

## **PCA-6278**

Full-size dual socket 370  
Intel® Tualatin/Pentium®III  
processor-based  
PCI/ISA-bus CPU card

## **User's Manual**

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PCA-6278 Series comparison table			
Model	PCA-6278V-00A1	PCA-6278VE-00A1	PCA-6278E2-00A1
<b>CPU:</b> Dual Intel®Pentium® III Socket 370	✓	✓	✓
<b>System chipset:</b> ServerWorks ServerSet 30 LE	✓	✓	✓
<b>BIOS:</b> Award P&P Flash BIOS	✓	✓	✓
<b>L2 Cache:</b> 256/512 KB (depend on CPU)	✓	✓	✓
<b>Max. System RAM:</b> 4 GB (4 x 168-pin sockets)	✓	✓	✓
<b>ISA High Drive:</b> up to 64 mA	✓	✓	✓
<b>USB Port</b>	4	4	4
<b>2 EIDE connectors</b>	✓	✓	✓
<b>2 serial, 1 parallel ports</b>	✓	✓	✓
<b>VGA:</b> PCA/VGA (ATI Rage XL)	✓	✓	✓
<b>Dual LAN:</b> 10/100Base-T Ethernet (chipset:Intel 82559)	×	Single	Dual
<b>VGA SGRAM</b>	8 MB	8 MB	8 MB

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5. Write the RMA number visibly on the outside of the package and ship it prepaid to your dealer.

## Initial Inspection

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Before you begin installing your card, please make sure that the following materials have been shipped:

- 1 PCA-6278 dual socket 370 Pentium III® processor-based single board computer
- 2 Pentium III® processor (optional)
- 1 PCA-6278 startup Manual
- 1 CD driver utility and manual (in PDF format)
- 1 FDD cable, P/N: 1701340703
- 2 UDMA 33 HDD cables, P/N: 1701400607
- 1 printer (parallel port) cable & COM port cable kit, P/N: 1700060305
- 1 ATX-to-PS/2 power cable, P/N: 1700000450
- 1 ivory cable for PS/2 keyboard and PS/2 mouse, P/N: 1700060202
- 1 USB cable (optional), P/N 1700100170

If any of these items are missing or damaged, contact your distributor or sales representative immediately.

We have carefully inspected the PCA-6278 mechanically and electrically before shipment. It should be free of marks and scratches and in perfect working order upon receipt.

As you unpack the PCA-6278, check it for signs of shipping damage. (For example, damaged box, scratches, dents, etc.) If it is damaged or it fails to meet the specifications, notify our service department or your local sales representative immediately. Also notify the carrier. Retain the shipping carton and packing material for inspection by the carrier. After inspection, we will make arrangements to repair or replace the unit.

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# CHAPTER 1

## Hardware Configuration

This chapter provides background information on the PCA-6278. It will show you how to configure the card to match your application and prepare it for installation into your PC.

Sections include:

- Introduction
- Features
- Specifications
- Board Layout
- Jumpers and Connectors
- Safety Precautions
- Jumper Settings
- System Memory
- Memory Installation Procedures
- Cache Memory
- CPU Installation

## 1.1 Introduction

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The PCA-6278 Series all-in-one industrial grade dual CPU card uses Intel's highly acclaimed Pentium® III processor, together with the ServerWorks ServerSet 30 LE chipset. The card features a 32/64-bit, 33/66 MHz high performance PCI bus, providing four times more bandwidth than traditional 32-bit, 33 MHz PCI bus. It works with standard ISA or 32/64-bit PCI/ISA-bus passive backplanes.

The PCA-6278 can operate with dual CPU or single CPU without adding a terminator. The CPU provides 512 or 256 KB on-CPU L2 cache, eliminating the need for external SRAM chips. The 4 DIMM memory sockets support up to 4 GB PC-133 registered SDRAM, fulfilling the need of high memory capacity of many networking applications. The PCA-6278 Series offers several impressive industrial features such as a VGA (PCI) controller, dual 10/100 Base-T networking controller, four DIMM slots for a total of 4 GB RAM memory, and a high driving ISA bus (HiSA). All these make it an ideal choice for applications that require both high performance and full functionality. It has two EIDE interfaces (for up to four devices) and a floppy disk drive interface (for up to two devices). Other features include two RS-232 serial ports (16C550 UARTs with 16-byte FIFO or compatible), one enhanced parallel port (supports EPP/ECP) and four USB (Universal Serial Bus) ports. The PCI enhanced IDE controller supports Ultra DMA 33 and PIO Mode 4 operation. This provides data transfer rates of up to 33 MB/sec. System BIOS supports boot-up from an IDE CD-ROM, SCSI CD-ROM, LS-120, IDE HDD, SCSI HDD, ZIP-100, LAN, and FDD.

A backup of CMOS data is stored in the Flash memory, which protects data even after a battery failure. Also included is a 63-level watchdog timer, which resets the CPU or generates an interrupt if a program cannot be executed normally. This enables reliable operation in unattended environments.

*Note: Some of the features mentioned above are not available with all models. For more information about the specifications of a particular model, see Section 1.3 Specifications.*



## 1.2 Features

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1. **High performance PCI bus:** The ServerSet 30 LE chipset provides two PCI buses: one 32-bit, 33 MHz PCI bus is used for internal PCI devices such as Ethernet and VGA. The other 64-bit, 66 MHz high performance PCI bus is reserved for user's add-on cards. This high performance PCI is capable to operate at different speed: 32-bit/33 MHz, 32-bit/66 MHz, 64-bit/33 MHz or 64-bit/66 MHz.
2. **Fan status monitoring and alarm:** To prevent system overheating and damage, the CPU fan can be monitored for speed and failure. The fan is set for its normal RPM range and alarm thresholds.
3. **Temperature monitoring and alarm:** To prevent system overheating and damage, the CPU card supports processor thermal sensing and auto-protection.
4. **Voltage monitoring and alarm:** System voltage levels are monitored to ensure stable current flows to critical components. Voltage specifications will become even more critical for processors of the future. Thus monitoring will become ever more necessary to ensure proper system configuration and management.
5. **ATX soft power switch:** Through the BIOS, the power button can be defined as the "Standby" (aka "Suspend" or "Sleep") button or as the "Soft-Off" button (see Section 3.7.6 Soft-off by PWR-BTN). Regardless of the setting, pushing the power button for more than 4 seconds will enter the Soft-Off mode.
6. **Power-on by modem (requires modem):** This allows a computer to be turned on remotely through an internal or external modem. Users can thus access information on their computers from anywhere in the world.
7. **Power-on by LAN:** This allows you to remotely power up your system through your network by sending a wake-up frame or signal. With this feature, you can remotely upload/ download data to/from systems during off-peak hours.
8. **CMOS RAM backup:** When BIOS CMOS setup has been completed, data in the CMOS RAM is automatically backed up to the Flash ROM. This is particularly useful in industrial environments which may cause soft errors. Upon such an error occurring, BIOS will

check the data, and automatically restore the original data for booting.

9. **More:**

- **Power On by Alarm:** Powers up your computer at a certain time
- **Virus warning:** During and after system boot-up, any attempt to write to the boot sector or partition table of the hard disk drive will halt the system. In this case, a warning message will be displayed. You can then run your anti-virus program to locate the problem

## 1.3 Specifications

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### 1.3.1 System

- **CPU:** Dual Intel Pentium® III processor with 512 KB or 256 KB L2 cache, up to 1.26 GHz, FSB 100/133 MHz
- **BIOS:** Award Flash BIOS, 2 Mb
- **System Chipset:** ServerWorks ServerSet 30 LE-T
- **PCI enhanced IDE hard disk drive interface:** Supports up to four IDE large hard disk drives or other enhanced IDE devices. Supports PIO mode 4 (16.67 MB/s data transfer rate) and Ultra DMA 33 (33 MB/s data transfer rate). BIOS enabled/disabled
- **Floppy disk drive interface:** Supports up to two floppy disk drives, 5¼" (360 KB and 1.2 MB) and/or 3½" (720 KB, 1.44 MB, and 2.88 MB). BIOS enabled/disabled

### 1.3.2 Memory

- **RAM:** Up to 4GB in four available 168-pin DIMM sockets. Supports PC100/PC133-compliant SDRAM, registered only.
- **ECC (parity DRAM only):** Modules can detect multi-bit memory errors. Correction of 1-bit memory errors

### 1.3.3 Input/Output

- **Bus interface:** PCI/ISA bus, PICMG compliant. PCI bus supports 64-bit/66 MHz, and 32-bit/66 MHz, up to 2 slots, 64-bit/33 MHz and 32-bit/33 MHz, up to 4 slots.
- **Enhanced parallel port:** Configurable to LPT1, LPT2, LPT3, or disabled. Standard DB-25 female connector provided. Supports EPP/ECP
- **Serial ports:** Two RS-232 ports with 16C550 UARTs (or compatible) with 16-byte FIFO buffer. Supports speeds up to 115.2 Kbps. Ports can be individually configured to COM1, COM2 or disabled
- **Keyboard and PS/2 mouse connector:** A 6-pin mini-DIN connector is located on the mounting bracket for easy connection to a keyboard or PS/2 mouse. An onboard keyboard pin header connector is also available
- **ISA driver current:** Up to 64 mA high driving current

### 1.3.4 VGA interface

- **On-board PCI VGA controller**
- **Controller:** ATI RAGE XL
- **Display memory:** 8 MB SGRAM

### 1.3.5 Ethernet LAN

- **Supports dual 10/100Base-T Ethernet networking**
- **Chipset:** Intel 82559

### 1.3.6 Industrial features

- **Watchdog timer:** Can generate a system reset or IRQ11. The watchdog timer is programmable, with each unit equal to one second (63 levels). The program uses I/O port hex 443h to control the watchdog timer

### 1.3.7 Mechanical and environmental specifications

- **Operating temperature:** 0 ~ 60° C (depends on CPU)
- **Storage temperature:** -40 ~ 60° C (-40 ~ 140° F)
- **Humidity:** 20 ~ 95% non-condensing
- **Power supply voltage:** +5 V, ±12 V
- **Power consumption:** Typical: +5V @ 11.8A, -5V @ 0.1A  
+12V @ 0.5A, -12V @ 0.1A  
(Dual Pentium III 1 GHz, 384 MB SDRAM)
- **Board size:** 338 x 122 mm (13.3" x 4.8")
- **Board weight:** 0.5 kg (1.2 lb)

# 1.4 Board Layout: Main Features

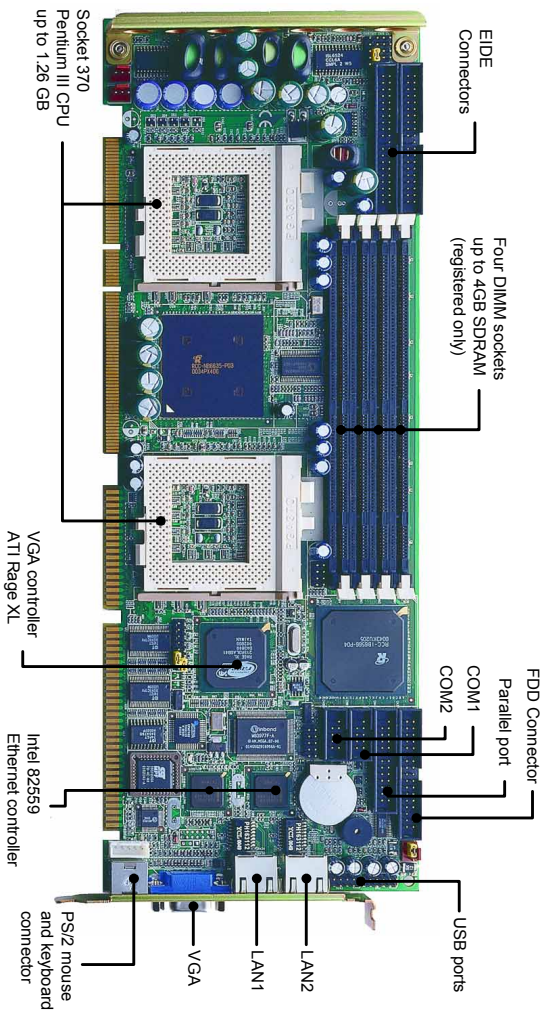


Figure 1-1: Board layout: main features

## 1.5 Jumpers and Connectors

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Connectors on the PCA-6278 board link it to external devices such as hard disk drives and a keyboard. In addition, the board has a number of jumpers used to configure your system for your application.

The tables below list the function of each of the board jumpers and connectors. Later sections in this chapter give instructions on setting jumpers. Chapter 2 gives instructions for connecting external devices to your card.

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Table 1-1: Jumpers

<b>Label</b>	<b>Function</b>
J1	CMOS clear
J2	Watchdog timer output

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Table 1-2: Connectors

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<b>Label</b>	<b>Function</b>
CN1	Primary IDE connector
CN2	Secodary IDE connector
CN3	Floppy driver connector
CN4	Parallel port
CN6	USB 0, 1
CN7	VGA connector
CN8	10/100Base-T Ethernet connector 1
CN9	Serial port: COM1
CN10	Serial port: COM2
CN11	PS/2 keyboard and mouse connector
CN12	External keyboard connector
CN13	Infrared (IR) connector
CN14	CPU_2 FAN connector
CN15	CPU_1 FAN Connector
CN16	Power LED and keyboard lock
CN17	External speaker
CN18	Reset connector
CN19	HDD LED connector
CN20	ATX feature connector
CN21	ATX soft power switch
CN26	USB 2, 3
CN34	10/100Base-T Ethernet connector 2

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# 1.6 Board Layout: Jumper and Connector Locations

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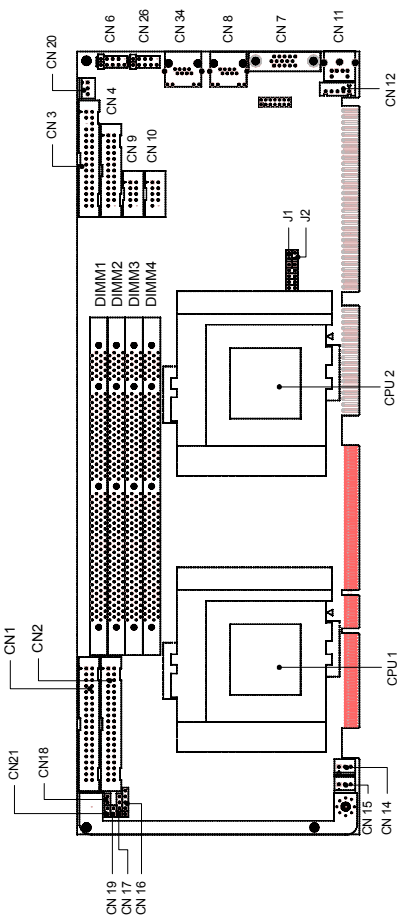


Figure 1-2: Board layout: jumper and connector locations

## 1.7 Safety Precautions

---

**Warning!** *Always completely disconnect the power cord from your chassis whenever you work with the hardware. Do not make connections while the power is on.*



*Sensitive electronic components can be damaged by sudden power surges. Only experienced electronics personnel should open the PC chassis.*

**Caution!** *Always ground yourself to remove any static charge before touching the CPU card. Modern electronic devices are very sensitive to static electric charges. As a safety precaution, use a grounding wrist strap at all times. Place all electronic components in a static-dissipative surface or static-shielded bag when they are not in the chassis.*



## 1.8 Jumper Settings

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This section provides instructions on how to configure your card by setting jumpers. It also includes the card's default settings and your options for each jumper.

### 1.8.1 How to set jumpers



You configure your card to match the needs of your application by setting jumpers. A jumper is a metal bridge that closes an electrical circuit. It consists of two metal pins and a small metal clip (often protected by a plastic cover) that slides over the pins to connect them. To “close” (or turn ON) a jumper, you connect the pins with the clip. To “open” (or turn OFF) a jumper, you remove the clip. Sometimes a jumper consists of a set of three pins, labeled 1, 2, and 3. In this case you connect either pins 1 and 2, or 2 and 3.

A pair of needle-nose pliers may be useful when setting jumpers.

## 1.8.2 CMOS clear (J1)

The PCA-6278 CPU card contains a jumper that can erase CMOS data and reset the system BIOS information. Normally this jumper should be set with pins 1-2 closed. If you want to reset the CMOS data, set J1 to 2-3 closed for just a few seconds, and then move the jumper back to 1-2 closed. This procedure will reset the CMOS to its default setting.

Table 1-3: CMOS clear (J1)



Function	Jumper setting	
* Keep CMOS data	1-2 closed	
Clear CMOS data	2-3 closed	

\* default setting

## 1.8.3 Watchdog timer output (J2)

The PCA-6278 contains a watchdog timer that will reset the CPU or send a signal to IRQ11 in the event the CPU stops processing. This feature means the PCA-6278 will recover from a software failure or an EMI problem. The J2 jumper settings control the outcome of what the computer will do in the event the watchdog timer is tripped.

Table 1-4: Watchdog timer output (J2)

Function	Jumper setting	
IRQ11	1-2 closed	
* Reset	2-3 closed	

\* default setting

## 1.9 System Memory

---

The top-left edge of the PCA-6278 contains four sockets for 168-pin dual inline memory modules (DIMMs). All these sockets accept only 3.3 V registered SDRAMs. Registered DIMMs are available in capacities of 128, 256, 512 or 1024 MB. The sockets can be filled in any combination with DIMMs of any size, giving your PCA-6278 single board computer up to 4 GB of memory.

### 1.9.1 Sample calculation: DIMM memory capacity

Suppose you install a 128 MB DIMM into your PCA-6278's socket 1 and a 256 MB DIMM into sockets 2 and 3 and 4. Your total system memory is 896 MB, calculated as follows:

---

Table 1-5: DIMM memory capacity sample calculation

---

Socket number	168-pin	DIMM memory	Total memory
1	128 MB	x 1	128 MB
2	256 MB	x 1	256 MB
3	256 MB	x 1	256 MB
4	256 MB	x 1	256 MB
<b>Total memory</b>			<b>896 MB</b>

---

## 1.9.2 Supplementary information about DIMMs

Your PCA-6278 can accept only registered SDRAM memory modules. The register on the memory module secures reliable operation of high memory capacity under high speed. Also note:

- Please use only PC-133/PC-100 compliant registered DIMMS. Most systems will not even boot if non-compliant modules are used. This is due to strict timing issues involved at this speed.
- You can find two or three additional register ICs on a registered SDRAM. These ICs are relatively smaller than the SDRAM ICs.
- Registered SDRAM are usually with ECC function. Modules with 9 or 18 SDRAM chips support ECC; modules with 8 or 16 SDRAM chips do not support ECC.

## 1.10 Memory Installation Procedures

---

To install DIMMs, first make sure the two handles of the DIMM socket are in the "open" position. i.e. The handles lean outward. Slowly slide the DIMM module along the plastic guides on both ends of the socket. Then press the DIMM module right down into the socket, until you hear a click. This is when the two handles have automatically locked the memory module into the correct position of the DIMM socket. To remove the memory module, just push both handles outward, and the memory module will be ejected by the mechanism in the socket.

## 1.11 Cache Memory

---

Since the second level (L2) cache has been embedded into the Intel® Pentium® III processor, you do not have to take care of either SRAM chips or SRAM modules. The built-in second level cache in the Pentium® III processor yields much higher performance than the external cache memories. The cache size in the Intel® Pentium® III processor is 256 or 512 KB, depending on the type of CPU.

## 1.12 CPU Installation

---

The PCA-6278 provides a dual socket 370 for an Intel® Pentium® III processor. The CPU on the board must have a fan or heat sink attached, to prevent overheating.

**Warning:** *Without a fan or heat sink, the CPU will overheat and cause damage to both the CPU and the motherboard.*



To install a CPU, first turn off your system and remove its cover. Locate the processor socket 370.

1. Make sure the socket 370 lever is in the upright position. To raise the lever, pull it out to the side a little and raise it as far as it will go.
2. Place the CPU in the empty socket. Follow the instructions that came with the CPU. If you have no instructions, complete the following procedure. Carefully align the CPU so it is parallel to the socket and the notches on the corners of the CPU correspond with the notches on the inside of the socket. Gently slide the CPU in. It should insert easily. If it does not insert easily, pull the lever up a little bit more.
3. Press the lever down. The plate will slide forward. You will feel some resistance as the pressure starts to secure the CPU in the socket. This is normal and will not damage the CPU.

When the CPU is installed, the lever should snap into place at the side of the socket.

**Note:** *To remove a CPU, pull the lever out to the side a little and raise it as far as it will go. Lift out the CPU.*



## 1.13 Dual Processor Systems

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The dual processor function of the PCA-6278 is a special design for Socket 370 CPUs. The PCA-6278 supports Intel® SMP (Symmetric Multiple Processor) specifications. It is equipped with two PGA 370 sockets with which you can install two Socket 370 processors. Of course, if desired, only one Socket 370 processor need be installed. A single Socket 370 processor can be installed in PGA 370 socket CPU-1 (default setting).

To install two Socket 370 processors, we strongly recommend you uses two identical CPUs, i.e. same speed, same core voltage and same cache size. Otherwise, your system may not operate properly.

For best performance, you should use an OS (operating system) that supports multi-processors. The following OS can support multi-processor functions: Microsoft Windows NT (3.5x, 4.x and 5.x), Windows 2000® server, Windows® Advanced server, SCO UNIX, FreeBSD 3.0 or later, and Linux. This list is not necessarily exhaustive. Check with your OS vendor for more information.

You can also use Microsoft Windows 3.1, 95 or 98. However, these do not support SMP specifications. Therefore, using two processors will yield the same result as using a single processor.

*Note 1: The PCA-6278 cannot manage the SMP function by itself. Therefore, if you use an incorrect CPU or OS which causes the SMP function to fail, you are likely to suffer damage to your hardware and/or software. Advantech cannot take any responsibility for damage in such circumstances.*

*Note 2: There are two types of Pentium III with speed 1.13 GHz and higher: one with 512 KB L2 cache, and the other with 256 KB L2 cache. Only those with 512 L2 cache can support SMP.*



# CHAPTER 2

## Connecting Peripherals

This chapter tells how to connect peripherals, switches, and indicators to the PCA-6278 board.

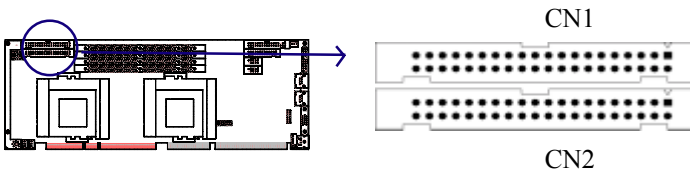
## 2.1 Introduction

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You can access most of the connectors from the top of the board while it is installed in the chassis. If you have a number of cards installed or have a packed chassis, you may need to partially remove the card to make all the connections.

## 2.2 Primary (CN1) and Secondary (CN2) IDE Connectors

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You can attach up to four IDE (Integrated Drive Electronics) drives to the PCA-6278's built-in controller. The primary (CN1) and secondary (CN2) connectors can each accommodate two drives.

Wire number 1 on the cable is red or blue and the other wires are gray. Connect one end to connector CN1 or CN2 on the CPU card. Make sure that the red/blue wire corresponds to pin 1 on the connector (in the upper right hand corner). See Chapter 1 for help finding the connector.

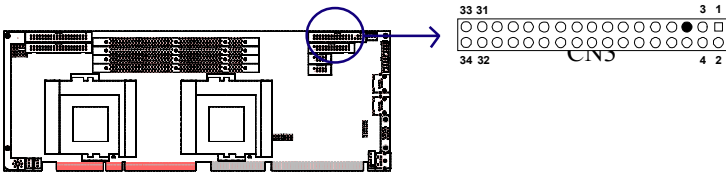
Unlike floppy drives, IDE hard drives can connect in either position on the cable. If you install two drives to a single connector, you will need to set one as the master and the other as the slave. You do this by setting the jumpers on the drives. If you use just one drive per connector, you should set each drive as the master. See the documentation that came with your drive for more information.

Connect the first hard drive to the other end of the cable. Wire 1 on the cable should also connect to pin 1 on the hard drive connector, which is labeled on the drive circuit board. Check the documentation that came with the drive for more information.

Connect the second hard drive to the remaining connector (CN2 or CN1), in the same way as described above.

## 2.3 Floppy Drive Connector (CN3)

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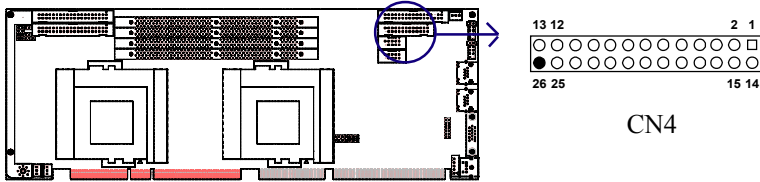


You can attach up to two floppy disk drives to the PCA-6278's onboard connector. You can use 3.5" (720 KB, 1.44/2.88 MB) drives.

The card comes with a 34-pin daisy-chain drive connector cable. On one end of the cable is a 34-pin flat-cable connector. On the other end are two sets of 34-pin flat-cable connector (usually used for 3.5" drives). The set on the end (after the twist in the cable) connects to the A: floppy drive. The set in the middle connects to the B: floppy drive.

## 2.4 Parallel Port (CN4)

---

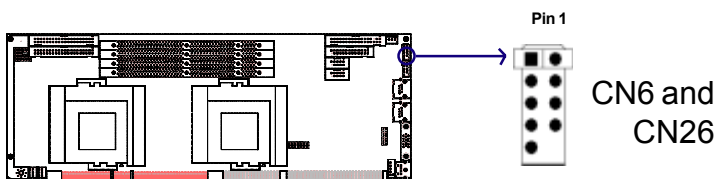


The parallel port is normally used to connect the CPU card to a printer. The PCA-6278 includes an onboard parallel port, accessed through a 26-pin flat-cable connector, CN4. The card comes with an adapter cable which lets you use a traditional DB-25 connector. The cable has a 26-pin connector on one end and a DB-25 connector on the other, mounted on a retaining bracket. The bracket installs at the end of an empty slot in your chassis, giving you access to the connector.

To install the bracket, find an empty slot in your chassis. Unscrew the plate that covers the end of the slot. Screw in the bracket in place of the plate. Next, attach the flat-cable connector to CN4 on the CPU card. Wire 1 of the cable is red or blue, and the other wires are gray. Make sure that wire 1 corresponds to pin 1 of CN4. Pin 1 is on the upper right side of CN4.

## 2.5 USB Ports (CN6 and CN26)

---



There are four USB ports accessible through two 10-pin connectors, CN6 and CN26. The adapter cable has a 10-pin connector on one end and a USB connector on the bracket.

The USB interface can be disabled in the system BIOS setup.

## 2.6 VGA Connector (CN7)

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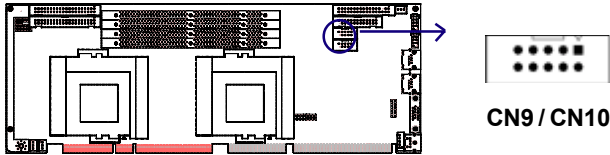
The PCA-6278 includes a VGA interface that can drive conventional CRT displays. CN7 is a standard 15-pin D-SUB connector commonly used for VGA. Pin assignments for CRT connector CN7 are detailed in Appendix B.

## 2.7 10/100Base-T Ethernet Conn (CN8/ CN34)

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The PCA-6278 is equipped with one or two high-performance 32-bit PCI-bus Ethernet interfaces, which are fully compliant with IEEE 802.3/u 10/100 Mbps CSMA/CD standards. They are supported by all major network operating systems and are 100% Novell NE-2000 compatible. The RJ-45 jacks on the rear plate provide convenient 10/100Base-T RJ-45 operation.

## 2.8 Serial Ports (CN9: COM1; CN10: COM2)



The PCA-6278 offers two serial ports, CN9 as COM1 and CN10 as COM2. These ports can connect to serial devices, such as a mouse or a printer, or to a communications network.

Table 2-1: Serial port connections (COM1, COM2)

Connector	Ports	Address	Interrupt
CN9	COM1	3F8*, 3E8	IRQ4
CN10	COM2	2F8*, 2E8	IRQ3

\* default settings

The IRQ and address ranges for both ports are fixed. However, if you want to disable the port or change these parameters later, you can do this in the system BIOS setup.

Different devices implement the RS-232 standard in different ways. If you are having problems with a serial device, be sure to check the pin assignments for the connector.



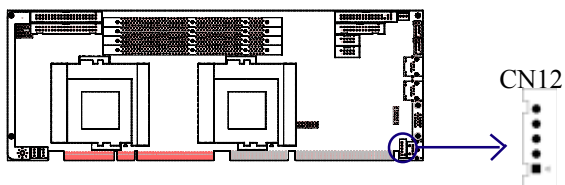
## 2.9 PS/2 Keyboard and Mouse Connectors (CN11)

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The 6-pin mini-DIN connectors (CN11) on the card mounting bracket provides connection to a PS/2 keyboard and a PS/2 mouse, by using the adapter cable (P/N: 1700060202, available from Advantech.)

## 2.10 External Keyboard Connector (CN12)

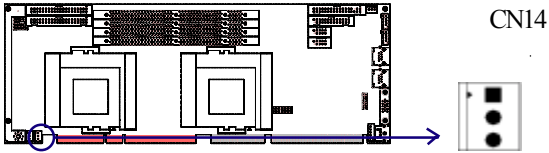
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In addition to the PS/2 mouse/keyboard connector on the PCA-6278's ear plate, there is also an extra onboard external keyboard connector. This gives system integrators greater flexibility in designing their systems.

## 2.11 CPU 2 Fan Connector (CN14)

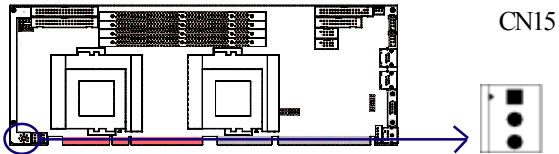
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This connector supports cooling fans of with current up to 2A

## 2.12 CPU 1 Fan Connector (CN15)

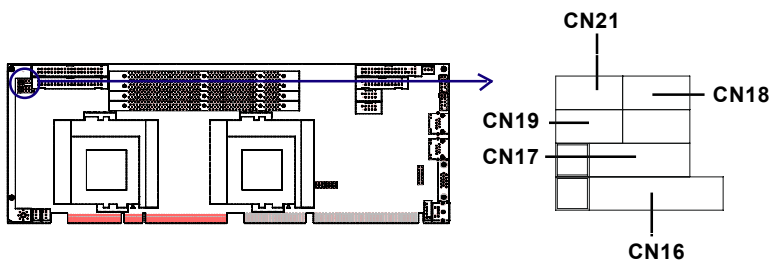
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This connector supports cooling fans up to 2 A

## 2.13 Front Panel Connectors (CN16, CN17, CN18, CN19, CN21 and CN22)

There are several external switches to monitor and control the PCA-6278.



### 2.13.1 Keyboard lock and power LED (CN16)

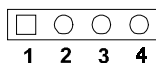
CN16 is a 5-pin connector for the keyboard lock and power on LED. Refer to Appendix B for detailed information on the pin assignments. If a PS/2 or ATX power supply is used, the system's power LED status will be as indicated below:

Table 2-2: PS/2 or ATX power supply LED status

Power mode	LED (PS/2 power)	LED (ATX power)
System On	On	On
System Off	Off	On

### 2.13.2 External speaker (CN17)

CN17 is a 4-pin connector for an external speaker. If there is no external speaker, the PCA-6278 provides an onboard buzzer as an alternative. To enable the buzzer, set pins 3-4 as closed.



### 2.13.3 Reset (CN18)

Many computer cases offer the convenience of a reset button. Connect the wire from the reset button.



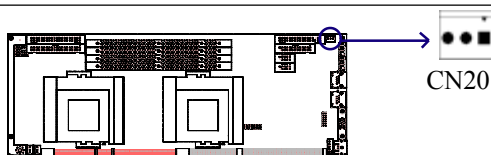
### 2.13.4 HDD LED (CN19)

You can connect an LED to connector CN19 to indicate when the HDD is active.



## 2.14 ATX Power Control Connectors (CN20 and CN21)

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### 2.14.1 ATX feature connector (CN20) and soft power switch connector (CN21)

The PCA-6278 can support an advanced soft power switch function if an ATX power supply is used. To enable the soft power switch function:

1. Take the specially designed ATX-to-PS/2 power cable out of the PCA-6278's accessory bag.
2. Connect the 3-pin plug of the cable to CN20 (ATX feature connector).
3. Connect the power on/off button to CN21. (A momentary type of button should be used.)

**Note:** *If you will not be using an ATX power connector, make sure that pins 2-3 of CN20 are closed.*

**Warnings:** *1. Make sure that you unplug your power supply when adding or removing expansion cards or other system components. Failure to do so may cause severe damage to both your CPU card and expansion cards.*



*2. ATX power supplies may power on if certain motherboard components or connections are touched by metallic objects.*

*Important: Make sure that the ATX power supply can take at least a 720 mA load on the 5 V standby lead (5VSB). If not, you may have difficulty powering on your system and/or supporting the "Wake-on-LAN" function.*

## **2.14.2 Controlling the soft power switch**

Users can also identify the current power mode through the system's power LED (see Section 2.13.1).

# CHAPTER 3

## Award BIOS Setup

This chapter describes how to set the card's BIOS configuration data.

# 3.1 Introduction

Award’s BIOS ROM has a built-in setup program that allows users to modify the basic system configuration. This type of information is stored in battery-backed memory (CMOS RAM) so that it retains the setup information when the power is turned off.

# 3.2 Entering Setup

Turn on the computer and check for the “patch code”. If there is a number assigned to the patch code, it means that the BIOS supports your CPU.

If there is no number assigned to the patch code, please contact Advantech’s applications engineer to obtain an up-to-date patch code file. This will ensure that your CPU’s system status is valid.

After ensuring that you have a number assigned to the patch code, press <Del> to allow you to enter the setup.

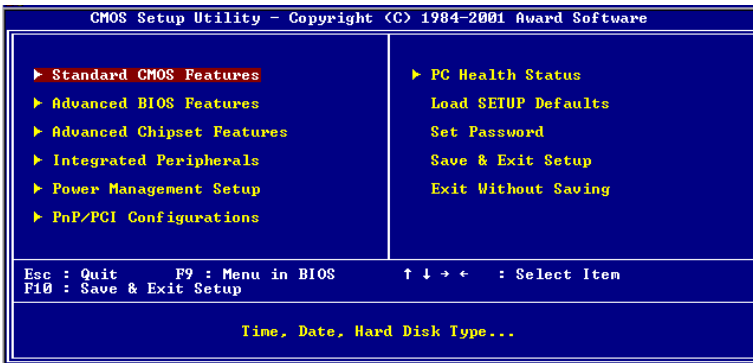


Figure 3-1: Award BIOS Setup initial screen



## 3.3 Standard CMOS Setup

Choose the “Standard CMOS Features” option from the “Initial Setup Screen” menu, and the screen below will be displayed. This menu allows users to configure system components such as date, time, hard disk drive, floppy drive, display, and memory.



Figure 3-2: Standard CMOS features screen

### 3.3.1 CMOS RAM backup

The CMOS RAM is powered by an onboard button cell battery.

When BIOS CMOS Setup has been completed, CMOS RAM data is automatically backed up to Flash ROM. If conditions in a harsh industrial environment cause a soft error, BIOS will recheck the data and automatically restore the original data for booting.

*Note:* If you intend to update CMOS RAM data, you have to click on “DEL” within two seconds of the “CMOS checksum error...” display screen message appearing. Then enter the “Setup” screen to modify the data. If the “CMOS checksum error...” message appears again and again, please check to see if you need to replace the battery in your system.

## 3.4 Advanced BIOS Features

The “Advanced BIOS Features” screen appears when choosing the “Advanced BIOS Features” item from the “Initial Setup Screen” menu. It allows the user to configure the PCA-6278 according to his particular requirements.

Below are some major items that are provided in the Advanced BIOS Features screen.

A quick booting function is provided for your convenience. Simply enable the Quick Booting item to save yourself valuable time.

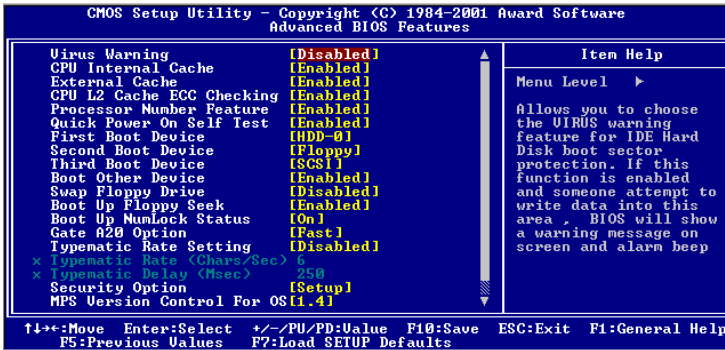


Figure 3-3: Advanced BIOS features screen (1)

### 3.4.1 Virus Warning

If enabled, a warning message and alarm beep activates if someone attempts to write here. The commands are “Enabled” or “Disabled.”

### 3.4.2 CPU Internal Cache / External Cache

Enabling this feature speeds up memory access. The commands are “Enabled” or “Disabled.”

### 3.4.3 CPU L2 Cache ECC Checking

Enabling allows CPU L2 cache checking. The commands are “Enabled” or “Disabled.”

### **3.4.4 First/Second/Third/Other Boot Device**

The BIOS tries to load the OS with the devices in the sequence selected.

Choices are: Floppy, LS/ZIP, HDD, SCSI, CDROM, LAN, Disabled.

### **3.4.5 Swap Floppy Drive**

Logical name assignments of floppy drives can be swapped if there is more than one floppy drive. The commands are “Enabled” or “Disabled.”

### **3.4.6 Boot UP Floppy Seek**

Selection of the command “Disabled” will speed the boot up. Selection of “Enabled” searches disk drives during boot up.

### **3.4.7 Boot Up NumLock Status**

This feature selects the “power on” state for NumLock. The commands are “Enabled” or “Disabled.”

### **3.4.8 Gate A20 Option**

- |                |  |
|----------------|--|
| Normal         | The A20 signal is controlled by the keyboard controller. |
| Fast (Default) | The A20 signal is controlled by the chipset.             |

### **3.4.9 Typematic Rate Setting**

The typematic rate is the rate key strokes repeat as determined by the keyboard controller. The commands are “Enabled” or “Disabled.” Enabling allows the typematic rate and delay to be selected.

### **3.4.10 Typematic Rate (Chars/Sec)**

BIOS accepts the following input values (characters/second) for typematic rate: 6, 8, 10, 12, 15, 20, 24, 30.

### 3.4.11 Typematic Delay (msec)

Typematic delay is the time interval between the appearance of two consecutive characters, when holding down a key. The input values for this category are: 250, 500, 750, 1000 (msec).

### 3.4.12 Security Option

This setting determines whether the system will boot up if the password is denied. Access to Setup is, however, always limited.

**System**     The system will not boot, and access to Setup will be denied if the correct password is not entered at the prompt.

**Setup**        The system will boot, but access to Setup will be denied if the correct password is not entered at the prompt.

*Note:*        *To disable security, select "PASSWORD SETTING" in the main menu. At this point, you will be asked to enter a password. Simply press <Enter> to disable security. When security is disabled, the system will boot, and you can enter Setup freely.*

### 3.4.13 Video BIOS Shadow

Enable copies video BIOS to shadow RAM for performance improving. Choices are Enable, Disable.

### 3.4.14 EPA Logo Show

Energy Star Log from Environmental Protection Agency. Choices are: Enable, Disable.

## 3.5 Advanced Chipset Features

---

By choosing the "Advanced Chipset Features" option from the "Initial Setup Screen" menu, the screen below will be displayed. This sample screen contains the manufacturer's default values for the PCA-6278, as

shown in Figure 3-5:

*Note: DRAM default timings have been carefully chosen and should ONLY be changed if data is being lost. Please first contact technical support.*

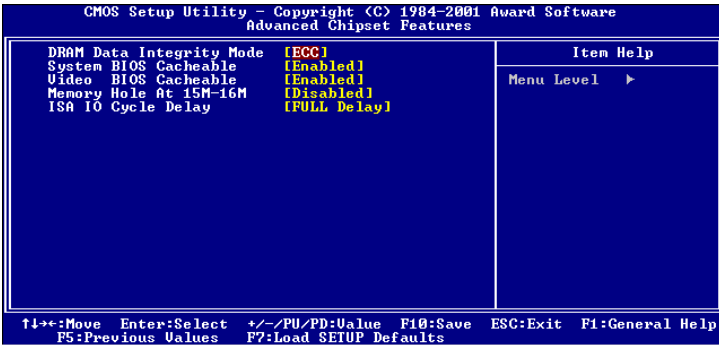


Figure 3-4: Advanced chipset features screen

### 3.5.1 Memory Hole

In order to improve performance, certain space in memory is reserved for ISA cards. This memory must be mapped into the memory space below 16MB. The Choice: 15M-16M, Disabled.

### 3.5.2 System BIOS Cacheable

Selecting *Enabled* allows caching of the system BIOS ROM at F0000h-FFFFFh, resulting in better system performance. However, if any program writes to this memory area, a system error may result. The choice: Enabled, Disabled.

### 3.5.3 Video ROM Cacheable

Select Enabled allows caching of the video RAM , resulting in better system performance. However, if any program writes to this memory area, a system error may result. The Choice: Enabled, Disabled.

### 3.5.4 Memory Parity / ECC Check

This item allows you to select between three methods of memory error checking, Auto, Enabled and Disabled

## 3.6 Integrated Peripherals

### 3.6.1 On-Chip Primary/Secondary PCI IDE

If you enable IDE HDD Block Mode, the enhanced IDE driver will be enabled. Leave IDE HDD Block Mode on the default setting.

### 3.6.2 IDE Primary Master/Slave PIO/UDMA Mode, IDE Secondary Master/Slave PIO/UDMA Mode (Auto)

Each channel (Primary and Secondary) has both a master and a slave, making four IDE devices possible. Because each IDE device may have a different Mode timing (0, 1, 2, 3, 4), it is necessary for these to be independent. The default setting “Auto” will allow autodetection to ensure optimal performance.

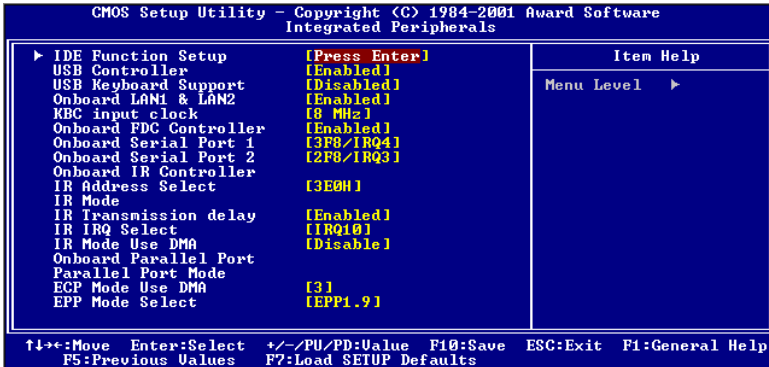


Figure 3-5: Integrated peripherals

### **3.6.3 Onboard USB**

This should be enabled if your system has a USB installed on the system board and you want to use it. Even when so equipped, if you add a higher performance controller, you will need to disable this feature. The choice: Enabled, Disabled.

### **3.6.4 USB Controller**

Select *Enabled* if your system contains a Universal Serial Bus (USB) controller and you have a USB keyboard. The choice: Enabled, Disabled.

### **3.6.5 Onboard Serial Port 1 (3F8H/IRQ4)**

The settings are Auto 3F8/IRQ4, 2F8/IRQ3, 3E8/IRQ4, 2E8/IRQ3, and Disabled for the on-board serial connector.

### **3.6.6 Onboard Serial Port 2 (2F8H/IRQ3)**

The settings are Auto 3F8/IRQ4, 2F8/IRQ3, 3E8/IRQ4, 2E8/IRQ3, and Disabled for the on-board serial connector.

### **3.6.7 Onboard FDC Controller**

When enabled, this field allows you to connect your floppy disk drives to the onboard floppy disk drive connector instead of a separate controller card. If you want to use a different controller card to connect the floppy disk drives, set this field to Disabled.

### **3.6.8 Onboard Parallel Port (378H/IRQ7)**

This field sets the address of the on-board parallel port connector. You can select either 3BC/IRQ7, 378/IRQ7, 278/IRQ5 or Disabled. If you install an I/O card with a parallel port, make sure there is no conflict in the address assignments. The CPU card can support up to three parallel ports, as long as there are no conflicts for each port.

### **3.6.9 Onboard Parallel Port Mode (ECP + EPP)**

This field allows you to set the operation mode of the parallel port. The setting “SPP” allows normal speed operation, but in one direction only. “EPP” allows bidirectional parallel port operation at maximum speed. “ECP” allows the parallel port to operate in bidirectional mode and at a speed faster than the maximum data transfer rate. “ECP + EPP” allows normal speed operation in a two-way mode.

### 3.6.10 ECP Mode Use DMA

This selection is available only if you select “ECP” or “ECP + EPP” in the Parallel Port Mode field. In ECP Mode Use DMA, you can select DMA channel 1 or DMA channel 3.. Leave this field on the default setting.

### 3.6.11 EPP Mode Select

This field allows you to select EPP port type 1.7 or 1.9. The choices: EPP1.7, 1.9.

## 3.7 Power Management Setup

The power management setup controls the CPU card’s power management features to save power. The following screen shows the manufacturer’s defaults:

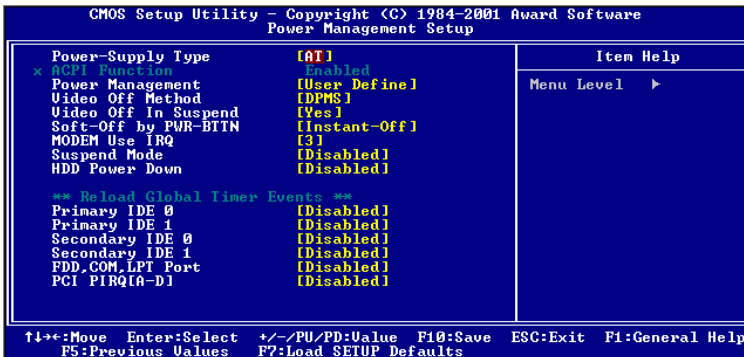


Figure 3-6: Power managememnt setup screen



### 3.7.1 Power Supply Type

The Choice: AT, ATX

### 3.7.2 ACPI function

This item allows you to enable/disable the Advanced Configuration and Power Management (ACPI). The choice: Enabled, Disabled.

### 3.7.3 Power Management

This category allows you to select the type (or degree) of power saving and is directly related to the following modes:

1. HDD Power Down
2. Doze Mode
3. Suspend Mode

There are four selections for Power Management, three of which have fixed mode settings.

Disable (default)	No power management. Disables all four modes
Min. Power Saving	Minimum power management. Doze Mode-1 hr. Standby Mode-1 hr., Suspend Mode-1 hr. and HDD Power Down-15 min.
Max. Power Saving	Maximum power management. ONLY AVAILABLE FOR SL. CPU'S Doze Mode-1 min., Standby Mode-1 min., Suspend Mode-1 min., and HDD Power Down-1 min.
User Defined	Allows you to set each mode individually. When not disabled, each of the ranges are from 1 min. to 1 h. except for HDD power down which ranges from 1 min. to 15 min. and disable

### 3.7.4 Video Off Method

This determines the manner in which the monitor is blanked.

V/H SYNC+Blank	This selection will cause the system to turn off the vertical and horizontal synchronization ports and write blanks to the video buffer.
Blank Screen	This option only writes blank to the video buffer.
DPMS	Select this option if your monitor supports the Display Power Management Signaling (DPMS) standard of the Video Electronics Standards to select video power management values.

### **3.7.5 Video Off In Suspend**

When enabled, this feature allows the VGA adapter to operate in a power saving mode. The choices are Yes and No.

### **3.7.6 Soft-Off by PWRBTN**

If you choose “Instant-Off”, then pushing the ATX soft power switch button once will switch the system to “system off” power mode. You can choose “Delay 4 sec.” If you do so, then pushing the button for more than 4 seconds will turn off the system, whereas pushing the button momentarily (for less than 4 seconds) will switch the system to “suspend” mode.

### **3.7.7 MODEM Use IRQ**

This determines the IRQ in which the MODEM can use. The choices: 3, 4, 5, 7, 9, 10, 11, NA.

### **3.7.8 Suspend Mode**

When enabled and after the set time of system inactivity, all devices except the CPU will be shut off.

### **3.7.9 HDD Power Down**

When enabled and after the set time of system inactivity, the hard disk drive will be powered down while all other devices remain active.

## 3.8 PnP/PCI Configurations

### 3.8.1 PnP OS Installed

This feature allows you to install the PnP OS. The commands are “yes” or “no.”

### 3.8.2 Reset Configuration Data

*Note: This is left “Disabled.” Select “Enabled” to reset Extended System Configuration Data (ECSD) if you have installed a new add-on card and your OS won’t boot and you need to reconfigure.*

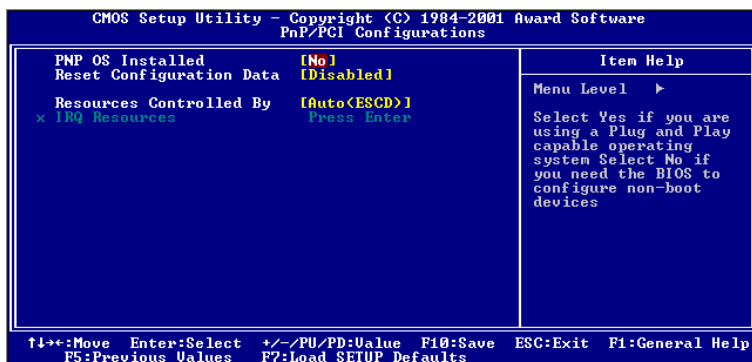


Figure 3-7: PnP/PCI configurations screen

### 3.8.3 Resources controlled by:

The commands here are “Auto” or “manual.” Choosing “manual” requires you to choose resources from each following sub-menu. “Auto” automatically configures all of the boot and Plug and Play devices but you must be using Windows 95 or above.

## 3.9 PC Health Status

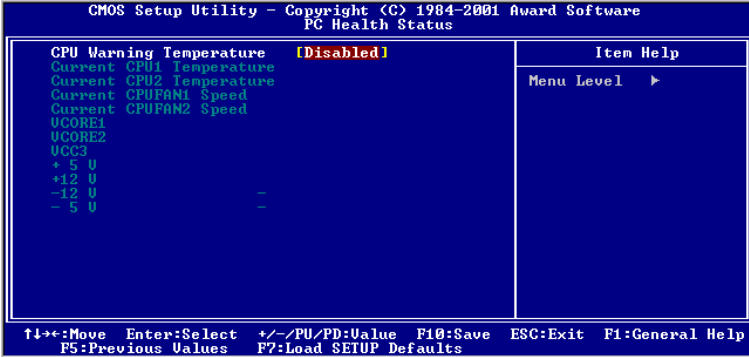


Figure 3-8: PC health status screen

### 3.9.1 Current CPU1 Temperature

This shows you the current CPU1 temperature.

### 3.9.2 Current CPU 2 Temperature

This shows you the current CPU2 temperature.

### 3.9.3 Current CPUFAN1 Speed

This shows you the current CPUFAN1 speed.

### 3.9.4 Current CPUFAN2 Speed

This shows you the current CPUFAN2 speed.

### 3.9.5 VCORE1

This shows CPU1 core voltage.

### 3.9.6 VCORE2

This shows CPU2 core voltage.

### 3.9.7 VCC3/+5V/+12V/-12V/-5V

This shows you the voltage of +3.3V/+5V/+12V

## 3.10 Load Setup Defaults

---

“LOAD SETUP DEFAULTS” loads the default BIOS settings required by the system for reliable operation.

## 3.11 Password Setting

---

To change the password:

1. Choose the “Set Password” option from the “Initial Setup Screen” menu and press <Enter>.

The screen will display the following message:



Enter Password:

Press <Enter>.

2. If the CMOS is good or if this option has been used to change the default password, the user is asked for the password stored in the CMOS. The screen will display the following message:



Confirm Password:

Enter the current password and press <Enter>.

3. After pressing <Enter> (ROM password) or the current password (user-defined), you can change the password stored in the CMOS. The password must be no longer than eight (8) characters.

Remember, to enable the password setting feature, you must first select either “Setup” or “System” from the “Advanced BIOS Features” menu.

## **3.12 Save & Exit Setup**

---

If you select this and press <Enter>, the values entered in the setup utilities will be recorded in the CMOS memory of the chipset. The microprocessor will check this every time you turn your system on and compare this to what it finds as it checks the system. This record is required for the system to operate.

## **3.13 Exit Without Saving**

---

Selecting this option and pressing <Enter> lets you exit the setup program without recording any new values or changing old ones.

# CHAPTER 4

## PCI SVGA Setup

The PCA-6278 features an onboard PCI VGA interface. This chapter provides instructions for installing and operating the software drivers on the display driver CD included in your package.

## 4.1 Before You Begin

---

To facilitate the installation of the enhanced display device drivers and utility software, you should read the instructions in this chapter carefully before you attempt installation. The enhanced display drivers for the PCA-6278 board are located on the software installation CD. You must install the drivers and utility software by using the supplied SETUP program for DOS drivers.

*Note: The files on the software installation CD are compressed. Do not attempt to install the drivers by copying the files manually. You must use the supplied SETUP program to install the drivers.*

Before you begin, it is important to note that most display drivers need to have the relevant software application already installed in the system prior to installing the enhanced display drivers. In addition, many of the installation procedures assume that you are familiar with both the relevant software applications and operating system commands. Review the relevant operating system commands and the pertinent sections of your application software's user's manual before performing the installation.

## 4.2 Features

---

- Built-in ATI RAGE XL 3D multimedia accelerator
- Superior 3D performance achieved through a floating point setup engine rated at 1.2 million triangles/sec
- Integrated 230 MHz DAC allows 85 Hz refresh at 1600 x 1200 resolution
- Complete local language support
- Power management for full VESA DPMS and EPA Energy Star compliance
- User-friendly installation for Microsoft Windows 98/NT/2000
- 8 MB, 64-bit, 100 MHz SGRAM frame buffer interface with 800 MB/sec bus bandwidth



- Integrates superior video features. These include filtered sealing of 720 pixel DVD content, and MPEG-2 motion compensation for software DVD

## 4.3 VGA Installation

First, insert CD drive. Then follow the Icons for your PCA Series model number.

Click on the right driver for the auto-installation. Below take Windows 2000 as an example.



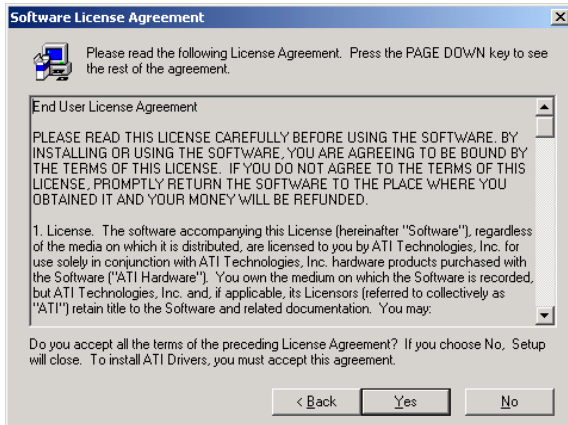
Click on "WIN2000", the VGA driver will start installation automatically.

You will see the welcome window and ask you to exit all Windows programs. Click on "Next" to continue.

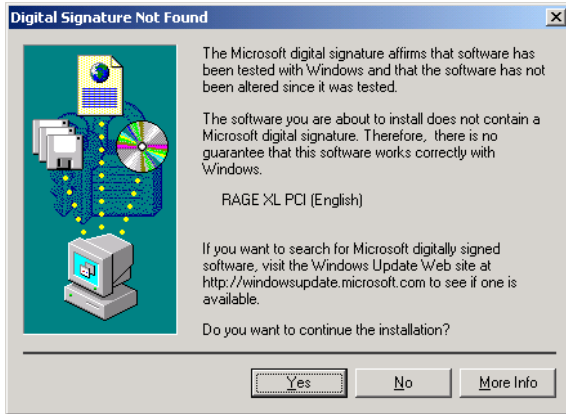
Click on AGP Drivers "Auto" for Auto-installation.



In the license window, click on "Yes" to continue.



Click on "Yes".



The installation is complete click on "Yes" to restart the system.





# CHAPTER 5

## LAN Configuration

The PCA-6278 features onboard dual LAN interface. This chapter gives detailed information on Ethernet configuration. It shows you how to configure the card to match your application requirements.

## 5.1 Introduction

---

The PCA-6278 features single or dual 32-bit 10/100 Mbps Ethernet network interface. This interface supports bus mastering architecture and auto-negotiation features. Therefore standard twisted-pair cabling with RJ-45 connectors for both 10 Mbps and 100 Mbps connections can be used. Extensive driver support for commonly-used network systems is also provided.

## 5.2 Features

---

- Dual Intel® 82559 Ethernet LAN controller (fully integrated 10Base-T/100Base-TX)
- Supports Wake-on-LAN remote control function
- PCI Bus Master complies with PCI Rev. 2.1
- MAC & PHY (10/100 Mbps) interfaces
- Complies to IEEE 802.3 10Base-T and IEEE 802.3u 100Base-T interfaces
- Fully supports 10Base-T and 100Base-TX operation
- Single RJ-45 connector gives auto-detection of 10 Mbps or 100 Mbps network data transfer rates and connected cable types
- Plug and Play

## 5.3 Driver Installation

---

The PCA-6278's onboard Ethernet interface supports all major network operating systems.

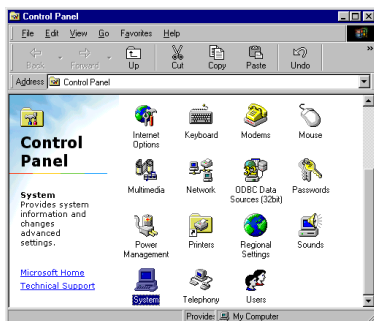
The BIOS automatically detects the LAN while booting, and assigns an IRQ level and I/O address. No jumpers or switches are required for user configuration.

*Note: Operating system vendors may post driver updates on their websites. Please visit the websites of OS vendors to download updated drivers.*

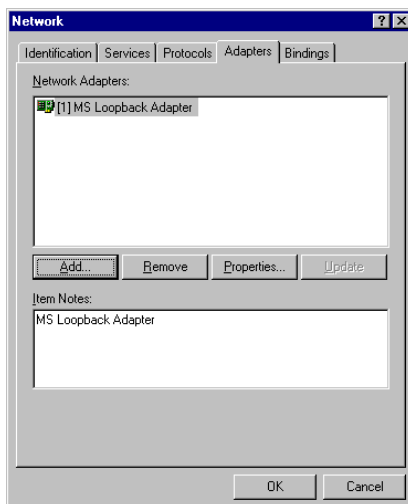
## 5.4 Windows NT Drivers Setup Procedure

*Note 1: The CD-ROM drive is designated as "D" throughout*

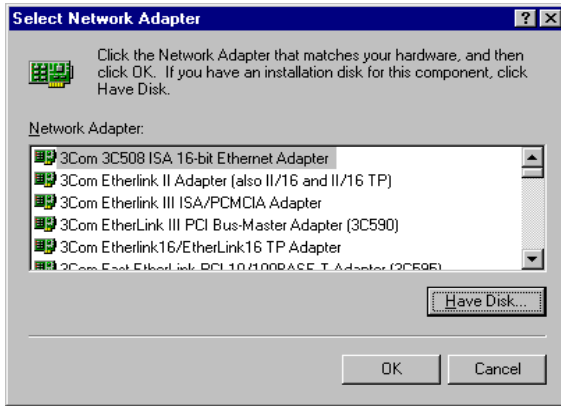
1. In the "Windows NT" screen, click on "Start" and select "Settings". Then click on the "Control Panel" icon to select "Network".



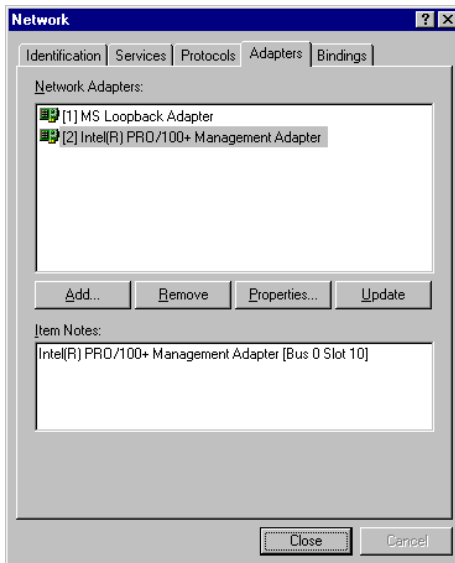
2. In the "Network" window, select the "Adapters" tab. Then click on "Add..."



3. In the "Select Network Adapter" window, click on "Have Disk...".

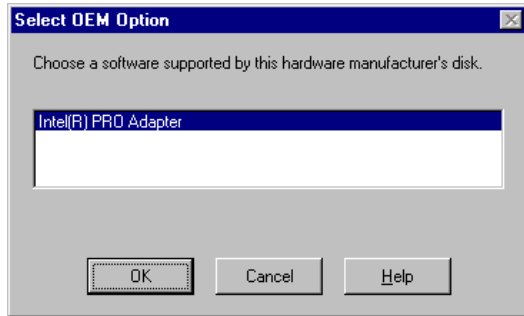


4. When the "Insert Disk" window appears, insert the utility CD into the CD-ROM drive. The correct file path is: \Drv\_LAN\D\_82559\. When you have the correct file path, click on "OK".

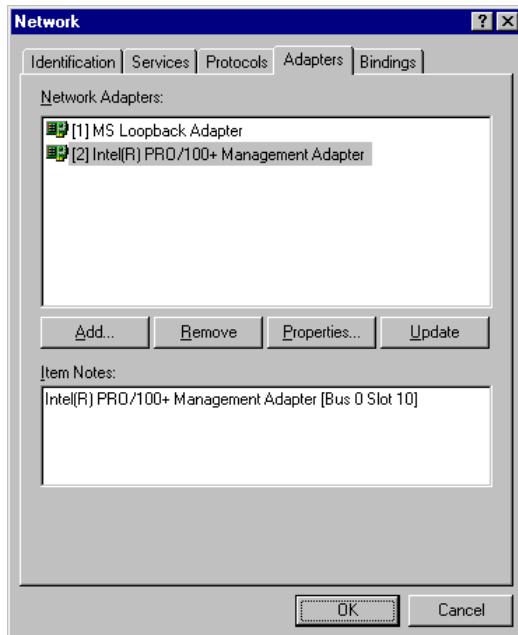




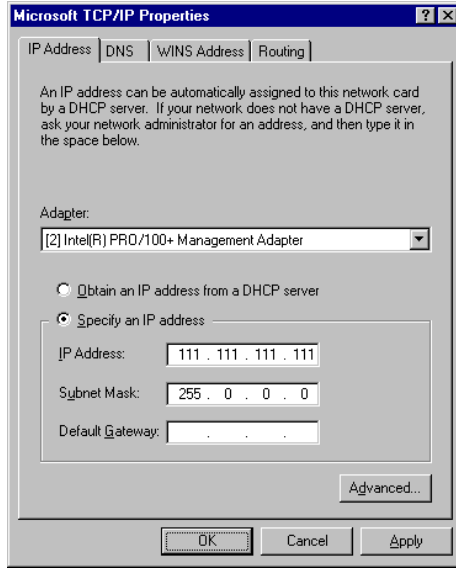
5. In the "Select OEM Option" window, click on "OK".



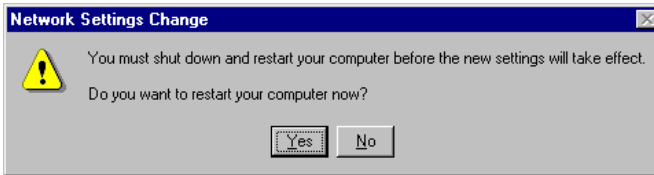
6. In the "Network" window, select the "Adapters" tab. Under "Network Adapters:", highlight "[2] Intel[R] PRO/100+ Management Adapter". Then click on "Close".



7. In the "Microsoft TCP/IP Properties" window, select the "IP Address" tab. Then select "Specify an IP address". Type in the IP Address and Subnet Mask details. Then click on "OK".



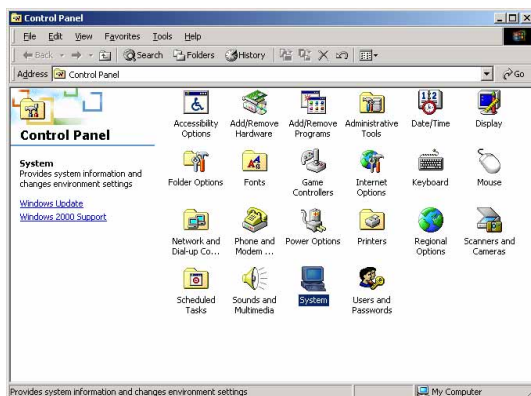
8. In the "Network Settings Change" window, click on "Yes".



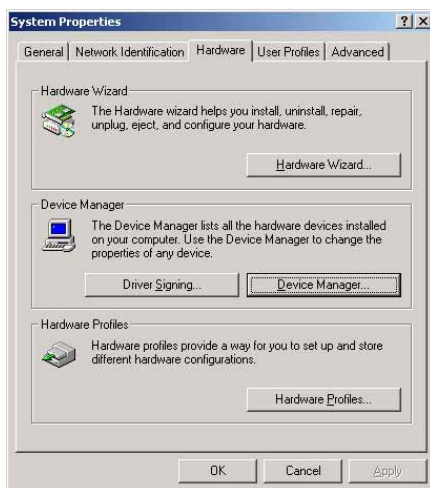
## 5.5 Windows 2000 Drivers Setup Procedure

Note: The CD-ROM drive is designed as "D" throughout this section.

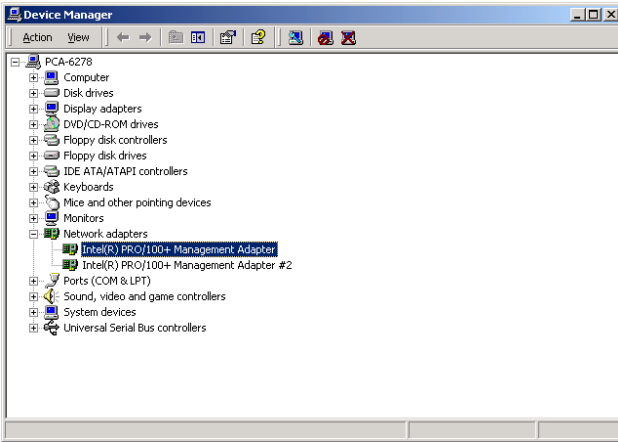
1. In the "Windows 2000" screen, click on " Start" and select " settings". Then click on the " Control Panel" icon to select "system".



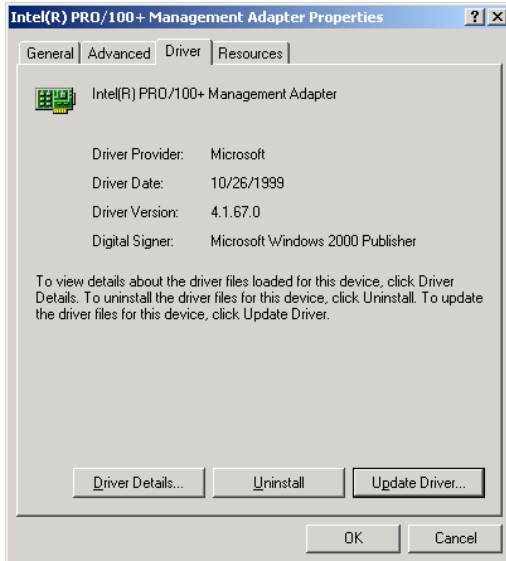
2. In the " System Properties" window, select the " Device Manager".



3. In "Device Manager" screen, follow the screen instructions, to click on "Properties".



4. In the following screen, to click on "Update Driver".



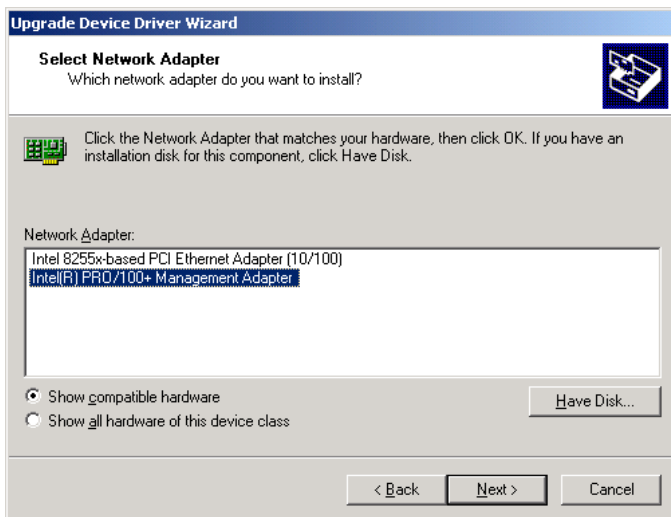
5. Click on "Next".



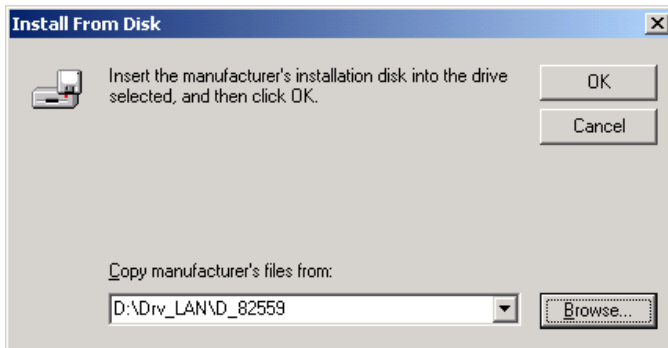
6. Following the highlighted item, and click on "Next".



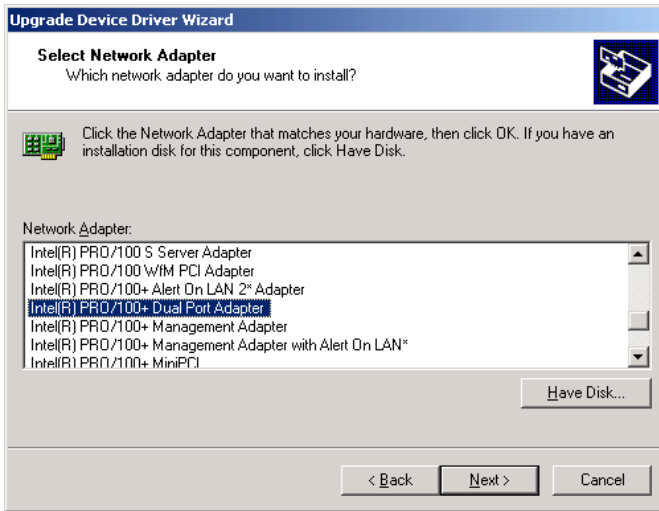
7. Click on "Have Disk".



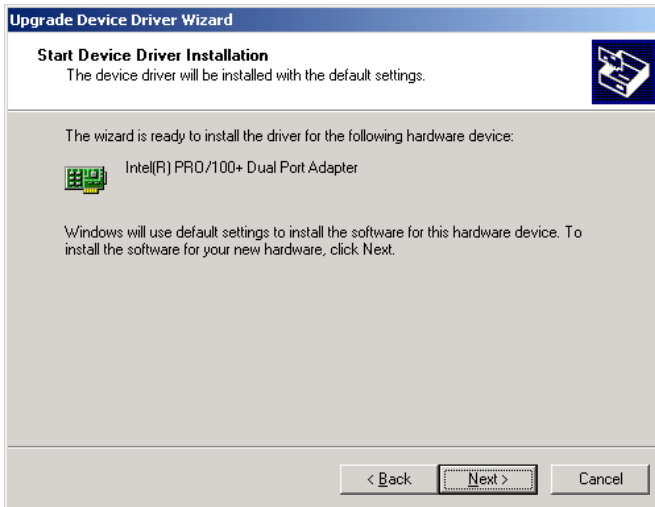
8. Key in "D:\Drv\_Lan\D\_82559", then click on "OK".



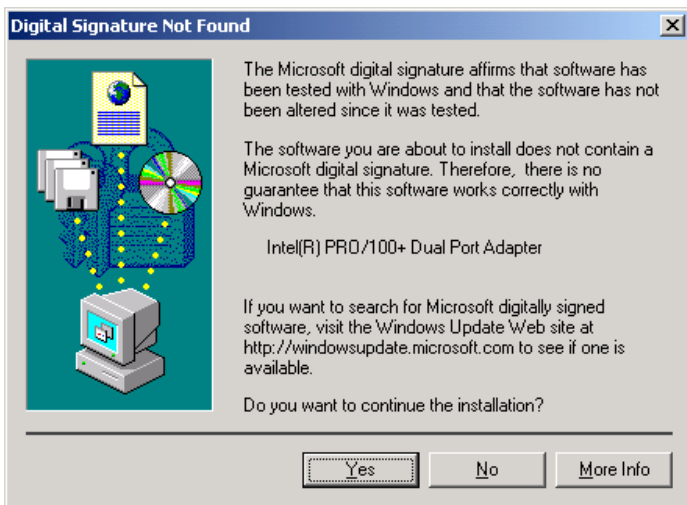
9. To highlight the following item, and click "Next".



10. Click "Next".



11. Click on "Yes"



12. Click "Finish" to complete the installation.





## **Onboard Security Setup**

This chapter explains OBS concepts and provides instructions for installing the relevant software drivers. This is done using the driver CD included in your PCA-6278 package.

## 6.1 Introduction

---

Onboard security (OBS) functions monitor key hardware. They help you maintain your system's stability and durability.

The PCA-6278 can monitor 5 sets of system positive voltages, 2 sets of system negative voltages, CPU cooling fan speed, and CPU temperature.

The positive system voltage sets which can be monitored include:

- CPU core voltage: 1.3 V ~ 3.3 V, according to Intel specifications.
- Transmission voltage from CPU to chipset: typically 1.5 V.
- Chipset voltage: typically 3.3 V.
- Main voltage: +5 V, +12 V.

The negative system voltage sets which can be monitored include:

- Main voltage: -5 V, -12 V.

## 6.2 Installation

---

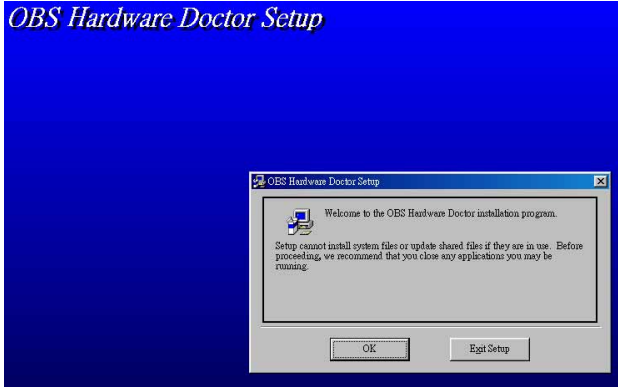
the following sections, refer to the one that provides driver setup procedure for the operating system you are using.

## 6.3 Windows 9x Drivers Setup Procedure

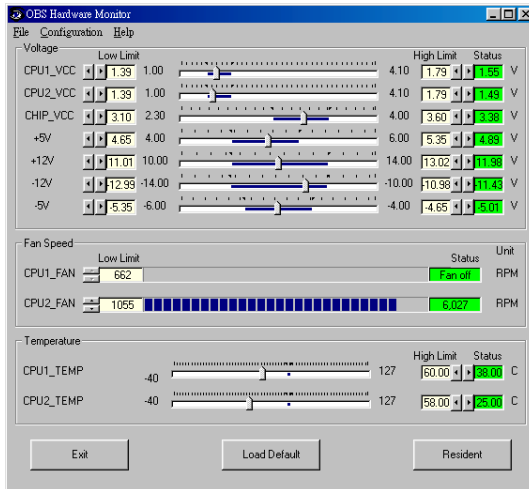
1. Insert the driver CD into your system's CD-ROM drive. In a few seconds, the software installation main menu appears, as shown in the following figure. Click on the "WIN 9X" button under the "OBS DRIVERS" heading.



- When you will see the following message, make sure you have closed all other programs, then click on OK



- Click on “Change directory” to choose destination folder.
- After the setup is completed. You can view OBS setting by running this utility.
- It is recommended that you load the default values for all OBS settings. However, if desired, you can establish new conditions for voltage, fan speed, and temperature.



## **Programming the Watchdog Timer**

The PCA-6278 is equipped with a watchdog timer that resets the CPU or generates an interrupt if processing comes to a standstill for any reason. This feature ensures system reliability in industrial standalone or unmanned environments.

## A.1 Programming the Watchdog Timer

---

To program the watchdog timer, you must write a program which writes I/O port address 443 (hex). The output data is a time interval value. The value range is from 01 (hex) to 3F (hex), and the related time interval is 1 sec. to 63 sec.

<b>Data</b>	<b>Time Interval</b>
01	1 sec.
02	2 sec.
03	3 sec.
04	4 sec.
•	•
•	•
•	•
3F	63 sec.

After data entry, your program must refresh the watchdog timer by rewriting I/O port 443 (hex) while simultaneously setting it. When you want to disable the watchdog timer, your program should read I/O port 443 (hex).

The following example shows how you might program the watchdog timer in BASIC:

```
10      REM Watchdog timer example program
20      OUT &H443, data REM Start and restart the watchdog
30      GOSUB 1000 REM Your application task #1,
40      OUT &H443, data REM Reset the timer
50      GOSUB 2000 REM Your application task #2,
60      OUT &H443, data REM Reset the timer
70      X=INP (&H443) REM Disable the watchdog timer
80      END

1000    REM Subroutine #1, your application task
.      .
.      .
.      .
1070    RETURN
2000    REM Subroutine #2, your application task
.      .
.      .
.      .
2090    RETURN
```





## Pin Assignments

This appendix contains information of a detailed or specialized nature. It includes:

- IDE Hard Drive Connector
- Floppy Drive Connector
- Parallel Port Connector
- USB Connector
- VGA Connector
- Ethernet 10/100Base-T RJ-45 Connector
- COM1/COM2 RS-232 Serial Port
- Keyboard and Mouse Connector
- External Keyboard Connector
- IR Connector
- CPU\_A Fan Power Connector
- CPU\_B Fan Power Connector
- Power LED and Keylock Connector
- External Speaker Connector
- Reset Connector
- HDD LED Connector
- ATX Feature Connector
- ATX Soft Power Switch
- H/W Monitor Alarm
- SM Bus Connector
- Extension I/O Board Connector
- PS/2 Mouse Connector
- System I/O Ports
- DMA Channel Assignments
- Interrupt Assignments
- 1st MB Memory Map

# B.1 IDE Hard Drive Connector (CN1, CN2)

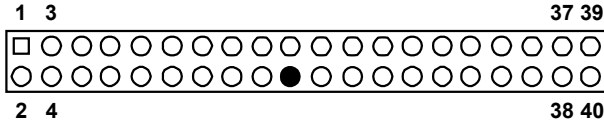


Table B-1: IDE hard drive connector (CN1, CN2)

Pin	Signal	Pin	Signal
1	IDE RESET*	2	GND
3	DATA 7	4	DATA 8
5	DATA 6	6	DATA 9
7	DATA 5	8	DATA 10
9	DATA 4	10	DATA 11
11	DATA 3	12	DATA 12
13	DATA 2	14	DATA 13
15	DATA 1	16	DATA 14
17	DATA 0	18	DATA 15
19	SIGNAL GND	20	N/C
21	DISK DMA REQUEST	22	GND
23	IO WRITE	24	GND
25	IO READ	26	GND
27	IO CHANNEL READY	28	GND
29	HDACKO*	30	GND
31	IRQ14	32	N/C
33	ADDR 1	34	N/C
35	ADDR 0	36	ADDR 2
37	HARD DISK SELECT 0*	38	HARD DISK SELECT 1*
39	IDE ACTIVE*	40	GND

\* low active

## B.2 Floppy Drive Connector (CN3)

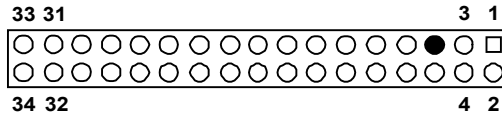


Table B-2: Floppy drive connector (CN3)

Pin	Signal	Pin	Signal
1	GND	2	FDHDIN*
3	GND	4	N/C
5	N/C	6	FDEDIN*
7	GND	8	INDEX*
9	GND	10	MOTOR 0*
11	GND	12	DRIVE SELECT 1*
13	GND	14	DRIVE SELECT 0*
15	GND	16	MOTOR 1*
17	GND	18	DIRECTION*
19	GND	20	STEP*
21	GND	22	WRITE DATA*
23	GND	24	WRITE GATE*
25	GND	26	TRACK 0*
27	GND	28	WRITE PROTECT*
29	GND	30	READ DATA*
31	GND	32	HEAD SELECT*
33	GND	34	DISK CHANGE*

\* low active

## B.3 Parallel Port Connector (CN4)

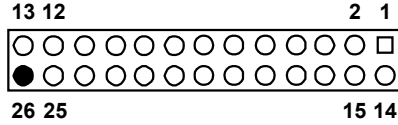


Table B-3: Parallel port connector (CN4)

Pin	Signal	Pin	Signal
1	STROBE*	14	AUTOFD*
2	D0	15	ERR
3	D1	16	INIT*
4	D2	17	SLCTINI*
5	D3	18	GND
6	D4	19	GND
7	D5	20	GND
8	D6	21	GND
9	D7	22	GND
10	ACK*	23	GND
11	BUSY	24	GND
12	PE	25	GND
13	SLCT	26	N/C

\* low active

## B.4 USB Connector (CN6, CN26)

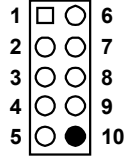


Table B-4: USB1/USB2 connector (CN6)

Pin	USB1 Signal	Pin	USB2 Signal
1	+5 V	6	+5 V
2	UV-	7	UV-
3	UV+	8	UV+
4	GND	9	GND
5	Chassis GND	10	N/C

## B.5 VGA Connector (CN7)

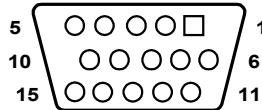


Table B-5: VGA connector (CN7)

Pin	Signal	Pin	Signal
1	RED	9	$V_{CC}$
2	GREEN	10	GND
3	BLUE	11	N/C
4	N/C	12	SDT
5	GND	13	H-SYNC
6	GND	14	V-SYNC
7	GND	15	SCK
8	GND		

# B.6 COM1/COM2 RS-232 Serial Port (CN9, CN10)

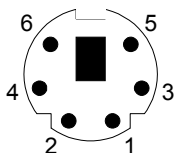


Table B-6: COM1/COM2 RS-232 serial port (CN9, CN10)

Pin	Signal
1	DCD
2	RXD
3	TXD
4	DTR
5	GND
6	DSR
7	RTS
8	CTS
9	RI

## B.7 Keyboard and Mouse Connector (CN11)

---



---

Table B-7: Keyboard and mouse connector (CN11)

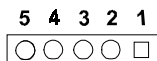
---

Pin	Signal
1	KB DATA
2	MS DATA
3	GND
4	$V_{CC}$
5	KB CLOCK
6	MS CLOCK

---

## B.8 External Keyboard Connector (CN12)

---



---

Table B-8: External keyboard connector (CN12)

---

Pin	Signal
1	CLK
2	DATA
3	NC
4	GND
5	$V_{CC}$

---

## B.9 IR Connector (CN13)

---

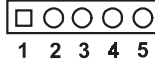


Table B-9: IR connector (CN13)

Pin	Signal	Pin	Signal
1	+5 V	2	N/C
3	IR_TX	4	GND
5	IR_RX		

## B.10 CPU\_2 Fan Power Connector (CN14)

---



Table B-10: CPU fan power connector (CN14)

Pin	Signal
1	GND
2	+12 V
3	Detect



## B.11 CPU\_1 Fan Power Connector (CN15)

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Table B-11: CPU fan power connector (CN15)

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Pin	Signal
1	GND
2	+12 V
3	Detect

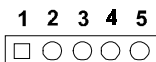
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## B.12 Power LED and Keylock Connector (CN16)

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You can use an LED to indicate when the CPU card is on. Pin 1 of CN16 supplies the LED's power, and Pin 3 is the ground.

You can use a switch (or a lock) to disable the keyboard so that the PC will not respond to any input. This is useful if you do not want anyone to change or stop a program which is running. Simply connect the switch from Pin 4 to Pin 5 of CN16.



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Table B-12: Power LED and keylock connector (CN16)

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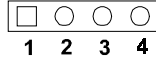
Pin	Function
1	LED power (+5 V)
2	NC
3	GND
4	Keyboard lock
5	GND

---

## B.13 External Speaker Connector (CN17)

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The CPU card has its own buzzer. You can also connect it to the external speaker on your computer chassis.



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Table B-13: External speaker (CN17)

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Pin	Function
1	+5 V <sub>CC</sub>
2	GND
3	Internal buzzer
4	Speaker out

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## B.14 Reset Connector (CN18)

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Table B-14: Reset connector (CN18)

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Pin	Signal
1	RESET
2	GND

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## B.15 HDD LED Connector (CN19)

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Table B-15: HDD LED connector (CN19)

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Pin	Signal
1	LED0 (LED-)
2	Vcc(LED+)

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## B.16 ATX Feature Connector (CN20)

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Table B-16: ATX feature connector (CN20)

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Pin	Signal
1	PS-ON
2	$V_{CC}$
3	$V_{CC}SB$

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## B.17 ATX Soft Power Switch (CN21)

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Table B-17: ATX soft power switch (CN21)

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Pin	Signal
1	5VSB
2	PWR-BTN

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## B.18 System I/O Ports

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Table B-18: System I/O ports

<b>Addr. range (Hex)</b>	<b>Device</b>
000-01F	DMA controller
020-021	Interrupt controller 1, master
022-023	Chipset address
040-05F	8254 timer
060-06F	8042 (keyboard controller)
070-07F	Real-time clock, non-maskable interrupt (NMI) mask
080-09F	DMA page register
0A0-0BF	Interrupt controller 2
0C0-0DF	DMA controller
0F0	Clear math co-processor
0F1	Reset math co-processor
0F8-0FF	Math co-processor
1F0-1F8	Fixed disk
200-207	Game I/O
278-27F	Parallel printer port 2 (LPT3)
290-297	On-board hardware monitor
2F8-2FF	Serial port 2
300-31F	Prototype card
360-36F	Reserved
378-37F	Parallel printer port 1 (LPT2)
380-38F	SDLC, bisynchronous 2
3A0-3AF	Bisynchronous 1
3B0-3BF (LPT1)	Monochrome display and printer adapter
3C0-3CF	Reserved
3D0-3DF	Color/graphics monitor adapter
3F0-3F7	Diskette controller
3F8-3FF	Serial port 1
443	Watchdog timer

## B.19 DMA Channel Assignments

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Table B-19: DMA channel assignments

Channel	Function
0	Available
1	Available
2	Floppy disk (8-bit transfer)
3	Available
4	Cascade for DMA controller 1
5	Available
6	Available
7	Available

## B.20 Interrupt Assignments

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Table B-20: Interrupt assignments

Priority	Interrupt#	Interrupt source
1	NMI	Parity error detected
2	IRQ0	Interval timer
3	IRQ1	Keyboard
-	IRQ2	Interrupt from controller 2 (cascade)
4	IRQ8	Real-time clock
5	IRQ9	Cascaded to INT 0A (IRQ 2)
6	IRQ10	Available
7	IRQ11	Available
8	IRQ12	PS/2 mouse
9	IRQ13	INT from co-processor
10	IRQ14	Fixed disk controller
11	IRQ15	Available
12	IRQ3	Serial communication port 2
13	IRQ4	Serial communication port 1
14	IRQ5	Parallel port 2
15	IRQ6	Diskette controller (FDC)
16	IRQ7	Parallel port 1 (print port)

## B.21 1st MB Memory Map

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Table B-21: 1st MB memory map

Addr. range (Hex)	Device
F0000h - FFFFFh	System ROM
C8000h - EFFFFh	Unused
C0000h - C7FFFh	VGA BIOS
B8000h - BFFFFh	CGA/EGA/VGA text
B0000h - B7FFFh	Unused
A0000h - AFFFFh	EGA/VGA graphics
00000h - 9FFFFh	Base memory

## B.22 PCI Bus Map

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Table B-22: PCI bus map

Function	Signals: Device ID	INT# pin	GNT# pin
<b>64-Bit PCI Bus</b>			
Onboard LAN1	AD22	INT_IRQ5	GNT B
Onboard LAN2	AD23	INT_IRQ6	GNT C
<b>32-Bit PCI Bus</b>			
PCI slot 1	AD31	INT B, C, D, A	GNT A
PCI slot 2	AD30	INT C, D, A, B	GNT B
PCI slot 3	AD29	INT D, A, B, C	GNT C
PCI slot 4	AD28	INT A, B, C, D	GNT D



