt circuitry. Users can disable/enable interrupt function, select trigger type or latch the port data by setting the Interrupt Control Register of the UNO-3074 (refer to section 2.5.5 below). When the interrupt request signals occur, then the software will service these interrupt requests by ISR (Interrupt Service Routine). The multiple interrupt sources provide the card with more capability and flexibility.

2.5.4 IRQ Level

The IRQ level is by default set by the system BIOS. IRQ 7 is reserved for DI interrupt and counter interrupt.

2.5.5 Interrupt Control Register

Table 2.5: Interrupt Control Register Bit Map

Base Address		7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
202H	R/W	Interrupt Enable Control/Status Register							
								DI1EN	DI0EN
203H	R/W	Interrupt Triggering Edge Control/Status Register							
								DI1TE	DI0TE
207H	R/W	Interrupt Flag/Clear Register							
								DI1F	DI0F

The Interrupt Control Register controls the function and status of each interrupt signal source. Table 2.5 shows the bit map of the Interrupt Control Register. The register is readable/writeable register. While being written, it is used as a control register; and while being read, it is used as a status register.

DI0EN & DI1EN: DI0 & DI1 Interrupt disable/enable control bit

DI0TE & DI1TE: DI0 & DI1 Interrupt triggering edge control bit

DI0F & DI1F: DI0 & DI1 interrupt flag bit

2.5.6 Interrupt Enable Control Function

Table 2.6: Interrupt Disable/Enable Control

DI0EN & DI1EN	Interrupt Disable/Enable Control
0	Disable
1	Enable

The user can choose to enable or disable the interrupt function by writing its corresponding value to the interrupt disable/enable control bit in the interrupt control register, as shown in Table 2.6.

2.5.7 Interrupt Triggering Edge Control

The interrupt can be triggered by a rising edge or a falling edge of the interrupt signal, as determined by the value in the interrupt triggering edge control bit in the interrupt control register, as shown in Table 2.7.

Table 2.7: Interrupt Triggering Edge Control

DI0TE & DI1TE	Triggering edge of interrupt signal
0	Falling edge trigger
1	Rising edge trigger

2.5.8 Interrupt Flag Bit

The interrupt flag bit is a flag indicating the status of an interrupt. It is a readable/writable bit. To find the status of the interrupt, you have to read the bit value. To clear the interrupt, you have to write “1” to this bit. This bit must first be cleared to service the next coming interrupt.

Table 2.8: Interrupt Flag Bit Values

DI0F & DI1F		Interrupt Status
Read	0	No interrupt
	1	Interrupt occur
Write	0	Don't care
	1	Clear interrupt

Note: UNO-3074 provides built-in examples to show how to deliver digital input functionality. Refer to console mode examples in

C:\Program Files\Advantech\UNO\UNO_IsaDIO\Examples\Console.

(Please install DI/O driver from the UNO CD to use these examples)

2.6 Onboard Isolated Digital Output

The UNO-3074 has 4 isolated DO channels designated DO0 ~ DO3.

2.6.1 Pin Assignments

The connector type of UNO-3074 is plug-in screw terminal block that enables you to connect to field I/O devices directly without additional accessories. Figure 2.6 and Table 2.9 show its pin assignment as well as signal description.

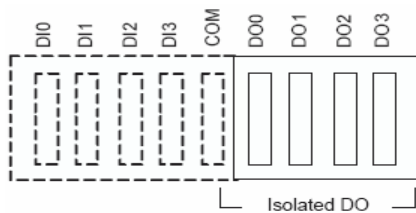


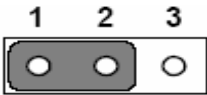
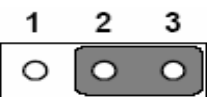
Figure 2.6: Digital Output Connector Pin Assignments

Table 2.9: Digital Output Connector Signals			
Signal Name	Reference	Direction	Description
DO<0...3>	COM	Output	Isolated DO signals
COM	-	-	DI, DO isolated ground

2.6.2 Power On Configuration

Default configuration after power on or hardware reset is to set all the isolated digital output channels to open status (the current of the load can't be sink) so that users need not worry about damaging external devices during system startup or reset. When the system is hot reset, then the status of isolated digital output channels are selected by jumper JP7. Table 2.10 shows the configuration of jumper JP7.

Note: Please refer to Figure A.3 for location of JP7

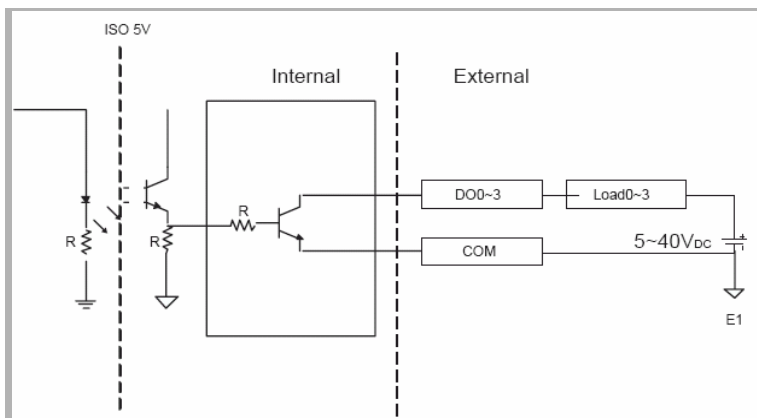
Table 2.10: Digital Output Power On Configuration	
JP7	Power on configuration after hot reset
 <p>Diagram showing a 3-pin jumper JP7. Pins 1 and 2 are connected by a dark grey jumper, and pin 3 is open.</p>	Reset all digital output (default configuration)
 <p>Diagram showing a 3-pin jumper JP7. Pin 1 is open, and pins 2 and 3 are connected by a dark grey jumper.</p>	Keep last status after hot reset

2.6.3 Isolated Outputs

Each of isolated output channels comes equipped with a Darlington transistor. All output channels share common emitters.

Please note that if an external voltage (5 ~ 40 VDC) is applied to an isolated output channel while it is being used as an output channel, the current will flow from the external voltage source to the UNO-3074. Please take care that the current through each DO pin not exceed 200 mA. Figure 2.7 below shows how to connect an external output load to the UNO-3074 isolated outputs.

Please note that DO2 and DO3 may be configured as output pins of Counter 0 and Counter 1 (please refer to section 2.7 for more details)



Please add a diode when you use inductance load.

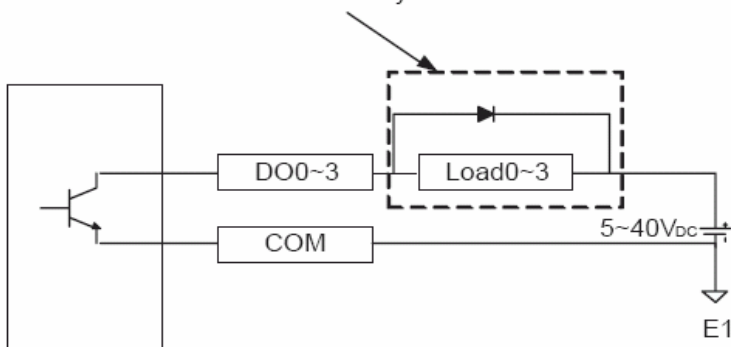


Figure 2.7: Isolated Digital Output Connection

Note: Please refer to Appendix A.3 Table A.6 for command of DO

Note: UNO-3074 provides built-in examples to show how to deliver digital output functionality. Refer to console mode examples in C:\Program Files\Advantech\UNO\UNO_IsaDIO\Examples\Console. (Please install DI/O driver from the UNO CD to use these examples)

2.7 Onboard Isolated Counter/Timer

The UNO-3074 uses one 82C54 programmable timer/counter chip that includes three independent 16-bit down counters: counter 0, counter 1 and counter 2. Counter 0 and counter 1 are for users, and counter 2 is specified for the system and can't be used by user. Each counter has clock input, gate input and pulse output. They can be programmed to count from 2 up to 65535 or cascaded into one 32-bit counter.

The UNO-3074 has two isolated counter input channels designated DI1 and DI3 with two isolated output channels designated DO2 and DO3. Therefore, you can set each counter of 82C54 as counter function or timer function.

2.7.1 Counter/Timer Control Register

The Counter/Timer Control Register controls the function and status of each counter/timer signal source. Table 2.11 shows the bit map of the Counter/Timer Control Register. The register is readable/writable register. While being written, it is used as a control register; and while being read, it is used as a status register.

Table 2.11: Counter/Timer Control Register Bit Map

Base Address		7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
207H	R/W	Interrupt Flag/Clear Register							
						CTR1F	CTR0F		
208H	R/W	82C54 Chip Counter0 Register							
209H	R/W	82C54 Chip Counter1 Register							
20BH	R/W	82C54 Chip Control Register							
20CH	R/W	Counter0 Start Control / Output Status Register							
					CTR0 Out				CTR0 Gate
20DH	R/W	Counter1 Start Control / Output Status Register							
					CTR1 Out				CTR1 Gate
20EH	R/W	Counter0 Setting Register							
						CTR0 IntSet	CTR0 OutSet	CTR0 GateSet	CTR0 CLKSet
20FH	R/W	Counter1 Setting Register							
			CTR3 2Set	S1	S0	CTR1 IntSet	CTR1 OutSet	CTR1 GateSet	CTR1 CLKSet

CTR0F/CTR1F: (Counter 0/1) interrupt flag bit

CTR0Gate/CTR1Gate: (Counter 0/1) gate control bit

CTR0Out /CTR1Out: (Counter 0/1) output status bit

CTR0CLKSet /CTR1CLKSet: (Counter 0/1) clock source control bit

CTR0GateSet/CTR1GateSet: (Counter 0/1) gate source control bit

CTR0OutSet/CTR1OutSet: (Counter 0/1) output destination control bit

CTR0IntSet/CTR1IntSet: (Counter 0/1) interrupt control bit

S0/S1: (Counter 0/1) internal clock control bit

CTR32Set: Cascaded 32-bit counter control bit

2.7.2 Counter 0 Function Block

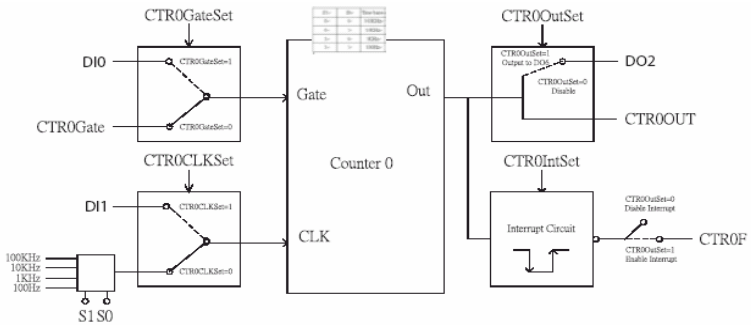


Figure 2.8: Counter 0 Function Block

2.7.3 Counter 1 Function Block

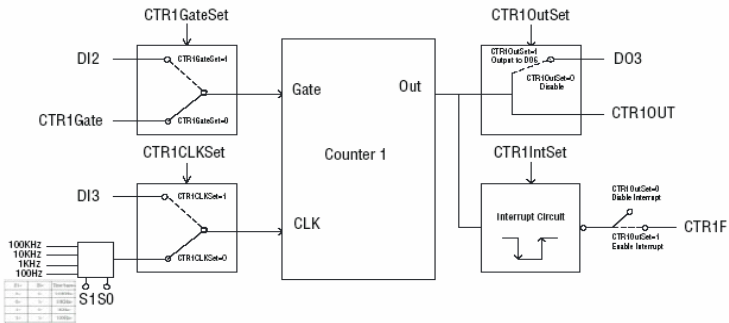


Figure 2.9: Counter 1 Function Block

2.7.4 32-bit Counter Function Block (CTR32Set=1)

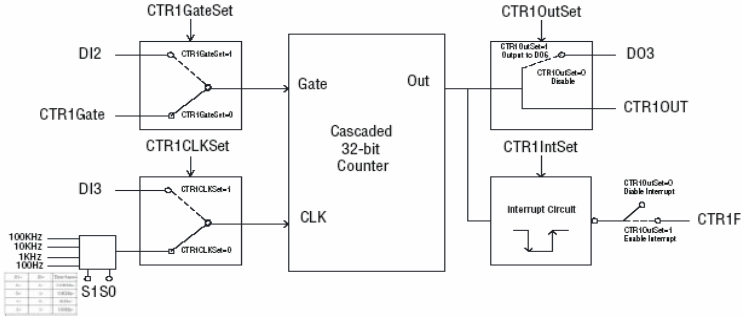


Figure 2.10: 32-bit Counter Function Block

2.7.5 Counter Clock Source

There are two clock sources available for the user counters by setting counter clock control bits - CTR0CLKSet and CTR1CLKSet.

Table 2.12: Counter Clock Source Control Bit

CTR0CLKSet	0	Internal clock (default)
	1	External clock from digital input 1 (DI1) channel
CTR1CLKSet	0	Internal clock (default)
	1	External clock from digital input 3 (DI3) channel

2.7.6 Counter Internal Clock

There are four frequency options to choose according to applications, and it's set by internal clock control bits - S0 and S1.

Table 2.13: Counter Internal Clock Control Bit

S1	S0	Time base
0	0	100 KHz (default)
0	1	10 KHz
1	0	1 KHz
1	1	100 Hz

2.7.7 Counter Gate Source

The gate sources you select determine what kind of gate input signal to enable your counter/timer when receiving clock input. There are two gate sources available for the user counters by setting gate source control bits - CTR0GateSet and CTR1GateSet.

Table 2.14: Counter Gate Source Control Bit

CTR0GateSet	0	Gate source from “CTR0Gate” control bit (Default)
	1	Gate source from digital input 0 (DI0) channel
CTR1GateSet	0	Gate source from “CTR1Gate” control bit (Default)
	1	Gate source from digital input 2 (DI2) channel

2.7.8 Counter Output Destination

You can choose the output destination of counter 0 and counter 1 by setting “Output Destination control bits”- CTR0OutSet and CTR1OutSet.

Table 2.15: Counter Output Destination Control Bit

CTR0OutSet	0	Output destination to “CTR0Out” status bit (Default)
	1	Output destination to “CTR0Out” status bit and digital output 2 (DO2) channel
CTR1OutSet	0	Output destination to “CTR1Out” status bit. (Default)
	1	Output destination to “CTR1Out” status bit and digital output 3 (DO3) channel

2.7.9 Counter Interrupt Flag

The interrupt flag bit is a flag indicating the status of an interrupt. It is a readable/writable bit. To find the status of the interrupt, you have to read the bit value; to clear the interrupt, you have to write “1” to this bit. This bit must first be cleared to service the next coming interrupt. Besides, you can choose if counter 0 or counter 1 generate interrupt signal by configuring “CTR0IntSet” and “CTR1IntSet” control bit.

Table 2.16: Counter Interrupt Flag Control Bit

CTR0F, CTR1F		Counter Interrupt Status
Read	0	No interrupt
	1	Interrupt occur
Write	0	Don't care
	1	Clear interrupt
CTR0IntSet, CTR1IntSet		Counter Interrupt Control
0		Disable (Default)
1		Enable

2.7.10 Cascaded 32-bit Counter

You can also cascade counter 0 and counter 1 together as one 32-bit counter/timer, and it's configured by control bit - CTR32Set.

Table 2.17: 32-bit Counter Control Bit

0	Disable (Default)
1	Cascade counter 0 and counter 1 into one 32-bit counter

Note: UNO-3074 provides built-in examples to show how to deliver counter functionality. Refer to console mode examples in C:\Program Files\Advantech\UNO\UNO_IsaDIO\Examples\Console. (Please install DI/O driver from the UNO CD to use these examples)

2.8 Power Input

UNO-3074 comes with a Phoenix connector that carries 16~36 VDC external power input, and features reversed wiring protection. Therefore, it will not cause any damage to the system by reversed wiring of ground line and power line. (Please refer to Figure 2.11 for location of power input)

The UNO-3074 supports two individual power inputs (P1/P2). (Please refer to Appendix A.7 for wiring of P1 and P2)



Figure 2.11: Location of Power P1 and P2

You can see the LED indicators to monitor power input situation. (Please refer to Figure 2.12 for location of LED). If the voltage of power input $P1 > 15\text{ VDC}$, the P1 LED indicator will be enable (means the first power input is used). It is the same for P2 LED indicator (to show if the voltage of power input $P2 > 15\text{ VDC}$). When any voltage of P1 and P2 $< 15\text{ VDC}$, the Fault LED will be enable. It means that you don't use redundancy power input. When you have two power inputs, the system will use the power inputs with higher voltage.

Note: UNO-3074 provides built-in examples to show how to monitor power input status. Refer to console mode examples in

C:\Program Files\Advantech\UNO\UNO_IsaDIO\Examples\Console.

(Please install DI/O driver from the UNO CD to use these examples)



Figure 2.12: LED Locations to Monitor Power Input

Table 2.18: Power Register Bit Map

218H	R	Power Register							
							PWR	P2	P1

- PWR =0, Power fail
=1, Power normal
- P1 (24V) =0, Power input 1 fail
=1, Power input 1 normal
- P2 (24V*) =0, Power input 2 fail
=1, Power input 2 normal

2.9 LED and Buzzer for System Diagnosis

In a “headless application” (an application without a monitor display), it is always difficult to know the system status. Another PC may be needed to monitor a headless device's status via RS-232 or Ethernet. In order to solve this problem, UNO-3074 offers a programmable LED indicator (Figure 2.13) and buzzer. They can be programmed to show a systems status by LED indicator flickering and buzzer alarm.



Figure 2.13: LED Location for System Diagnosis

Table 2.19: LED & Buzzer Control Register

210H	R/W	DIAG LED Register							
							LEDS1	LEDS0	LEDEn
211H	R/W	Buzzer Register							
							SPKS1	SPKS0	SPKEn

LEDEn: =0, DIAG LED disable
=1, DIAG LED enable

LEDS0 and LEDS1: LED flickering speed setting bit (refer to Table 2.20)

SPKEn: =0, Speaker disable
=1, Speaker enable

SPKS0 & SPKS1: Buzzer alarming setting bit (refer to Table 2.21)

*Note: UNO-3074 provides built-in examples to show how to configure DIAG LED and Buzzer. Refer to console mode examples in C:\Program Files\Advantech\UNO\UNO_IsaDIO\Examples\Console.
(Please install DI/O driver from the UNO CD to use these examples)*

Table 2.20: Programmable LED Control Bit

	LEDS1	LEDS0
Light on	0	0
Fast flicker	0	1
Normal flicker	1	0
Short flicker	1	1

Table 2.21: Programmable Buzzer Control Bit

	SPKS1	SPKS0
Beep on	0	0
Short beep	0	1
Normal beep	1	0
Long beep	1	1

PS/2 Keyboard and Mouse Connector

The UNO-3074 provides a PS/2 keyboard and PS/2 mouse connector. A 6-pin mini-DIN connector is located on the front panel of the UNO-3074. UNO-3074 comes with an adapter in the accessory package (see section 1.5) to convert from the 6-pin mini-DIN connector to two 6-pin mini-DIN connectors for PS/2 keyboard and PS/2 mouse connection. Please refer to Appendix A.8 for its pin assignments.

2.10 USB Connector

The USB connector is used for connecting any device that conforms to the USB interface. Many recent digital devices conform to this standard. The USB interface supports Plug and Play, which enables you to connect or disconnect a device whenever you want, without turning off the computer.

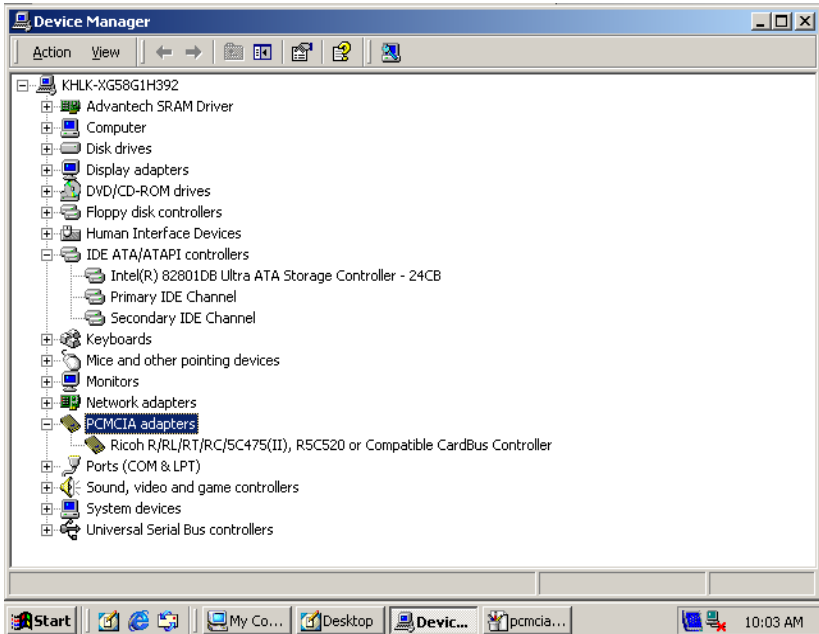
The UNO-3074 provides four connectors of USB interfaces. The USB interface complies with USB UHCI, Rev. 2.0 compliant. The USB interface can be disabled in the system BIOS setup. Please refer to Appendix A.9 for its pin assignments.

2.11 PCMCIA: PC Card Slot

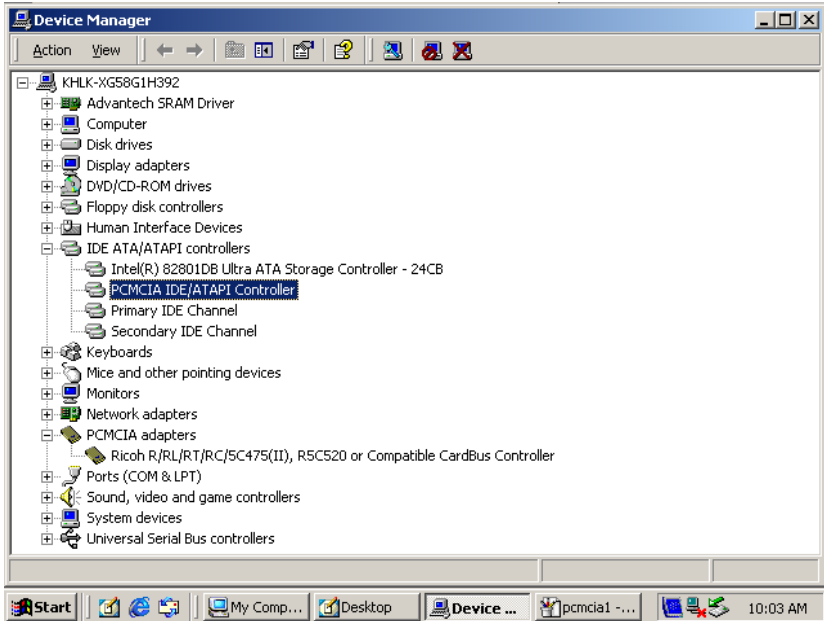
The UNO-3074 provides one PC Card slot that supports CardBus (Card-32) cards and 16-bit (PCMCIA 2.1/JEIDA 4.2) card standards. It supports +3.3 V, +5 V and +12 V @ 120 mA working voltage. The PC Card is 85.6 mm long by 54 mm wide (3.37" x 2.126"), using a 68-pin connector and a removable module standardized by PCMCIA that is known as "PCMCIA card"

Note: PCMCIA interrupt assignment is IRQ 9. If you use Win2000 OS you need to check the IRQ manually.

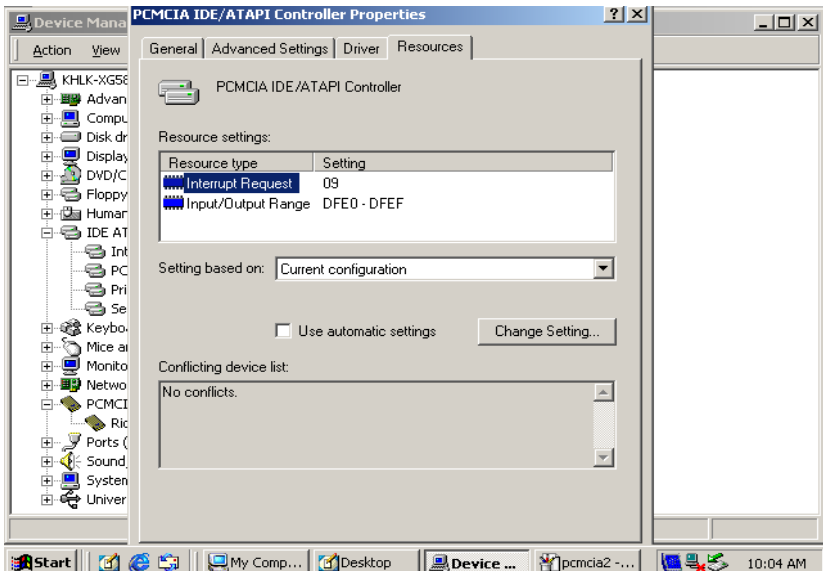
Note: Please don't change the IRQ of PCMCIA adapters. This is PCMCIA controller. (As shown by figure below) We need to configure the IRQ of the PCMCIA device, instead of PCMCIA controller.



For example, if you insert one PCMCIA IDE card, this card will appear in the IDE ATA/ATAPI controllers (as the figure below). So please pay attention that the PCMCIA will appear in the difference place of device manager according to the type of PCMCIA. Please double click on the PCMCIA device.



Make sure the IRQ of PCMCIA device is 09.



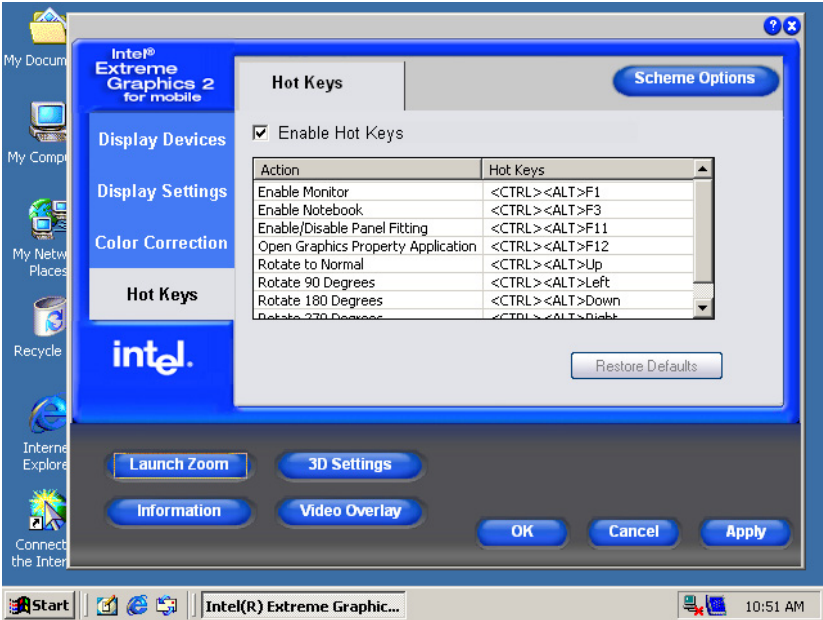
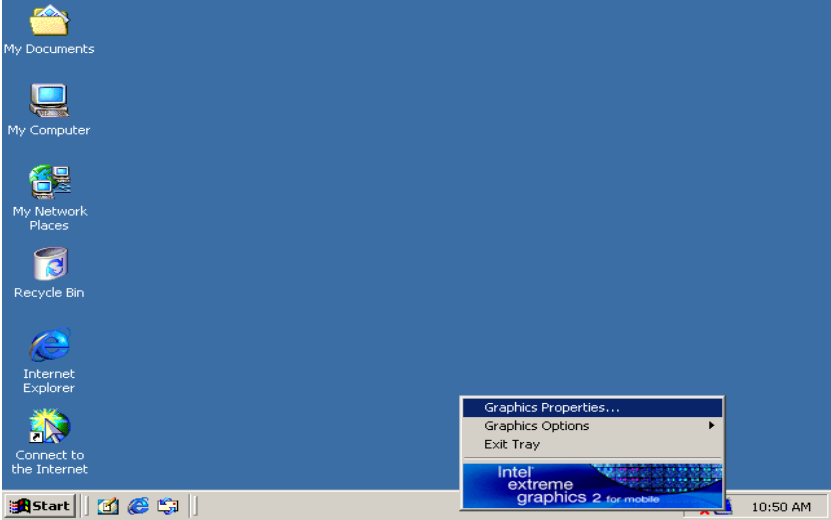
2.12 VGA Display Connector

The UNO-3074 provides a VGA controller (Intel 852/855GME GMCH/ICH4 Chipset 400 MHz PSB) for a high resolution VGA interface. It supports CRT mode: 1280 x 1024 @ 32bpp (60Hz), 1024 x 768 @ 32bpp (85Hz) and supports 8/16/32 MB frame buffer with system memory.

Note: UNO-3074 also support 16:9 flat screen.

*Note: UNO-307x VGA chipsets is similar with commercial laptop VGA chipsets. Sometimes if there is no image on the monitor, it might be that VGA signal doesn't output to the monitor, just like when we connect a monitor to laptop VGA connector, we need to manually switch the VGA output from laptop screen to external monitor. So you could use hot key "**CTRL+ALT+F1**" to output the VGA signal to monitor.*

You can set the hot-key and other configuration for the VGA Graphics (Please refer to the two images below)



2.13 Battery Backup SRAM

UNO-3074 provides 512 KB of battery backup SRAM. This ensures that you have a safe place to store critical data. You can now write software applications without being concerned that system crashes will erase critical data from the memory.

There is a BTRY LED in the front panel of the UNO-3074 (Figure 2.14). Please replace the lithium battery if the BTRY LED is activated.



Figure 2.14: LED Location for Battery Backup

2.13.1 Lithium Battery Specification

Type: BR2032 (Using CR2032 is NOT recommended)

Output voltage: 3 VDC

Location: Mainboard of UNO-3074. (Figure 2.15)

When the voltage of battery < 2.5 VDC, BTRY LED will light up.



Figure 2.15: Lithium Battery for SRAM

2.14 Reset Button

Press the "Reset" button to activate the reset function.

(SW1 of daughterboard)

Note: Please refer to Figure A.5 for location of SW1.

Initial Setup

This chapter introduces how to initialize the UNO-3074.

Sections include:

- Introduction
- Inserting a CompactFlash Card
- Chassis Grounding
- Connecting Power
- Connecting a Hard Disk
- BIOS Setup and System Assignments

Chapter 3 Initial Setup

3.1 Inserting a CompactFlash Card

UNO-3074 provides two CompactFlash slots. One slot (CN4) on the daughterboard is accessible from the front panel, where you can insert your CompactFlash card directly. The other slot (CN3) is inside UNO-3074 on its motherboard. You can set JP1 and JP2 to decide which one is the master.

JP2 on mainboard (refer to Figures A.3)

Closed: CN3 CompactFlash on mainboard is the master

Open: CN3 CompactFlash on mainboard is slave

JP1 on daughterboard (refer to Figure A.4)

Closed: CN4 Compact Flash on daughterboard is master

Open: CN4 Compact Flash on daughterboard is slave

*Note: Only one CompactFlash can be set as master
Internal & external CompactFlash doesn't support Hot Swap
Needs to use "Fixed Disk Mode" CompactFlash to install OS*

Following is the procedure for the installing a CompactFlash card in the internal slot (CN3) of your UNO-3074. Please follow these steps carefully:

1. Remove the power cord.
2. Unscrew the four screws from the top cover of UNO-3074.
3. Remove the top cover.
4. Plug a CompactFlash card with your OS and application program into a CompactFlash card slot on mainboard.
5. Screw back the top cover with four screws.

3.2 Connecting Power

Connect the UNO-3074 to a 16 ~ 36 VDC power source. The power source can either be from a power adapter or an in-house power source.

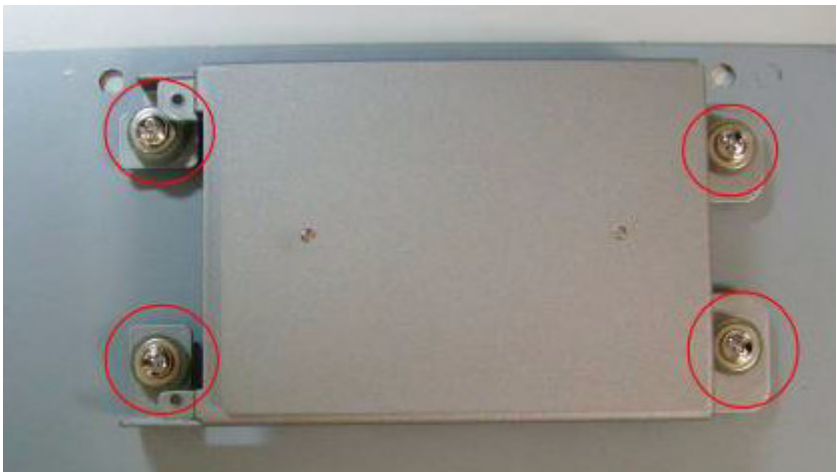
3.3 Installing a Hard Disk

The procedure for installing a hard disk is listed below. Please follow these steps carefully.

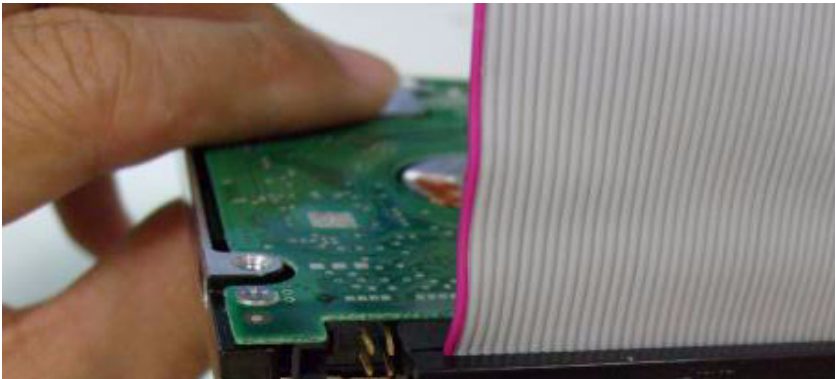
1. Remove the power cord.
2. Unscrew the eight screws from the upper cover (as shown below)



3. Unscrew the HDD bracket from the upper cover.



4. Install the HDD in HDD bracket and secure with the four screws, and then fix the HDD bracket on the upper cover. Please refer to pictures below.
Note: UNO product can support 2.5" IDE & SATA interface HDD, pls check the HDD interface before installation
When connecting IDE cable with 2.5" HDD, pay attention to the direction of IDE cable. (the pink line is the 1st pin of IDE cable).
5. IDE HDD Installation
Make sure the IDE cable pink line is connect with 1st pin of HDD



Install HDD into HDD bracket and fix the screw



Screw HDD bracket to fix on upper cover



Connect IDE cable with IDE connector, please also pay attention of the direction. The correct connection way is shown below, notice the pink line must connect with 1st pin of IDE connector



6. SATA HDD Installation (Only for UNO-3074-P32BE)
Install HDD into HDD bracket and fix with screw

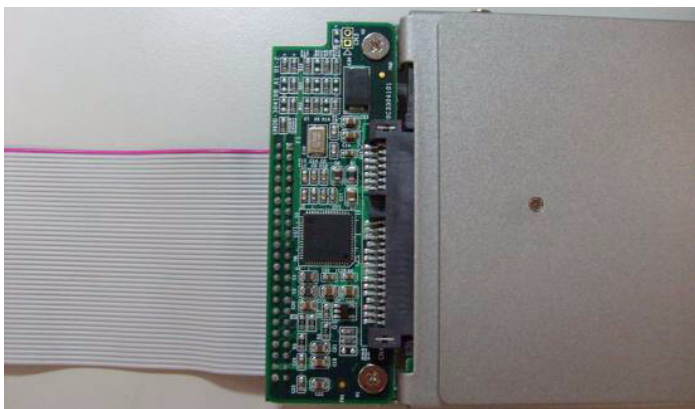


Screw HDD bracket to fix on upper cover

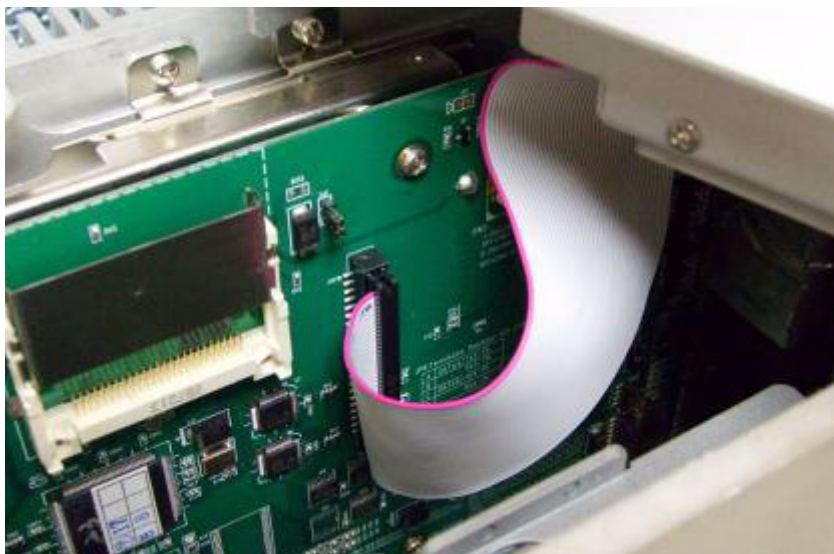


Connect IDE cable with adapter board's IDE connector, please also pay attention of the direction. The correct connection way is shown below, notice the pink line must connect with 1st pin of IDE connector

Screw the adapter board on HDD bracket



7. Connect IDE cable with IDE connector, please also pay attention of the direction. The correct connection way is shown below, notice the pink line must connect with 1st pin of IDE connector



8. Re-fasten the upper cover with the eight screws.



3.4 Installing a PCI-bus Card

The procedure for installing a PCI-bus card into the UNO-3074 is listed below. Please follow these steps carefully.

1. Remove the power cord.
2. Remove the upper cover of UNO-3074.
3. Unscrew the screw of a PCI bracket, and remove it.
4. Plug-in PCI-bus card in a PCI-slot of UNO-3074.
5. Screw the 1st anti-vibration rubber towards the 1st PCI card until it is fixed. (Figure 3.2).

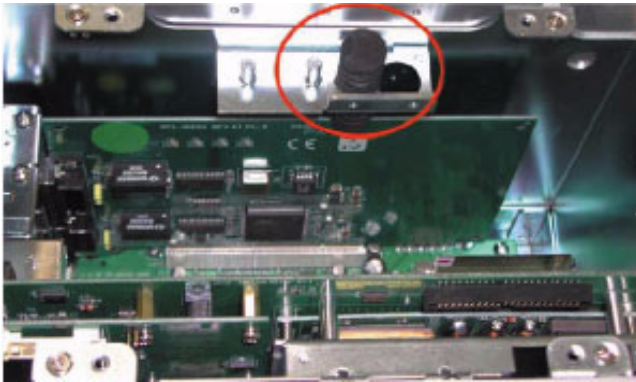


Figure 3.1: 1st Anti-Vibration Rubber

6. Install PCI extension to hold 2nd anti-vibration rubber (Figure 3.3) and screw the 2nd anti-vibration rubber towards the 2nd PCI card until it is fixed.

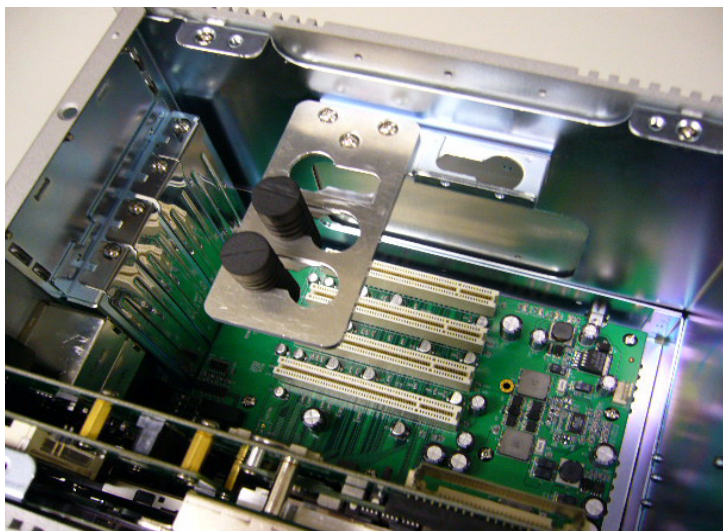


Figure 3.2: 2nd PCI-bus Card Installation

7. Cut off a part of the anti-vibration rubber if it is too long to fit into the box when the PCI card is fixed.



Figure 3.3: Adjust the Anti-Vibration Rubber

8. Screw back the upper cover with the four screws.

3.5 Mounting UNO-3074

There are 3 types of mounting kits for UNO-3000 series:

- Panel mount
- Stand mount
- Wallmount

Pls refer to *UNO-3000 Series Accessories Manual*

Note: Due to thermal performance issues, Wallmount will only support specific models

3.6 Installing Power Cable

UNO-3074 provides an internal backup power source so that it can provide power for a CD-ROM, DVD-ROM or other external devices. You can use the power cable from accessory package (see section 1.5).

Yellow	+12V
Black	GND
Black	GND
Red	+5V

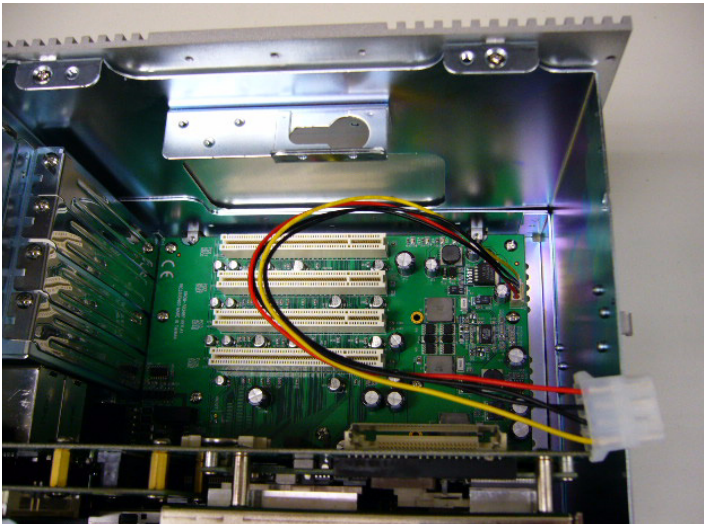


Figure 3.4: *Internal Backup Power Source*

3.7 UNO-3074 Mounting Caution



Figure 3.5: UNO-3074 Improper Installation (1)



Figure 3.6: UNO-3074 Improper Installation (2)



Figure 3.7: UNO-3074 Correct Installation

Note: Because the heat transfer mechanism is designed close to the right side of system, make sure not to attach the right side of the UNO chassis to the wall or ground (shown in Figure 3.10 and 3.11). It may cause the system to hang. Instead, try to allow some space on the right side of UNO chassis. (Figure 3.12).

Note: The UNO-3000 series is fanless and depends on the heat sink to transfer heat. The procedure for installing the heat-sink on the mainboard is complex, so don't try to move the mainboard from the chassis and backplane. (If you uninstall the mainboard and cannot install it correctly back to chassis, the system may not be able transfer heat and will crash)

Note *Please do not sperate the mainboard (illustrated by the red circle below) from the chassis*



3.8 BIOS Setup and System Assignments

UNO-3074 adapts Advantech’s SOM-4486/4481 CPU module. Further information about the SOM-4486/4481CPU module can be found in user manual of SOM-4486/4481. You can find this manual on the driver and utility CD of UNO-3074 in the accessory package.

Please note that you can try to “LOAD BIOS DEFAULTS” from the BIOS Setup manual if the UNO-3074 does not work properly.

APPENDIX

A

System Settings and Pin Assignments

Appendix A System Settings and Pin Assignments

A.1 System I/O Address and Interrupt Assignments

Table A.1: UNO-3074 System I/O Port

Address Range	Device
000-01F	DMA controller (slave)
020-03F	Interrupt controller 1 (master)
040-05F	8254 timer/counter
060-06F	8042 (keyboard controller)
070-07F	Real-time clock, non-maskable interrupt (NMI)
080-09F	DMA page register
0A0-0BF	Interrupt controller 2 (slave)
0C0-0DF	DMA controller (master)
0F0	Clear math co-processor
0F1	Reset math co-processor
0F8-0FF	Math co-processor
1D0	Vector address; for COM port share IRQ
1E0	Reserved
11E	Reserved
1F0-1F8	1st fixed disk
200-218	DI/O and counter
278-27F	Reserved
2E8-2EF	Serial port 4
2F8-2FF	Serial port 2
300-31F	Ethernet
360-36F	LPT2
378-37F	Parallel printer port 1 (LPT1)
380-38F	SDLC, bisynchronous 2
3A0-3AF	Bisynchronous 1
3B0-3BF	Monochrome display
3C0-3CF	Reserved

Table A.1: UNO-3074 System I/O Port

3D0-3DF	Color/graphics monitor adapter
3F0-3F7	Diskette controller
3E8-3EF	Serial port 3
3F8-3FF	Serial port 1
443	Watchdog timer
DC000-DFFFF	Battery backup resource

Table A.2: UNO-3074 Interrupt Assignments

Interrupt No.	Interrupt Source
IRQ 0	Interval timer
IRQ 1	Keyboard
IRQ 2	Interrupt from controller 2 (cascade)
IRQ 3	COM2
IRQ 4	COM1
IRQ 5	COM4 (Independent IRQ)
IRQ 6	Diskette controller (FDC)
IRQ 7	DIO
IRQ 8	Real-time clock
IRQ 9	PCMCIA
IRQ 10	COM3 (Independent IRQ)/COM3&COM4 Share IRQ
IRQ 11	Reserved for watchdog timer
IRQ 12	PS/2 mouse
IRQ 13	INT from co-processor
IRQ 14	Primary IDE
IRQ 15	Secondary IDE

A.2 Board Connectors and Jumpers

There are several connectors and jumpers on the UNO-3074 board. The following sections tell you how to configure the UNO-3074 hardware setting. Figures A.1 to A.5 show the location of the connectors and jumpers.

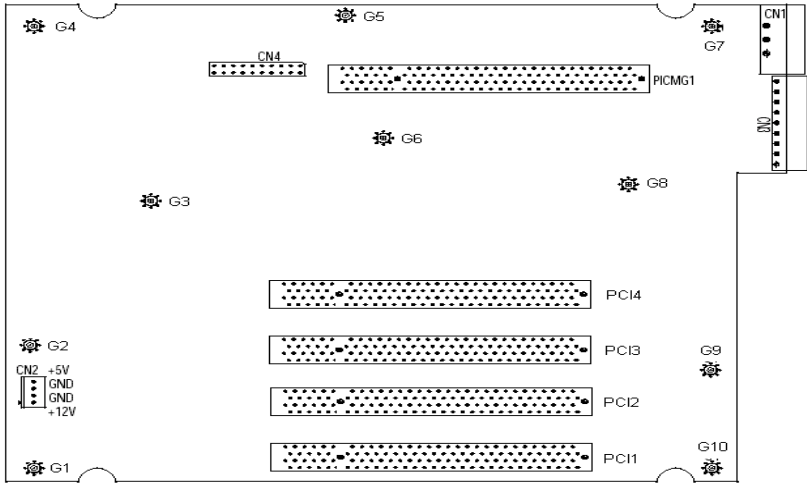


Figure A.1: Backplane Connector & Jumpers

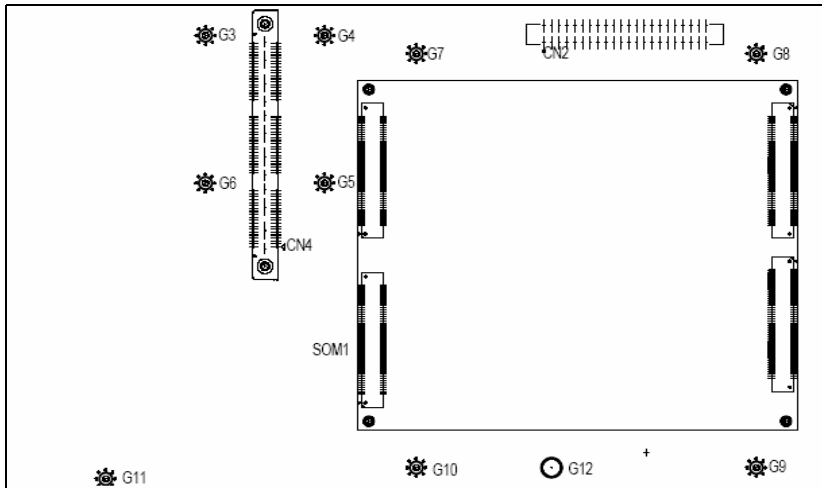


Figure A.2: Mainboard Connector & Jumpers (Back)

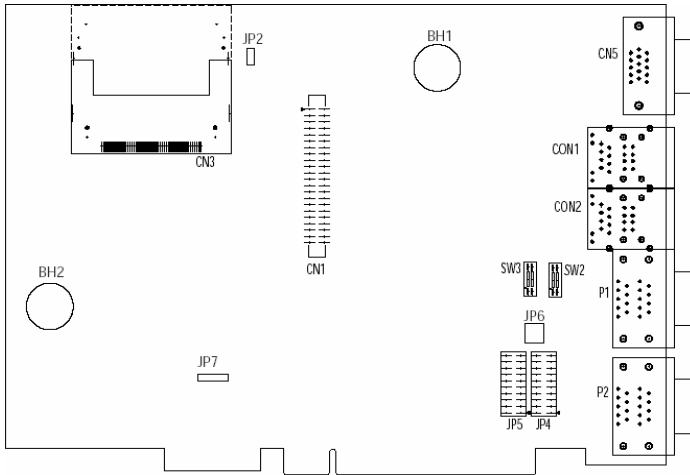


Figure A.3: Mainboard Connector & Jumpers (Front)

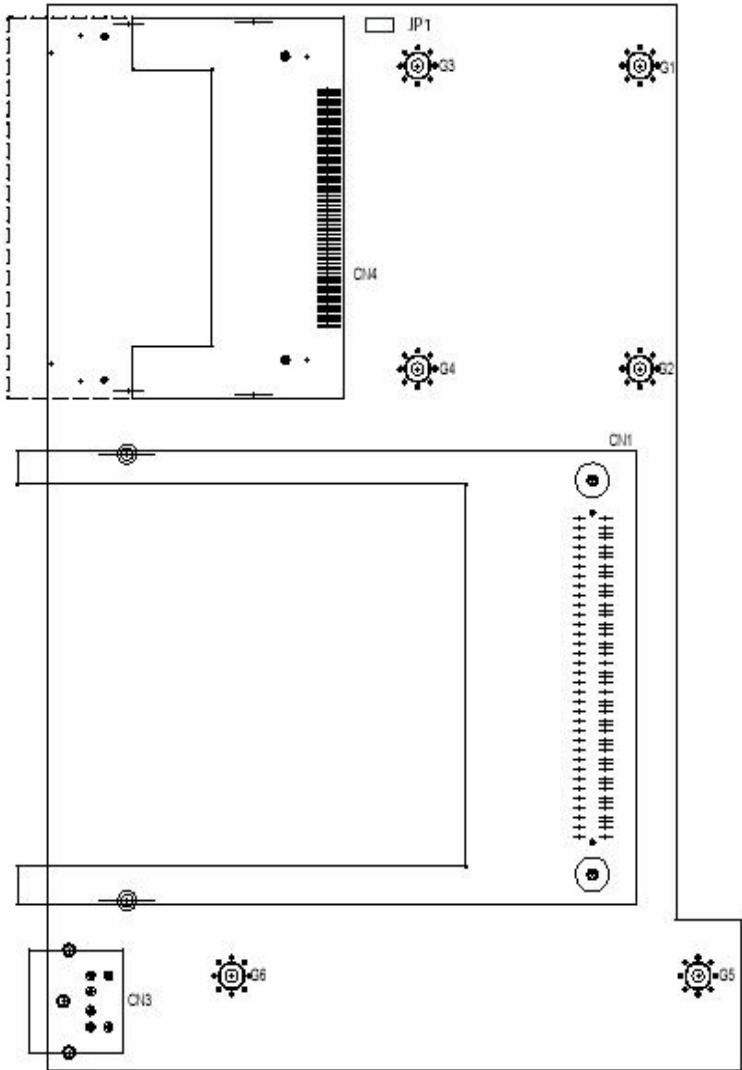


Figure A.4: Daughter Connector & Jumpers (Front)

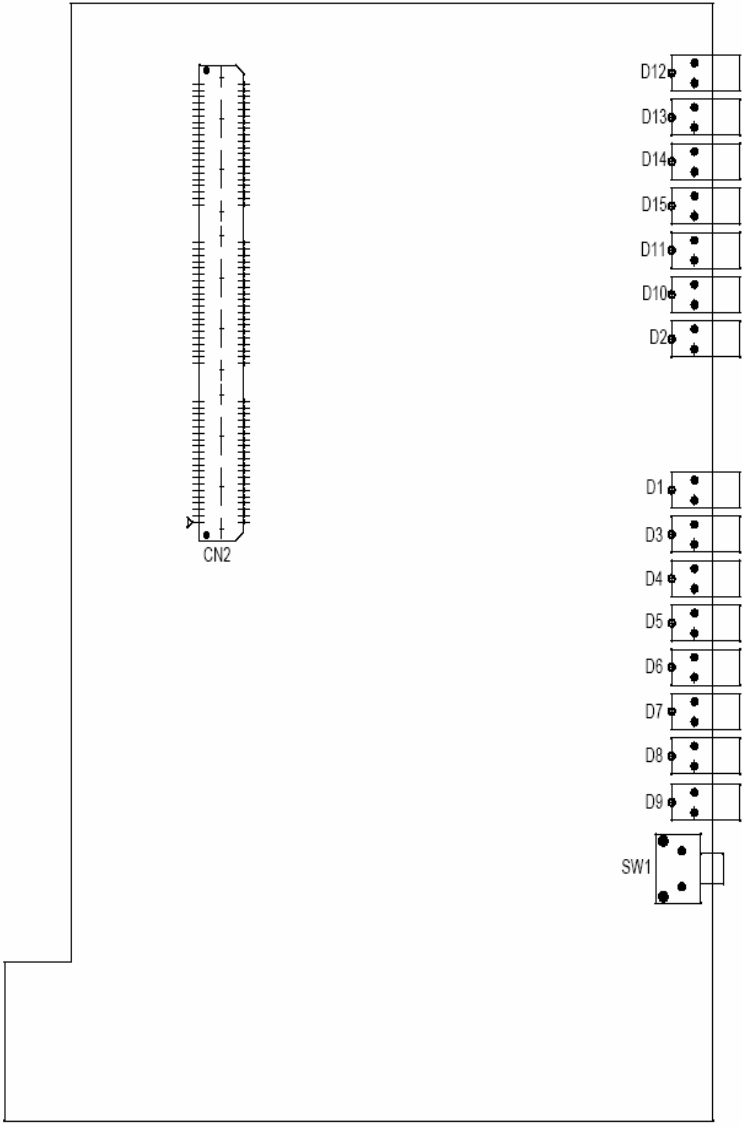


Figure A.5: Daughter Connector & Jumpers (Back)

Table A.3: Connector and Jumper Descriptions

Location	Label	Function
Backplane	CN1	Phoenix power connector
	CN2	Internal power source (Reserved)
	CN3	DIO connector
	CN4	Communication slot for main board
	PICMG1	Communication slot for main board
	PCI 1	PCI slot 1
	PCI 2	PCI slot 2
	PCI 3	PCI slot 3
	PCI 4	PCI slot 4

Table A.4: Connector and Jumper Descriptions

Mainboard	CN1	Primary IDE connector
	CN2	Secondary IDE connector
	CN3	CompactFlash slot 1
	CN4	Communication slot for daughterboard)
	CN5	VGA DB15 display connector
	P1	COM1~COM2 Standard RS-232 port
	P2	COM3~COM4 RS-232/422/485 port
	CON1	Ethernet1/USB1/USB2 ports
	CON2	Ethernet2/USB3/USB4 ports
	BH1	Lithium battery for BIOS
	BH2	Lithium battery for SRAM
	SW2	COM3/COM4 RS-422 master/slave selection
	SW3	Share IRQ/Independent IRQ selection and Speed selection
	JP2	CompactFlash 1 master/slave selection
	JP4	COM3 RS-232/422/485 selection
	JP5	COM4 RS-232/422/485 selection
	JP6	COM3/COM4 terminator resistor
	JP7	Digital output latch/non-latch

Table A.5: Connector & Jumper Descriptions

Daughterboard	CN1	PC card slot
	CN2	Communication slot for mainboard
	CN3	PS/2 keyboard and mouse connector
	CN4	CompactFlash slot 2
	SW1	Reset button
	D1	COM1 Tx LED
	D2	Warning LED for battery backup SDRAM
	D3	COM1 Rx LED
	D4	COM2 Tx LED
	D5	COM2 Rx LED
	D6	COM3 Tx LED
	D7	COM3 Rx LED
	D8	COM4 Tx LED
	D9	COM4 Rx LED
	D10	Diagnostic LED
	D11	IDE LED
	D12	PWR LED
D13	P1 (Power input 1) LED	
D14	P2 (Power input 2) LED	
D15	Power fault LED	
JP1	CompactFlash 2 master/slave selection	

A.3 UNO-3074 Control Register

Table A.6: UNO-3074 Control Register

Base Address		7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
200H	R	Isolated Digital Input Status Register							
		DI7	DI6	DI5	DI4	DI3	DI2	DI1	DI0
201H	R/W	Isolated Digital Output Control/Status Register							
		DO7	DO6	DO5	DO4	DO3	DO2	DO1	DO0
202H	R/W	Interrupt Enable Control/Status Register							
								DI1EN	DI0EN
203H	R/W	Interrupt Triggering Edge Control/Status Register							
								DI1TE	DI0TE
207H	R/W	Interrupt Flag/Clear Register							
						CTR1F	CTR0F	DI1F	DI0F
208H	R/W	82C54 Chip Counter0 Register*							
209H	R/W	82C54 Chip Counter1 Register*							
20BH	R/W	82C54 Chip Control Register*							
20CH	R/W	Counter0 Start Control / Output Status Register							
					CTR0 Out				CTR0 Gate
20DH	R/W	Counter1 Start Control / Output Status Register							
					CTR1 Out				CTR1 Gate
20EH	R/W	Counter0 Setting Register							
						CTR0 IntSet	CTR0 OutSet	CTR0 GateSet	CTR0 CLKSet
20FH	R/W	Counter1 Setting Register							
			CTR 32Set	S1	S0	CTR1 IntSet	CTR1 OutSet	CTR1 GateSet	CTR1 CLKSet
210H	R/W	DIAG LED Control Register							
							LEDS1	LEDS0	LEDEn
211H	R/W	Buzzer Control Register							
							SPKS1	SPKS0	SPKEen
218H	R	Power Register							
							PWR	P2	P1

* Refer to 82c54 manual

A.4 RS-232 Standard Serial Port (COM1~COM2)

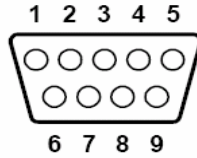


Table A.7: RS-232 Serial Port Pin Assigns

Pin	RS-232 Signal Name
1	DCD
2	RxD
3	TxD
4	DTR
5	GND
6	DSR
7	RTS
8	CTS
9	RI

A.5 RS-232/422/485 Serial Port (COM3~COM4)

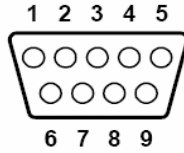


Table A.8: RS-232/422/485 Serial Port Pin Assigns

Pin	RS-232	RS-422	RS-485
1	DCD	Tx-	DATA-
2	RxD	Tx+	DATA+
3	TxD	Rx+	NC
4	DTR	Rx-	NC
5	GND	GND	GND
6	DSR	NC	NC
7	RTS	NC	NC
8	CTS	NC	NC
9	RI	NC	NC

A.6 Ethernet RJ-45 Connector (LAN1~LAN2)

Table A.9: Ethernet RJ-45 Connector Pin Assigns

Pin	10/100Base-T Signal Name
1	XMT+
2	XMT-
3	RCV+
4	NC
5	NC
6	RCV-
7	NC
8	NC

A.7 Power Screw Terminal (PWR)

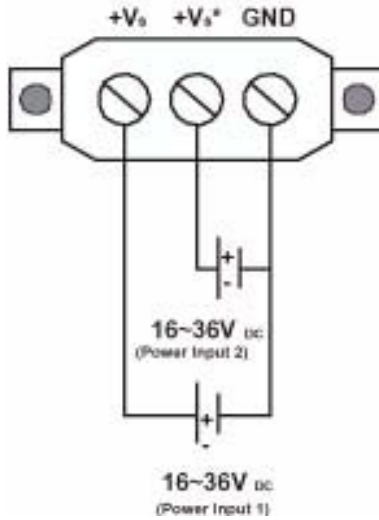


Figure A.8: Power Connector Pin Assignments

Table A.10: Power Connector Pin Assignments

Pin	Signal Name
+Vs	Power input 1; Range: 16~36 VDC (P1)
+Vs*	Power input 2; Range: 16~36 VDC (P2)
GND	Ground

A.8 PS/2 Keyboard and Mouse Connector

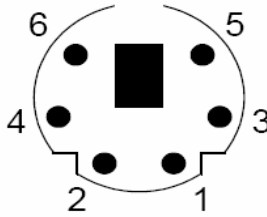


Table A.11: Keyboard & Mouse Connector Pins

Pin	Signal Name
1	KB DATA
2	MS DATA
3	GND
4	VCC
5	KB Clock
6	MS Clock

A.9 USB Connector (USB1~USB4)

Table A.12: USB Connector Pin Assignments

Pin	Signal Name	Cable Color
1	VCC	Red
2	DATA+	White
3	DATA-	Green
4	GND	Black

A.10 VGA Display Connector

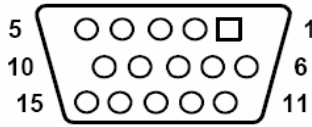


Table A.13: VGA Adaptor Cable Pin Assignmen

Pin	Signal Name
1	Red
2	Green
3	Blue
4	NC
5	GND
6	GND
7	GND
8	GND
9	NC
10	GND
11	NC
12	NC
13	H-SYNC
14	V-SYNC
15	NC

APPENDIX

B

Programming the Watchdog Timer

Appendix B Programming the Watchdog Timer

To program the watchdog timer, you must write a program which writes I/O port address 443 (hex). The output data is a value of time interval. The value range is from 01 (hex) to 3E (hex), and the related time interval is 1 sec. to 62 sec.

Data	Time Interval
01	1 sec.
02	2 sec.
03	3 sec.
04	4 sec.
..	
..	
..	
3E	62 sec.

After data entry, your program must refresh the watchdog timer by rewriting the I/O port 443 (hex) while simultaneously setting it. When you want to disable the watchdog timer, your program should read I/O port 443 (hex).

The following example shows how you might program the watchdog timer in BASIC:

```
10  REM Watchdog timer example program
20  OUT &H443, data REM Start and restart the watchdog
30  GOSUB 1000 REM Your application task #1,
40  OUT &H443, data REM Reset the timer
50  GOSUB 2000 REM Your application task #2,
60  OUT &H443, data REM Reset the timer
70  X=INP (&H443) REM, Disable the watchdog timer
80  END

1000 REM Subroutine #1, your application task
..
..
..
1070 RETURN

2000 REM Subroutine #2, your application task
..
..
..
2090 RETURN
```

