ALX-800 Series

AMD Geode LX800 @ 09 W
with 128K L2 Cache or 64K L1 Cache Mini ITX Main Board
with VGA, LVDS, Audio, Dual LAN, CF, PCI, Mini PCI, 4 COM
& 4 USB 2.0

User's Manual

2007 March

AIMB-220

FCC Statement

THIS DEVICE COMPLIES WITH PART 15 FCC RULES. OPERATION IS SUBJECT TO THE FOLLOWING TWO CONDITIONS:
(1) THIS DEVICE MAY NOT CAUSE HARMFUL INTERFERENCE.
(2) THIS DEVICE MUST ACCEPT ANY INTERFERENCE RECEIVED INCLUDING INTERFERENCE THAT MAY CAUSE UNDESIRED OPERATION.

THIS EQUIPMENT HAS BEEN TESTED AND FOUND TO COMPLY WITH THE LIMITS FOR A CLASS "A" DIGITAL DEVICE, PURSUANT TO PART 15 OF THE FCC RULES.

THESE LIMITS ARE DESIGNED TO PROVIDE REASONABLE PROTECTION AGAINST HARMFUL INTERFERENCE WHEN THE EQUIPMENT IS OPERATED IN A COMMERCIAL ENVIRONMENT. THIS EQUIPMENT GENERATES, USES, AND CAN RADIATE RADIO FREQUENCY ENERGY AND, IF NOT INSTATLLED AND USED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE INSTRUCTION MANUAL, MAY CAUSE HARMFUL INTERFERENCE TO RADIO COMMUNICATIONS.

OPERATION OF THIS EQUIPMENT IN A RESIDENTIAL AREA IS LIKELY TO CAUSE HARMFUL INTERFERENCE IN WHICH CASE THE USER WILL BE REQUIRED TO CORRECT THE INTERFERENCE AT HIS OWN EXPENSE.

Notice

This guide is designed for experienced users to setup the system within the shortest time. For detailed information, please always refer to the electronic user's manual.

Copyright Notice

Trademark Acknowledgement

Brand and product names are trademarks or registered trademarks of their respective owners.

Disclaimer

Advantech Corp. reserves the right to make changes, without notice, to any product, including circuits and/or software described or contained in this manual in order to improve design and/or performance. Advantech Corp. assumes no responsibility or liability for the use of the described product(s), conveys no license or title under any patent, copyright, or masks work rights to these products, and makes no representations or warranties that these products are free from patent, copyright, or mask work right infringement, unless otherwise specified. Applications that are described in this manual are for illustration purposes only. Advantech Corp. makes no representation or warranty that such application will be suitable for the specified use without further testing or modification.

Life Support Policy

ADVANTECH CORP. PRODUCTS ARE NOT FOR USE AS CRITICAL COMPONENTS IN LIFE SUPPORT DEVICES OR SYSTEMS WITHOUT THE PRIOR WRITTEN APPROVAL OF ADVANTECH CORP..

As used herein:

1. Life support devices or systems are devices or systems which, (a) are intended for surgical implant into body, or (b) support or sustain life and whose failure to perform, when properly used in accordance with instructions for use provided in the labeling, can be reasonably expected to result in significant injury to the user.
2. A critical component is any component of a life support device or system whose failure to perform can be reasonably expected to cause the failure of the life support device or system, or to affect its safety or effectiveness.

A Message to the Customer

Advantech Customer Services

Each and every Advantech product is built to the most exacting specifications to ensure reliable performance in the harsh and demanding conditions typical of industrial environments. Whether your new Advantech device is destined for the laboratory or the factory floor, you can be assured that your product will provide the reliability and ease of operation for which the name Advantech has come to be known.

Your satisfaction is our primary concern. Here is a guide to Advantech customer services. To ensure you get the full benefit of our services, please follow the instructions below carefully.

Technical Support

We want you to get the maximum performance from your products. So if you run into technical difficulties, we are here to help. For the most frequently asked questions, you can easily find answers in your product documentation. These answers are normally a lot more detailed than the ones we can give over the phone. So please consult the user's manual first.

To receive the latest version of the user's manual; please visit our Web site at:
http://www.Advantech.com.tw/

If you still cannot find the answer, gather all the information or questions that apply to your problem, and with the product close at hand, call your dealer. Our dealers are well trained and ready to give you the support you need to get the most from your Advantech products. In fact, most problems reported are minor and are able to be easily solved over the phone. In addition, free technical support is available from Advantech engineers every business day. We are always ready to give advice on application requirements or specific information on the installation and operation of any of our products. Please do not hesitate to call or e-mail us.

Headquarters
Advantech Corp.
No.1 Alley 20, Lane 26, Rueiguang Road,
Neihu District, Taipei 114,
Taiwan
Tel : +886-2-2792-7818
Fax : +886-2-2794-7306
http://www.Advantech.com.tw
E-mail: service@Advantech.com.tw

Product Warranty

Advantech warrants to you, the original purchaser, that each of its products will be free from defects in materials and workmanship for two years from the date of purchase.

This warranty does not apply to any products which have been repaired or altered by persons other than repair personnel authorized by Advantech, or which have been subject to misuse, abuse, accident or improper installation. Advantech assumes no liability under the terms of this warranty as a consequence of such events. Because of Advantech high quality-control standards and rigorous testing, most of our customers never need to use our repair service. If any of Advantech products is defective, it will be repaired or replaced at no charge during the warranty period. For out-of-warranty repairs, you will be billed according to the cost of replacement materials, service time, and freight. Please consult your dealer for more details. If you think you have a defective product, follow these steps:

1. Collect all the information about the problem encountered. (For example, CPU type and speed, Advantech products / model name, hardware & BIOS revision number, other hardware and software used, etc.) Note anything abnormal and list any on-screen messages you get when the problem occurs.
2. Call your dealer and describe the problem. Please have your manual, product, and any helpful information available.
3. If your product is diagnosed as defective, obtain an RMA (return material authorization) number from your dealer. This allows us to process your good return more quickly.
4. Carefully pack the defective product, a complete Repair and Replacement Order Card and a photocopy proof of purchase date (such as your sales receipt) in a shippable container. A product returned without proof of the purchase date is not eligible for warranty service.
5. Write the RMA number visibly on the outside of the package and ship it prepaid to your dealer.

Contents

AIMB-220

1. Getting Started

1.1 Safety Precautions

Warning!

Always completely disconnect the power cord from your chassis whenever you work with the hardware. Do not make connections while the power is on. Sensitive electronic components can be damaged by sudden power surges. Only experienced electronics personnel should open the PC chassis.

Caution!

Always ground yourself to remove any static charge before touching the CPU card. Modern electronic devices are very sensitive to static electric charges. As a safety precaution, use a grounding wrist strap at all times. Place all electronic components in a static-dissipative surface or static-shielded bag when they are not in the chassis.

1.2 Packing List

Before you begin installing your single board, please make sure that the following materials have been shipped:

- 1 x AIMB-220 AMD Geode LX800 Mini ITX Motherboard Board
- 1 x Quick Installation Guide
- 1 x CD-ROM or DVD-ROM contains the followings:
  — User's Manual (this manual in PDF file)
  — Ethernet driver and utilities
  — VGA drivers and utilities
  — Audio drivers and utilities
- 1 x Cable set contains the followings:
  — 1 x IDE HDD cable (40-pin, pitch 2.54mm)
  — 1 x FDD cable (34-pin, pitch 2.54mm)
  — 3 x Serial port cable (10-pin, pitch 2.54mm)
  — 1 x I/O Bracket
  — 1 x Startup Manual
  — 1 x Warranty Card

If any of the above items is damaged or missing, contact your retailer.

1.3 Document Amendment History

Revision	Date	Comment
1st	March, 2006	Initial Release

1.4 Manual Objectives

This manual describes in detail the Advantech AIMB-220 Single Board.

We have tried to include as much information as possible but we have not duplicated information that is provided in the standard IBM Technical References, unless it proved to be necessary to aid in the understanding of this board.

We strongly recommend that you study this manual carefully before attempting to interface with AIMB-220 series or change the standard configurations. Whilst all the necessary information is available in this manual we would recommend that unless you are confident, you contact your supplier for guidance.

Please be aware that it is possible to create configurations within the CMOS RAM that make booting impossible. If this should happen, clear the CMOS settings, (see the description of the Jumper Settings for details).

If you have any suggestions or find any errors concerning this manual and want to inform us of these, please contact our Customer Service department with the relevant details.

AIMB-220

1.5 System Specifications

System	
CPU	Onboard AMD Geode LX800@0.9W with 128K L2 Cache & 64K L1 Cache CPU
BIOS	Award 512 KB Flash BIOS
System Chipset	AMD Geode LX series/CS5536
I/O Chip	Winbond W83627HG-AW
System Memory	One 184-pin DIMM socket supports up to 1GB DDR 266/333 SDRAM
SSD	One CompactFlash Type I/II socket
Watchdog Timer	Reset: 1 sec.~255 min. and 1 sec. or 1 min./step
H/W Status Monitor	Monitoring CPU temperature, voltage
Expansion	One PCI slot (PCI Rev. 2.2 compliant), One Mini PCI Slot
I/O	
MIO	2 x EIDE (Ultra DMA 100), 1 x FDD, 1 x LPT, 3 x RS-232, 1 x RS-232/422/485, 1 x K/B, 1 x Mouse
IrDA	115k bps, IrDA 1.0 compliant
USB	4 x USB 2.0 ports
DIO	16-bit General Purpose I/O for DI and DO
Display	
Chipset	AMD Geode LX800 with integrated graphics engine
Display Memory	8/16 MB frame buffer using system memory
Resolution	CRT mode: 1920 x 1440 @ 32 bpp (85 Hz) LCD mode: 1600 x 1200 @ 32 bpp (60 Hz)
VGA/LCD Interface	Supports 18/24-bit TFT panel
LVDS	Single channel 24-bit LVDS
Audio	
Chipset	AMD Geode CS5536
AC97 Codec	Relteck ALC203 supports 2CH
Audio Interface	Mic in, Line in, CD Audio in, Line out

Ethernet	
LAN	Dual Realtek RTL8100C
Ethernet Interface	100Base-Tx Fast Ethernet compatible
Mechanical & Environmental	
Power Requirement	+5 V @ 0.84 A, +12 V @ 0.06 A, +3.3 V @ 0.37 A, 5 Vsb @ 0.02 A (with AMD LX800 433 MHz & 512 MB DDR SDRAM)
Power Type	ATX
Operation Temperature	0~60oC (32~140o F)
Operating Humidity	0%~90% relative humidity, non-condensing
Size (L x W)	6.69" x 6.69" (17 mm x 17 mm)
Weight	0.88 lbs (0.4 Kg)

1.6 Architecture Overview

1.6.1   Block Diagram

The following block diagram shows the architecture and main components of AIMB-220.
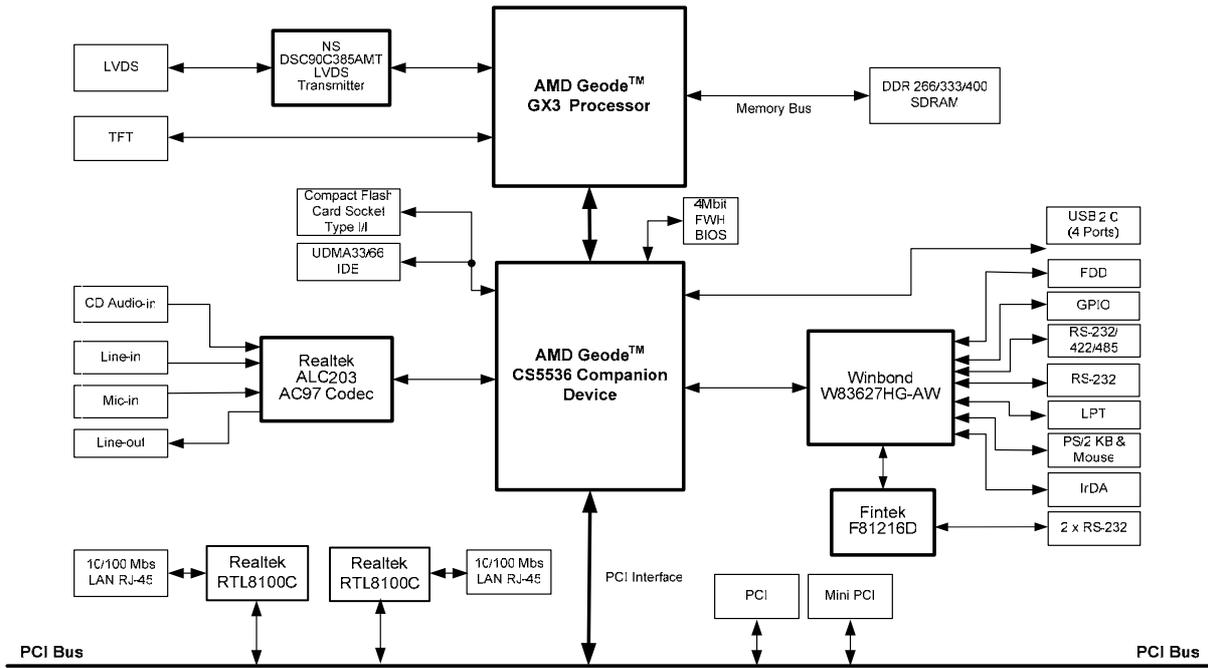
The following sections provide detail information about the functions provided onboard.

1.6.2 AMD Geode GX3 & CS5536

The AMD Geode™ GX3 processors are integrated x86 processors specifically designed to power embedded devices for entertainment, education, and business. Serving the needs of consumers and business professionals alike, it's an excellent solution for embedded applications, such as thin clients, interactive set-top boxes, single board computers, and mobile computing devices.

LX Processor General Features:

- 0.13 micron process
- 481-Terminal BGU (Ball Grid Array Cavity Up) with internal heatspreader
- x86/x87-compatible CPU core
- Processor frequency: up to 500 MHz
- Dhrystone 2.1 MIPs: 150 to 450
- Split I/D cache/TLB (Translation Look-aside Buffer):
  - 64 KB I-cache/64 KB D-cache
  - 128 KB L2 cache configurable as I-cache, D-cache, or both
- Efficient pre-fetch and branch prediction
- Integrated FPU that supports the MMX® and
- AMD 3DNow!™ instruction sets
- Fully pipelined single precision FPU hardware with microcode support for higher precisions
- JTAG interface:
  - ATPG, Full Scan, BIST on all arrays
  - 1149.1 Boundary Scan compliant
- ICE (in-circuit emulator) interface
- Reset and clock control
- Designed for improved software debug methods and performance analysis
- Power Management:
  - Thermal Design Power (TDP) 2.4W, 1.6W typical @ 500 MHz max power (projected)
  - GeodeLink active hardware power management
  - Hardware support for standard ACPI software power management
  - I/O companion SUSP/SUSPA power controls
  - Lower power I/O
  - Wakeup on SMI/INTR

AIMB-220

GeodeLink™ Memory Controller

- High bandwidth packetized uni-directional bus for internal peripherals
- Standardized protocol to allow variants of products to be developed by adding or removing modules
- GeodeLink Control Processor (GLCP) for diagnostics and scan control
- Dual GeodeLink Interface Units (GLIUs) for device interconnect

GeodeLink™ Memory Controller

- Integrated memory controller for low latency to CPU and on-chip peripherals
- 64-bit wide DDR SDRAM bus operating frequency:
    - 200 MHz, 400 MT/S
- Supports unbuffered DDR DIMMS using up to 1 GB
- DRAM technology
- Supports up to 2 DIMMS (32 devices max)

2D Graphics Processor

- High performance 2D graphics controller
- Alpha BLT
- Microsoft® Windows® GDI GUI acceleration:
    - Hardware support for all Microsoft RDP codes
- Command buffer interface for asynchronous BLTs
- Second pattern channel support
- Hardware screen rotation

Display Controller

- Hardware frame buffer compression improves Unified
- Memory Architecture (UMA) memory efficiency
- CRT resolutions supported:
    - Supports up to 1920x1440x32 bpp at 85 Hz
    - Supports up to 1600x1200x32 bpp at 100 Hz
- Supports up to 1600x1200x32 bpp at 60 Hz for TFT
- Standard Definition (SD) resolution for Video Output Port (VOP):
    - 720x482 at 59.94 Hz interlaced for NTSC
    - 768x576 at 50 Hz interlaced for PAL
- High Definition (HD) resolution for Video Output Port (VOP):
    - Up to 1920x1080 at 30 Hz interlaced (1080i HD) (74.25 MHz)
    - Up to 1280x720 at 60 Hz progressive (720p HD) (74.25 MHz)
- Supports down to 7.652 MHz Dot Clock (320x240 QVGA)
- Hardware VGA
- Hardware supported 48x64 32-bit cursor with alpha blending

Video Processor

- Supports video scaling, mixing and VOP
- Hardware video up/down scalar
- Graphics/video alpha blending and color key muxing
- Digital VOP (SD and HD) or TFT outputs
- Legacy RGB mode
- VOP supports SD and HD 480p, 480i, 720p, and 1080i
- VESA 1.1, 2.0 and BT.601 24-bit (out only), BT.656 compliant

GeodeLink™ PCI Bridge

- PCI 2.2 compliant
- 3.3V signaling and 3.3V I/Os
- 33 to 66 MHz operation
- 32-bit interface
- Supports virtual PCI headers for GeodeLink devices

Video Input Port (VIP)

- VESA 1.1 and 2.0 compliant, 8 or 16-bit
- Video Blanking Interval (VBI) support
- 8 or 16-bit 80 MHz SD or HD capable
- Security Block
- Serial EEPROM interface for 2K bit unique ID and AES
- (Advanced Encryption Standard) hidden key storage
- (EEPROM optional inside package)
- Electronic Code Book (ECB) or Cipher Block Chaining (CBC)128-bit AES hardware support
- True random number generator (TRNG)

The AMD Geode™ CS5536 companion device is designed to work with an integrated processor North Bridge component such as the AMD Geode™ LX processor. Together, the Geode LX processor and Geode CS5536 companion device provide a system-level solution well suited for the high-performance and low-power needs of a host of embedded devices including digital set-top boxes, mobile computing devices, thin client applications, and single board computers.

The internal architecture uses a single, high-performance modular structure based on GeodeLink™ architecture. This architecture yields high internal speed (over 4 GB/s) data movement and extremely versatile internal power management. The GeodeLink architecture is transparent to application software. Communication with the Geode Geode LX processor is over a 33/66 MHz PCI bus.

AIMB-220

The Geode CS5536 companion device incorporates many I/O functions, including some found in typical superI/O chips, simplifying many system designs. Since the graphics subsystem is entirely contained in the Geode GX3 processor, system interconnect is simplified. The device contains state-of-the-art power management that enables systems, especially battery powered systems, to significantly reduce power consumption.

Audio is supported by an internal controller, designed to connect to multiple AC97 compatible codecs. An IR (infrared) port supports all popular IR communication protocols. The IR port is shared with one of two industry-standard serial ports that can reach speeds of 115.2 kbps. An LPC (low pin count) port is provided to facilitate connections to a superI/O should additional expansion, such as a floppy drive, be necessary, and/or to an LPC ROM for the system BIOS.

The hard disk controller is compatible to the ATA-6 specification. The bus mastering IDE controller includes support for two ATA-compliant devices on one channel. The CS5536 companion device provides four Universal Serial Bus (USB) 2.0 compliant ports, supporting low speed, full speed, and high speed connections. All four ports are individually automatically associated with either the Open Host Controller Interface (OHCI) or the Enhanced Host Controller Interface (EHCI) depending on the attached device type. A battery-backed real-time clock (RTC) keeps track of time and provides calendar functions.

A suite of 82xx devices provides the legacy PC functionality required by most designs, including two PICs (programmable interrupt controllers), one PIT (programmable interval timer) with three channels, and DMA (direct memory access) functions. The CS5536 companion device contains eight MFGPTs (multi-function general purpose timers) that can be used for a variety of functions. A number of GPIOs (general purpose input/outputs) are provided, and are assigned to system functions on power-up (i.e., LPC port).

State-of-the-art power management features are attained with the division of the device into two internal power domains. The GPIOs and multi-function timers are distributed into each domain allowing them to act as wakeup sources for the device. The device provides full ACPI (Advanced Configuration Power Interface) compliance and supports industry-standard Wakeup and Sleep modes.

For implementation details and suggestions for this device, see the supporting documentation (i.e., application notes, schematics, etc.) on the AMD Alchemy™ and Geode™ Developer Support web site.

1.6.3   Realtek ALC203 Audio Codec

The ALC203 is a 20-bit DAC and 18-bit ADC full-duplex AC'97 2.3 compatible stereo audio CODEC designed for PC multimedia systems, including host/soft audio, and AMR/CNR based designs.

The ALC203 incorporates proprietary converter technology to achieve a high SNR (greater than 100 dB), sensing logics for device reporting, and a Universal Audio Jack® for improved user convenience. The ALC203 AC'97 CODEC supports multiple CODEC extensions with independent variable sampling rates and built-in 3D effects. The ALC203 CODEC provides two pairs of stereo outputs with independent volume controls, a mono output, multiple stereo and mono inputs, along with flexible mixing, gain, and mute functions to provide a complete integrated audio solution for PCs.

The circuitry of the ALC203 CODEC operates from a 3.3V digital and 3.3V/5V analog power supply with EAPD (External Amplifier Power Down) control for use in notebook and PC applications. The ALC203 integrates a 50mW/20Ohm headset audio amplifier into the CODEC, saving BOM costs. The ALC203 also supports the S/PDIF out function (complies with AC'97 2.3) that offers easy connection of PCs to consumer electronic products, such as AC3 decoders/speakers and mini disk devices.

The ALC203 CODEC supports host/soft audio from Intel ICHx chipsets as well as audio controller based VIA/SIS/ALI/AMD/nVIDIA/ATI chipsets. Bundled Windows series drivers (Win98/ME/NT/2000/XP, EAX/Direct Sound 3D/I3DL2/A3D compatible sound effect utilities (supporting Karaoke, 26-kinds of environment sound emulation, 10-band equalizer), HRTF 3D positional audio and Sensaura™ 3D (optional) provide an excellent entertainment package and game experience for PC users. An internal 14.318MHz -> 24.576MHz PLL circuit generates required timing signals, eliminating the need for external crystal, whilst a built-in PCBEEP generator removes the need for an external buzzer.

1.6.4   Ethernet
1.6.4.1   Realtek RTL8100C Ethernet Controller

The Realtek RTL8100C(L) is enhanced with an ACPI (Advanced Configuration Power Interface) management function for PCI in order to provide efficient power management for advanced operating systems with OSPM (Operating System Directed Power Management). It also supports remote wake-up (including AMD Magic Packet™ and Microsoft® Wake-up frame) to increase cost-efficiency in network maintenance and management.

- 128-pin PQFP/LQFP (PQFP package pin-to-pin compatible with Realtek RTL8110S-32 Single-Chip Gigabit Ethernet Controller)
- Supports PCI/mini-PCI interfaces
- Integrates Fast Ethernet MAC, physical chip, and transceiver onto a single chip
- 10Mbps and 100Mbps operation supporting N-way auto-negotiation
- Supports 25MHz Crystal or 25MHz OSC as the internal clock source
- Complies with PC99/PC2001 standards
- Supports ACPI power management
- Provides PCI bus master data transfer
- Provides PCI memory space or I/O space mapped data transfer
- Supports PCI clock speed of 16.75MHz-40MHz
- Advanced power saving mode
- Supports Wake-on-LAN and remote wake-up (AMD Magic Packet™, Link Change, and Microsoft® Wake-up frame)
- Half/Full duplex capability
- Supports Full Duplex Flow Control (IEEE 802.3x)
- Provides interface to 93C46 EEPROM to store resource configuration and ID parameters
- Provides PCI clock run pin
- Provides LED pins for network operation status indication
- 2.5/3.3V power supply with 5V tolerant I/Os
- 0.25µm CMOS process

1.6.4.2   LAN (RJ-45) Port

This port allows Gigabit connection to a Local Area Network (LAN) through a network hub. Refer to the table below for the LAN port LED indications.

LAN port LED indications

LINK LED		ACT LED	
Status	Description	Status	Description
GREEN	10 Mbps connection	OFF	Idle
GREEN	100 Mbps connection	BLINKING	Data activity
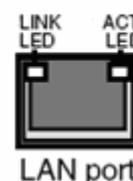
1.6.5 Winbond W83627HF-AW LPC Super I/O

The Winbond W83627F/HF is made to fully comply with Microsoft PC98 and PC99 Hardware Design Guide. Moreover, W83627F/HF is made to meet the specification of PC98/PC99's requirement in the power management: ACPI and DPM (Device Power Management). Super I/O chip provides features as the following:

- Meet LPC Spec. 1.0
- Support LDRQ# (LPC DMA), SERIRQ (serial IRQ)
- Include all features of Winbond I/O W83977TF and W83977EF
- Integrate Hardware Monitor functions
- Compliant with Microsoft PC98/PC99 Hardware Design Guide.
- Support DPM (Device Power Management), ACPI
- Programmable configuration settings
- Single 24 or 48 MHz clock input

1.6.6 NS DS90C385 LVDS Transmitter

The DS90C385 transmitter converts 28 bits of LVCMOS/LVTTL data into four LVDS (Low Voltage Differential Signaling) data streams. A phase-locked transmit clock is transmitted in parallel with the data streams over a fifth LVDS link. Every cycle of the transmit clock 28 bits of input data are sampled and transmitted. At a transmit clock frequency of 85 MHz, 24 bits of RGB data and 3 bits of LCD timing and control data (FPLINE, FPFRAME, DRDY) are transmitted at a rate of 595 Mbps per LVDS data channel. Using a 85 MHz clock, the data throughput is 297.5 Mbytes/sec. Also available is the DS90C365 that converts 21 bits of LVCMOS/LVTTL data into three LVDS (Low Voltage Differential Signaling) data streams. Both transmitters can be programmed for Rising edge strobe or Falling edge strobe through a dedicated pin. A Rising edge or Falling edge strobe transmitter will interoperate with a Falling edge strobe Receiver (DS90CF386/DS90CF366) without any translation logic.

1.6.7   Fintek F81216D LPC to 4UART

The F81216D mainly provides 3 pure UART ports and one UART+ IR port through LPC. Each UART includes 16-byte send/receive FIFO, a programmable baud rate generator, complete modem control capability and an interrupt system.

One watch dog timer is provided for system controlling and the time interval can be programmed by register or hardware power on setting pin. One clock 24/48MHz input is necessary, and default is 24MHz. Powered by 3.3V voltage, the F81216D is in the small 48pin LQFP package (7mm x 7mm).

- Supports LPC interface
- Totally provides 4 UART (16550 asynchronous) ports
- 3 Pure UART
- 1 UART+IR
- 1 watch dog timer with WDTOUT# signal
- 1 frequency input 24/48MHz
- Powered by 3Vcc
- 48-LQFP(7mm x 7mm)

2. Hardware Configuration

AIMB-220

2.1 Product Overview
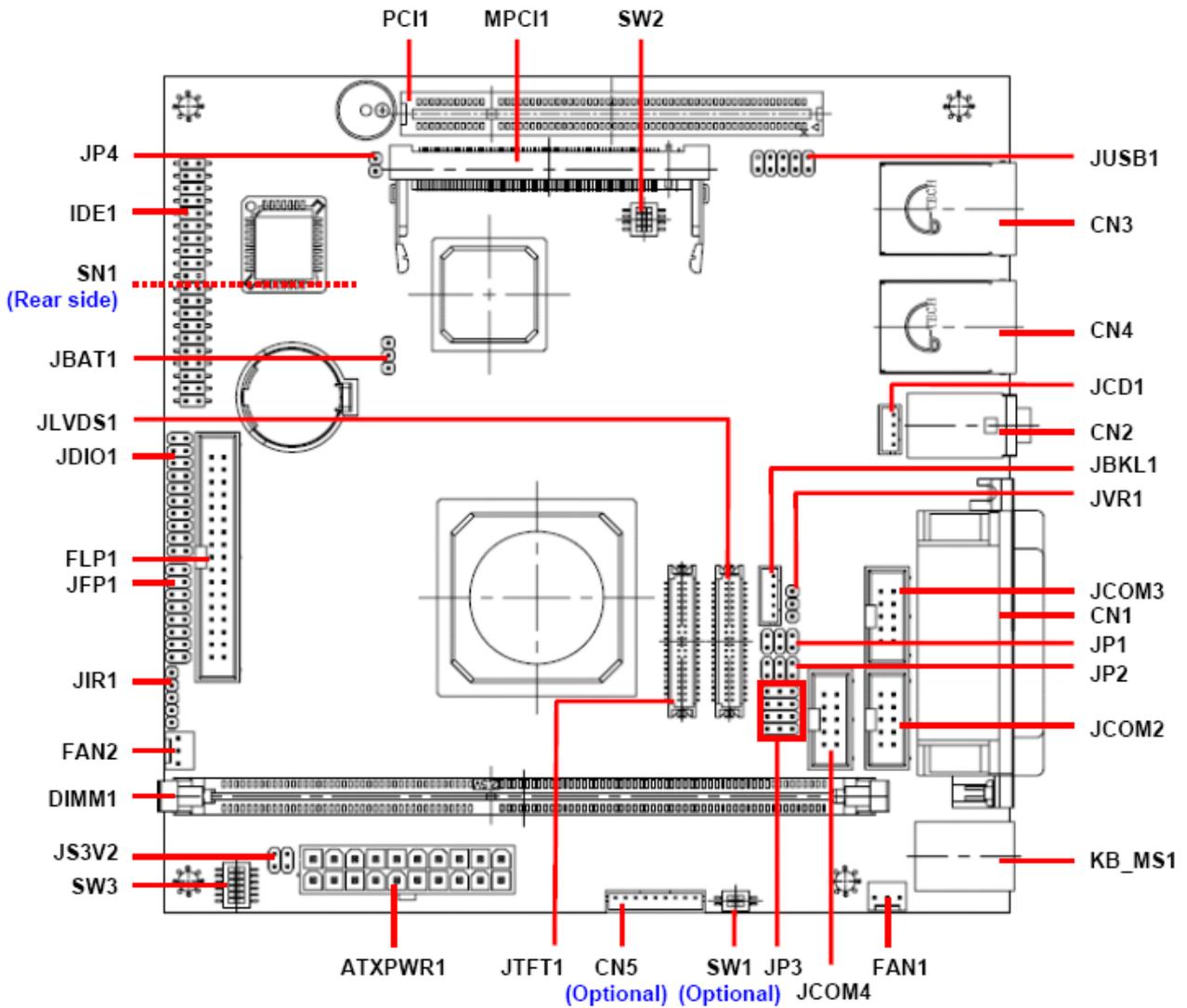
2.2 Installation Procedure

This chapter explains you the instructions of how to setup your system.

1. Turn off the power supply.
2. Insert the DIMM module (be careful with the orientation).
3. Insert all external cables for hard disk, floppy, keyboard, mouse, USB etc. except for flat panel. A CRT monitor must be connected in order to change CMOS settings to support flat panel.
4. Connect power supply to the board via the ATXPWR.
5. Turn on the power.
6. Enter the BIOS setup by pressing the delete key during boot up. Use the "LOAD BIOS DEFAULTS" feature. The *Integrated Peripheral Setup* and the *Standard CMOS Setup* Window must be entered and configured correctly to match the particular system configuration.
7. If TFT panel display is to be utilized, make sure the panel voltage is correctly set before connecting the display cable and turning on the power.

AIMB-220

2.2.1　　Main Memory

AIMB-220 provides one 184-pin DIMM socket to support DDR SDRAM. The total maximum memory size is 1GB.

DIMM1
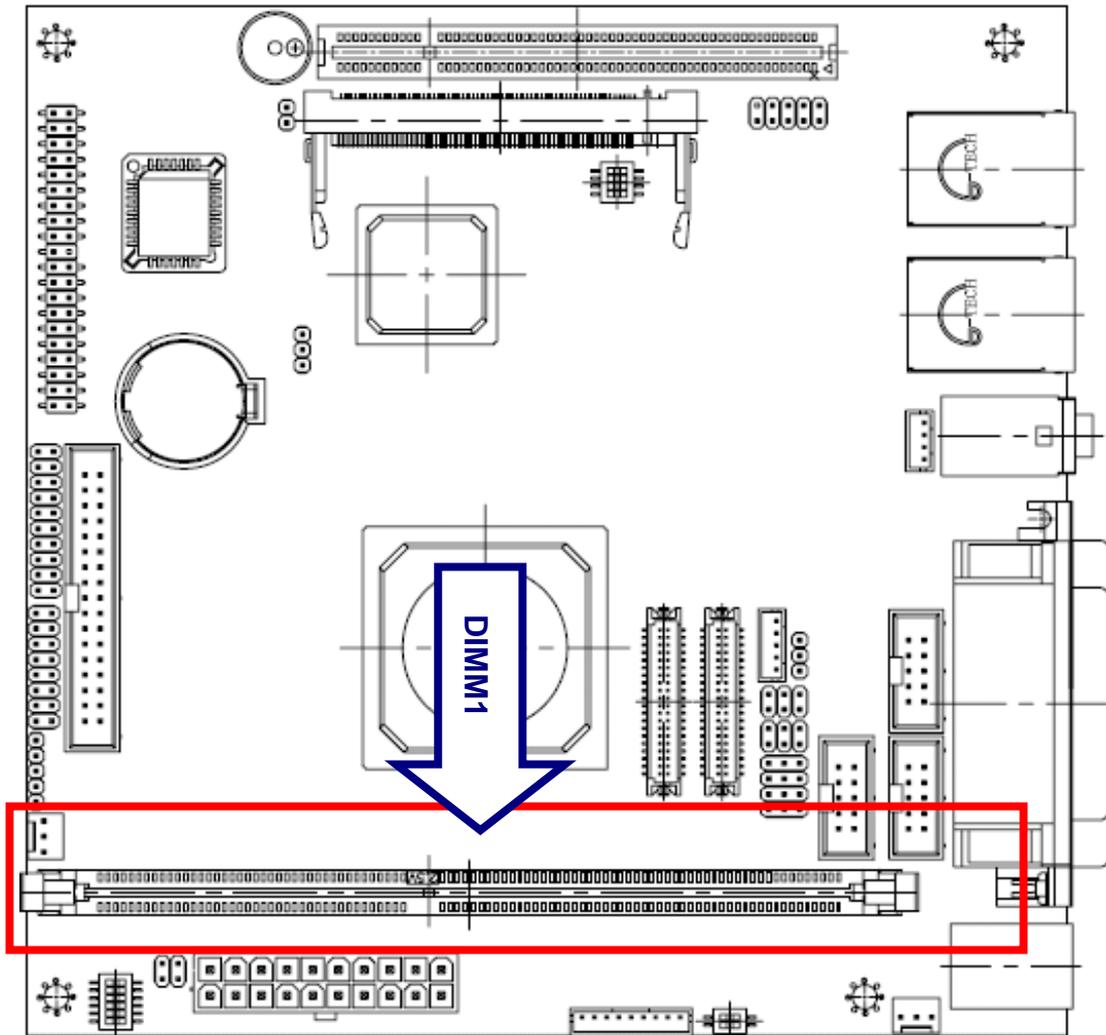
Make sure to unplug the power supply before adding or removing DIMMs or other system components. Failure to do so may cause severe damage to both the board and the components.

- Locate the DIMM slot on the board.
- Hold two edges of the DIMM module carefully. Keep away of touching its connectors.
- Align the notch key on the module with the rib on the slot.
- Firmly press the modules into the slot automatically snaps into the mounting notch. Do not force the DIMM module in with extra force as the DIMM module only fit in one direction.
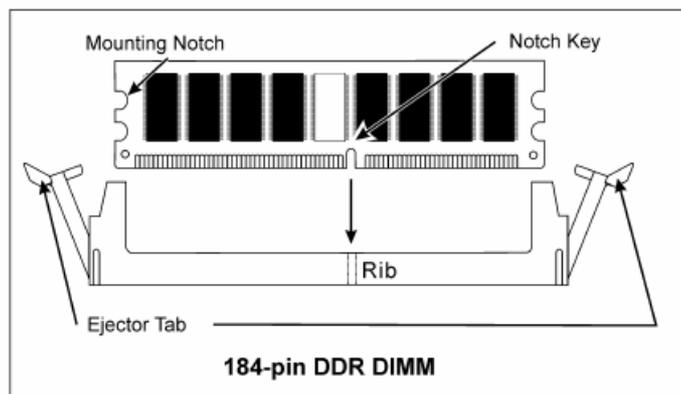
- To remove the DIMM module, push the two ejector tabs on the slot outward simultaneously, and then pull out the DIMM module.
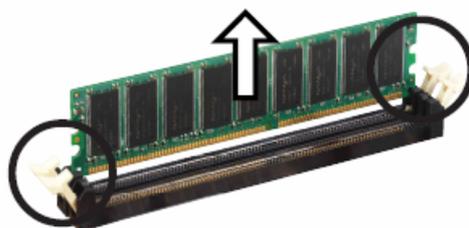
Note: (1) Please do not change any DDR SDRAM parameter in BIOS setup to increase your system's performance without acquiring technical information in advance.

(2) Static electricity can damage the electronic components of the computer or optional boards. Before starting these procedures, ensure that you are discharged of static electricity by touching a grounded metal object briefly.

2.3 Jumper and Connector List

You can configure your board to match the needs of your application by setting jumpers. A jumper is the simplest kind of electric switch.

It consists of two metal pins and a small metal clip (often protected by a plastic cover) that slides over the pins to connect them. To "close" a jumper you connect the pins with the clip. To "open" a jumper you remove the clip. Sometimes a jumper will have three pins, labeled 1, 2, and 3. In this case, you would connect either two pins.
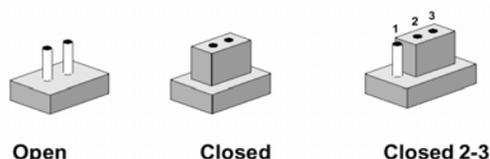
The jumper settings are schematically depicted in this manual as follows:

A pair of needle-nose pliers may be helpful when working with jumpers.

Connectors on the board are linked to external devices such as hard disk drives, a keyboard, or floppy drives. In addition, the board has a number of jumpers that allow you to configure your system to suit your application.

If you have any doubts about the best hardware configuration for your application, contact your local distributor or sales representative before you make any changes.

The following tables list the function of each of the board's jumpers and connectors.

Jumpers

Label	Function	Note
JBAT1	Clear CMOS	3 x 1 header, pitch 2.54mm
JP1, JP3	COM1 RS-232/422/485 select	3 x 2 header, pitch 2.54mm
		4 x 3 header, pitch 2.54mm
JP2	COM1 pin 9 signal select	3 x 2 header, pitch 2.54mm
JP4	CF master/slave mode select	2 x 1 header, pitch 2.54mm
JS3V2	ATX power used	2 x 2 header, pitch 2.54mm
SW1	4/5/8-wire touch screen select (Optional)	Switch
SW2	Micro DOC select	Switch
SW3	CPU/Memory frequency select	Switch

Connectors

Label	Function	Note
ATXPWR1	ATX Power connector	
CN1	Parallel port connector	D-sub 25-pin, female
	Serial port 1 connector	D-sub 9-pin, male
	VGA connector	D-sub 15-pin, female
CN2	Audio connector	Phone Jack X 3
CN3	RJ-45 Ethernet / USB 2 & 3 connector	
CN4	RJ-45 Ethernet / USB 0 & 1 connector	
CN5	4/5/8-wire touch screen connector (Optional)	9 x 1 wafer, pitch 2.0 mm
DIMM1	184-pin DDR SDRAM DIMM socket	
FAN1	System fan connector 1	3 x 1 wafer, pitch 2.54mm
FAN2	System fan connector 2	3 x 1 wafer, pitch 2.54mm
FLP1	Floppy connector	17 x 2 header, pitch 2.54mm
IDE1	Primary IDE connector	20 x 2 header, pitch 2.54mm
JBKL1	LCD inverter connector	5 x 1 wafer, pitch 2.0mm
JCD1	CD-ROM audio input connector	4 x 1 wafer, pitch 2.0mm
JCOM2	Serial port 2 connector	5 x 2 header, pitch 2.54mm
JCOM3	Serial port 3 connector	5 x 2 header, pitch 2.54mm
JCOM4	Serial port 4 connector	5 x 2 header, pitch 2.54mm
JDIO1	General purpose input/output connector	10 x 2 header, pitch 2.54mm
JFP1	Front panel connector	8 x 2 header, pitch 2.54mm
JIR1	IrDA connector	5 x 1 header, pitch 2.54mm
JLVDS1	LVDS connector	HIROSE DF13-40DP-1.25V
JTFT1	TFT panel connector	HIROSE DF13-40DP-1.25V
JUSB1	Micro DOC connector	5 x 2 header, pitch 2.54mm
JVR1	LCD backlight brightness adjustment connector	3 x 1 header, pitch 2.54mm
KB_MS1	PS/2 Keyboard & mouse connector	6-pin Mini-DIN x 2
MPCI1	Mini PCI slot	
PCI1	PCI slot	
SN1	CompactFlash card connector	

2.4 Setting Jumpers & Connectors

2.4.1 Clear CMOS (JBAT1)
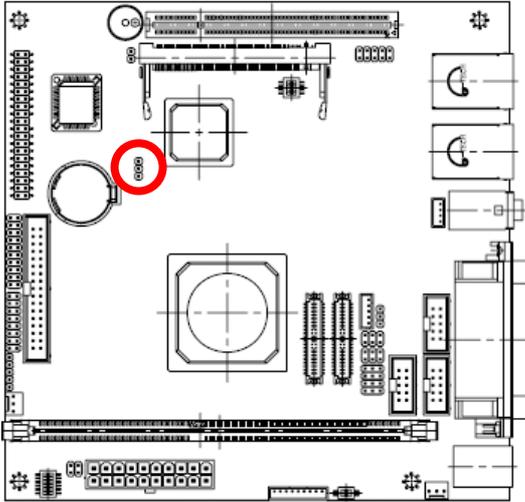
Protect*
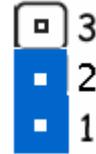
Clear CMOS
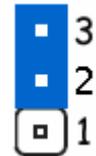
* Default

2.4.2 COM1 RS-232/422/485 Select (JP1, JP3)

JP1

JP3
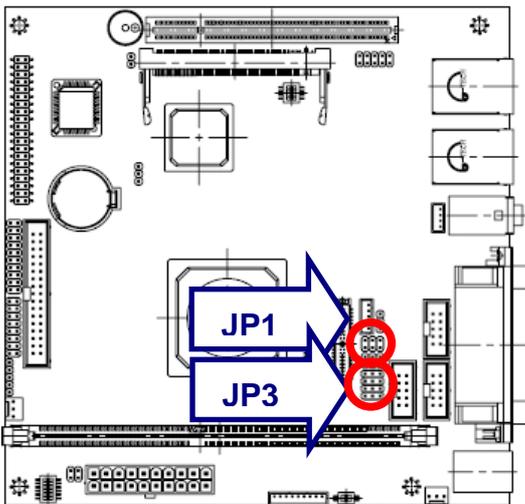
* Default

(JP1)
RS-232*
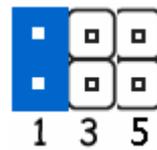
(JP3)
RS-232*
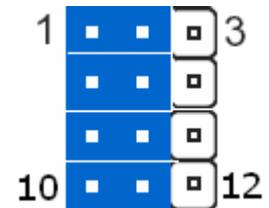
RS-422
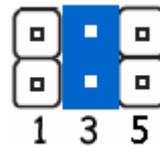
RS-422
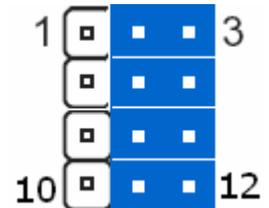
RS-485
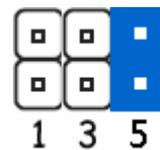
RS-485
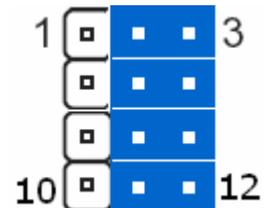
2.4.3   COM1 Pin 9 Signal Select (JP2)

+5V

Ring*

+12V
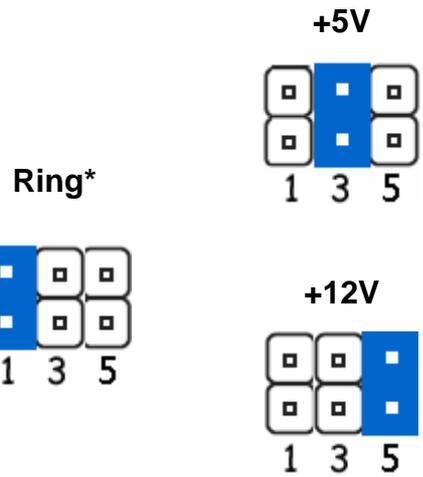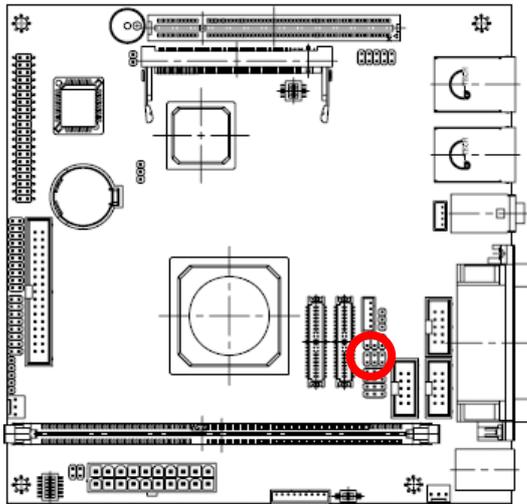
* Default

2.4.4   CF Master/Slave Mode Select (JP4)

Master

1 2

Slave*

1 2
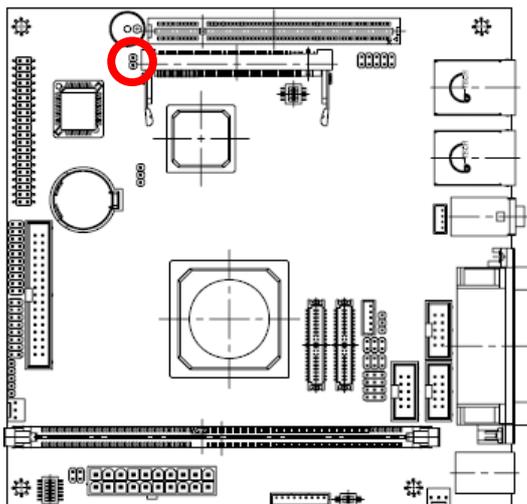
* Default

2.4.5   ATX Power Used (JS3V2)

2   4

1   3
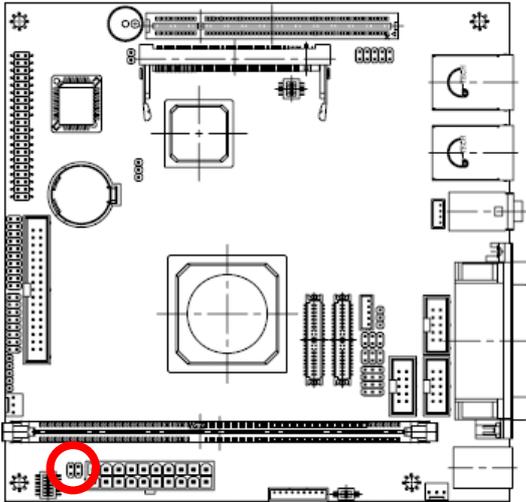
Note: JS3V2 is set for ATX power used, please do not remove the jumpers of 1-2, 3-4 while using.

2.4.6   4/5/8-wire Touch Screen Select (SW1) (Optional)
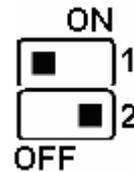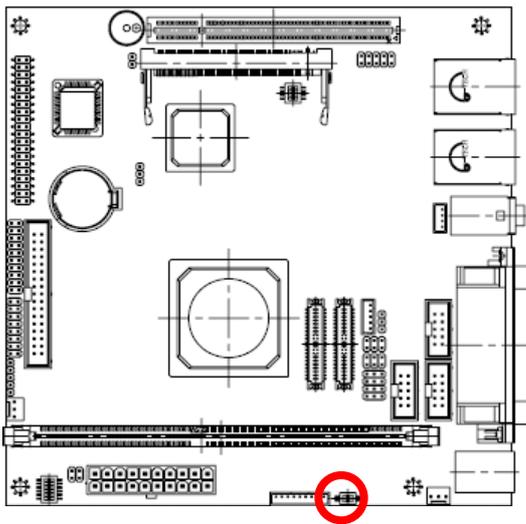
Wire	BIT1	BIT2
* 4, 8	OFF	ON
5	ON	OFF

* Default

2.4.7 Micro DOC Select (SW2)
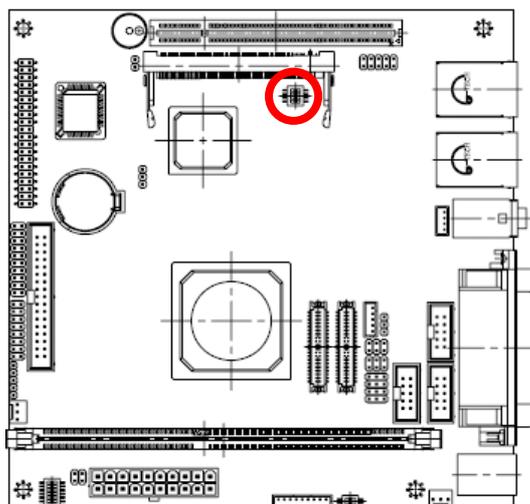
Default*
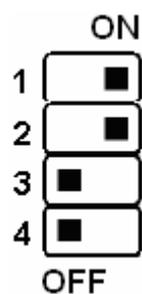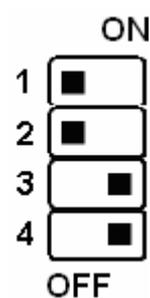
Micro DOC

* Default

Note:

JUSB1 (Micro DOC connector) uses the same port with the USB connector 3 (the bottom deck of **CN3**), and **SW2** is to select the USB connector 3 or Micro DOC function. The default setting of **SW2** is for USB connector 3 used.

2.4.8   CPU/Memory Frequency Select (SW3)
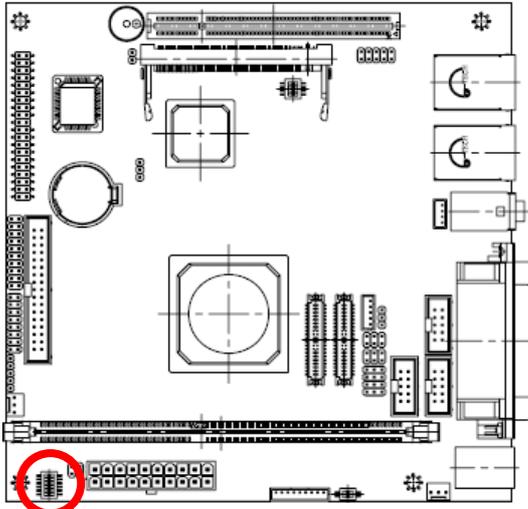
* Default

LX800
(CPU @ 500 MHz)

266 MHz* Memory	333 MHz Memory	400 MHz Memory

2.4.9   ATX Power Connector (ATXPWR1)
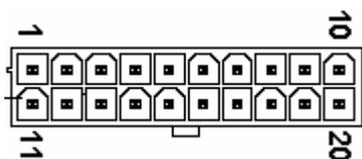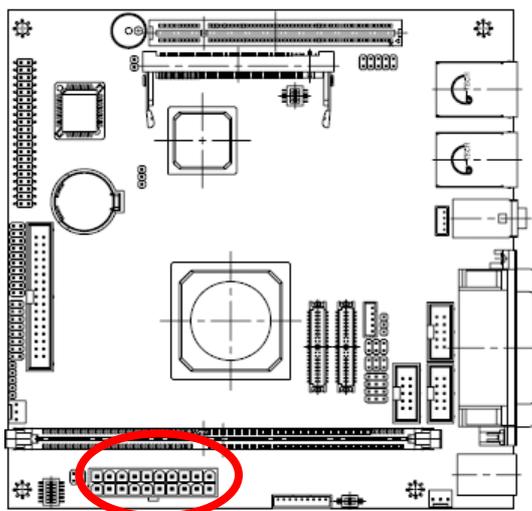
Signal	PIN	PIN	Signal
+12V	10	20	+5V
VCCSB	9	19	+5V
PWROK	8	18	-5V
GND	7	17	GND
+5V	6	16	GND
GND	5	15	GND
+5V	4	14	PS_ON
GND	3	13	GND
+3.3V	2	12	-12V
+3.3V	1	11	+3.3V

2.4.10 Parallel Port Connector & VGA Connector (CN1)
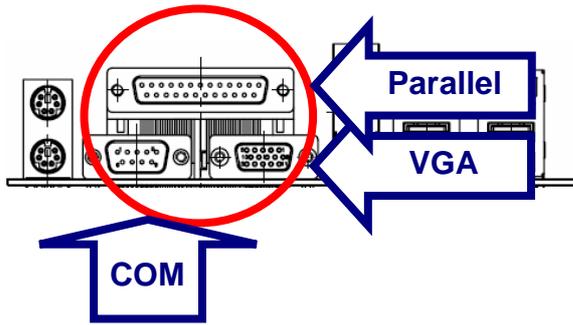
Port	Description
Parallel	Connects a parallel printer, a scanner, or other devices.
COM	For pointing devices or other serial devices

VGA

Signal	PIN			Signal
		6		GND
RED	1		11	NC
		7		GND
GREEN	2		12	DAT
		8		GND
BLUE	3		13	HSYNC
		9		VCC
NC	4		14	VSYNC
		10		GND
GND	5		15	DCK

2.4.10.1 Signal Description – VGA Connector (CN1)

Signal	Signal Description
HSYNC	CRT horizontal synchronisation output.
VSYNC	CRT vertical synchronisation output.
DCK	Display Data Channel Clock. Used as clock signal to/from monitors with DDC interface.
DAT	Display Data Channel Data. Used as data signal to/from monitors with DDC interface.
RED	Analog output carrying the red colour signal to the CRT. For 75 Ω cable impedance.
GREEN	Analog output carrying the green colour signal to the CRT. For 75 Ω cable impedance.
BLUE	Analog output carrying the blue colour signal to the CRT. For 75 Ω cable impedance.

2.4.11   Serial Port 1 Connector in RS-232 Mode (CN1)
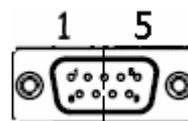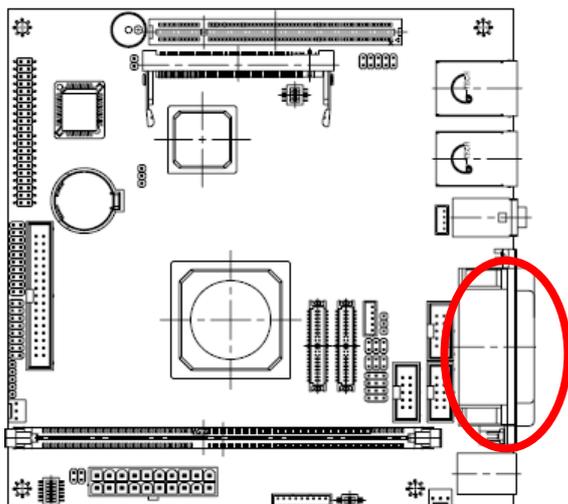
Signal	PIN	PIN	Signal
DCD	1	2	RxD
TxD	3	4	DTR
GND	5	6	DSR
RTS	7	8	CTS
RI/+5V/+12V	9	10	NC

2.4.11.1 Signal Description – Serial Port 1 Connector in RS-232 Mode (CN1)

Signal	Signal Description
TxD	Serial output. This signal sends serial data to the communication link. The signal is set to a marking state on hardware reset when the transmitter is empty or when loop mode operation is initiated.
RxD	Serial input. This signal receives serial data from the communication link.
DTR	Data Terminal Ready. This signal indicates to the modem or data set that the on-board UART is ready to establish a communication link.
DSR	Data Set Ready. This signal indicates that the modem or data set is ready to establish a communication link.
RTS	Request To Send. This signal indicates to the modem or data set that the on-board UART is ready to exchange data.
CTS	Clear To Send. This signal indicates that the modem or data set is ready to exchange data.
DCD	Data Carrier Detect. This signal indicates that the modem or data set has detected the data carrier.
RI	Ring Indicator. This signal indicates that the modem has received a telephone ringing signal.

2.4.12 Serial Port 1 Connector in RS-422 Mode (CN1)
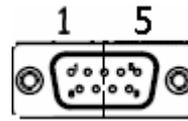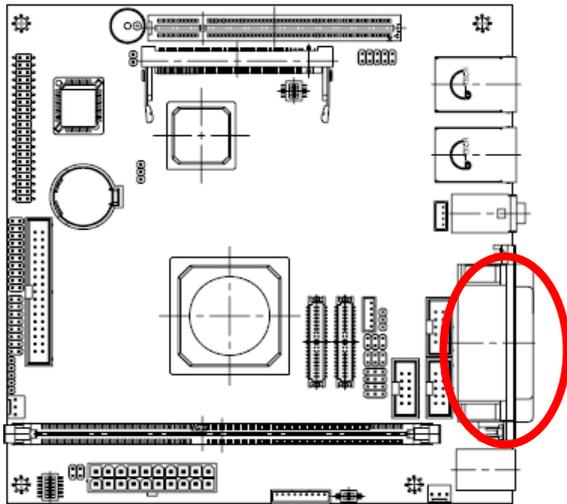
Signal	PIN	PIN	Signal
TxD-	1	2	RxD+
TxD+	3	4	RxD-
GND	5	6	NC
NC	7	8	NC
NC	9	10	NC

2.4.12.1 Signal Description – Serial Port 1 Connector in RS-422 Mode (CN1)

Signal	Signal Description
TxD+/-	Serial output. This differential signal pair sends serial data to the communication link. Data is transferred from Serial Port 2 Transmit Buffer Register to the communication link, if the RTS register of the Serial Port 2 is set to LOW.
RxD+/-	Serial input. This differential signal pair receives serial data from the communication link. Received data is available in Serial Port 2 Receiver Buffer Register.

2.4.13 Serial Port 1 Connector in RS-485 Mode (CN1)
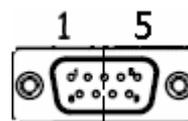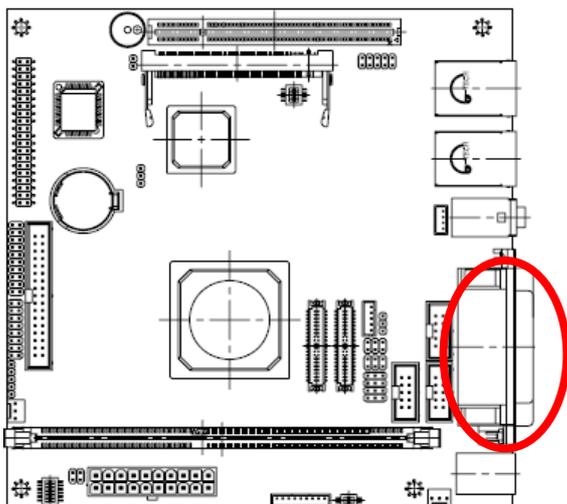
Signal	PIN	PIN	Signal
DATA-	1	2	NC
DATA+	3	4	NC
GND	5	6	NC
NC	7	8	NC
NC	9	10	NC

2.4.13.1 Signal Description – Serial Port 1 Connector in RS-485 Mode (CN1)

Signal	Signal Description
DATA+/-	This differential signal pair sends and receives serial data to the communication link. The mode of this differential signal pair is controlled through the RTS register of Serial Port 2. Set the RTS register of the Serial Port 2 to LOW for transmitting, HIGH for receiving.

Do not select a mode different from the one used by the connected peripheral, as this may damage CPU board and/or peripheral.

The transmitter drivers in the port are short circuit protected by a thermal protection circuit. The circuit disables the drivers when the die temperature reaches 150 °C.

RS-422 mode is typically used in point to point communication. Data and control signal pairs should be terminated in the receiver end with a resistor matching the cable impedance (typical 100-120 Ω). The resistors could be placed in the connector housing.

RS-485 mode is typically used in multi drop applications, where more than 2 units are communicating. The data and control signal pairs should be terminated in each end of the communication line with a resistor matching the cable impedance (typical 100-120 Ω). Stubs to substations should be avoided.

2.4.14 Audio Connector (CN2)
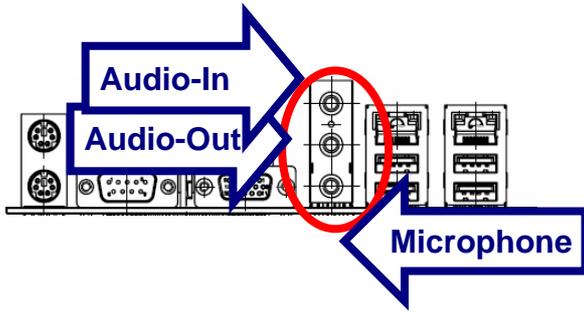
Port	Description
Audio-In	Connects a tape player or other audio sources.
Audio-Out	Connects a headphone or a speaker.
Microphone	Connects a microphone.

2.4.15 RJ-45 Ethernet / USB 3, 4, 1 & 2 Connectors (CN3, CN4)
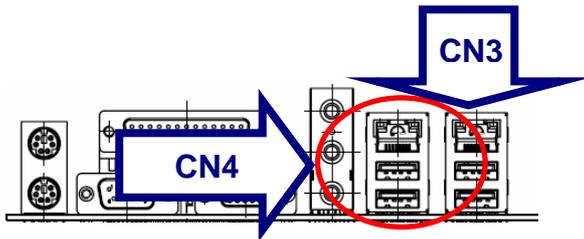
Port	Description
RJ-45	Allows connection to a Local Area Network (LAN) through a network hub.
USB 2.0	For connecting USB port 3, 4 (CN3), 1, 2 (CN4)

2.4.16 4/5/8-Wire Touch Screen Connector (CN5) (Optional)
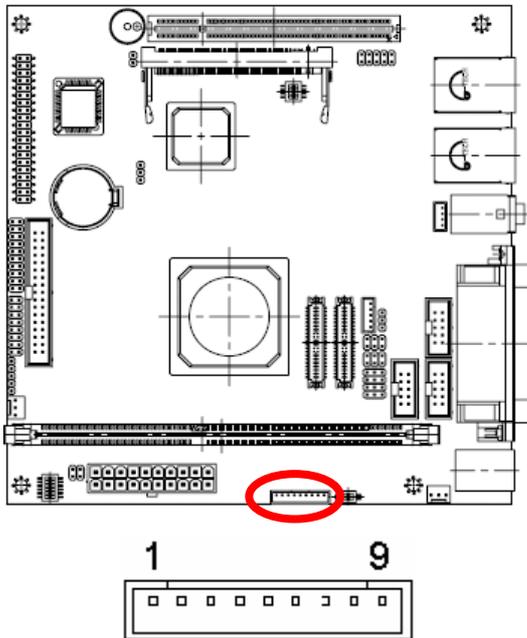
PIN	4-Wire	5-Wire	8-Wire
1	NA	NA	Right Sense
2	NA	NA	Left Sense
3	NA	NA	Bottom Sense
4	NA	Sense	Top Sense
5	Right	LR	Right Excite
6	Left	LL	Left Excite
7	Bottom	UR	Bottom Excite
8	Top	UL	Top Excite
9	GND	GND	GND

2.4.17 Floppy Connector (FLP1)
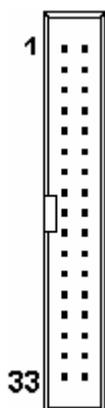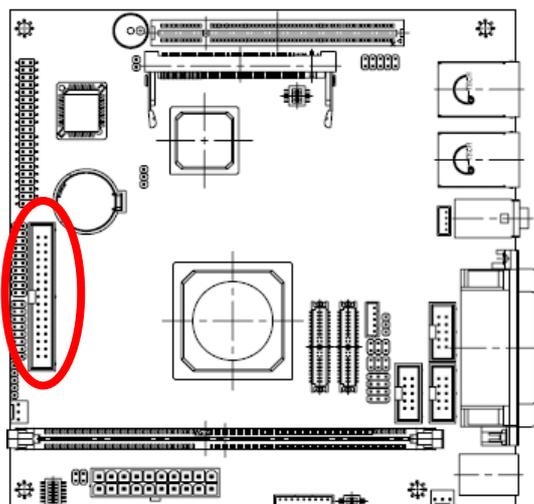
Signal	PIN	PIN	Signal
GND	1	2	REDWC
GND	3	4	NC
GND	5	6	NC
GND	7	8	INDEX
GND	9	10	MOTSA
GND	11	12	DRVSB
GND	13	14	DRVSA
GND	15	16	MOTEB
GND	17	18	DIR
GND	19	20	STEP
GND	21	22	WDATA
GND	23	24	WGATE
GND	25	26	TK00
GND	27	28	WPT
GND	29	30	RDATA
GND	31	32	SIDE1
GND	33	34	DSKCHG

2.4.17.1 Signal Description – Floppy Connector (FLP1)

Signal	Signal Description
RDATA	The read data input signal from the FDD.
WDATA	Write data. This logic low open drain writes pre-compensation serial data to the selected FDD. An open drain output.
WGATE	Write enable. An open drain output.
MOATSA	Motor A On. When set to 0, this pin enables disk drive 0. This is an open drain output.
MOTEB	Motor B On. When set to 0, this pin enables disk drive 1. This is an open drain output.
DRVSA	Drive Select A. When set to 0, this pin enables disk drive A. This is an open drain output.
DRVSB	Drive Select B. When set to 0, this pin enables disk drive B. This is an open drain output.
SIDE1	This output signal selects side of the disk in the selected drive.
DIR	Direction of the head step motor. An open drain output Logic 1 = outward motion Logic 0 = inward motion
STEP	Step output pulses. This active low open drain output produces a pulse to move the head to another track.
REDWC	This output indicates whether a low drive density (250/300kbps at low level) or a high drive density (500/1000kbps at high level) has been selected.
TK00	Track 0. This Schmitt-triggered input from the disk drive is active low when the head is positioned over the outermost track.
INDEX	This Schmitt-triggered input from the disk drive is active low when the head is positioned over the beginning of a track marked by an index hole.
WPT	Write protected. This active low Schmitt input from the disk drive indicates that the diskette is write-protected.
DSKCHG	Diskette change. This signal is active low at power on and whenever the diskette is removed.

2.4.18 IDE Connector (IDE_1)
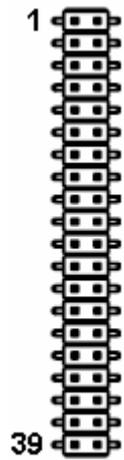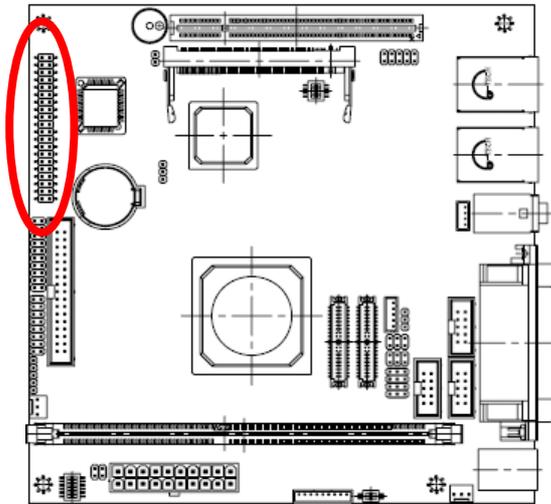
Signal	PIN	PIN	Signal
RESET#	1	2	GND
PDD7	3	4	PDD8
PDD6	5	6	PDD9
PDD5	7	8	PDD10
PDD4	9	10	PDD11
PDD3	11	12	PDD12
PDD2	13	14	PDD13
PDD1	15	16	PDD14
PDD0	17	18	PDD15
GND	19	20	NC
PDREQ	21	22	GND
PDIOW#	23	24	GND
PDIOR#	25	26	GND
PIORDY	27	28	GND
PDDACK#	29	30	GND
IRQ14	31	32	NC
PDA1	33	34	PATADET
PDA0	35	36	PDA2
PDCS1#	37	38	PDCS3#
IDEACTP#	39	40	GND

2.4.18.1 Signal Description – IDE Connector (IDE_1)

The IDE interface supports PIO modes 0 to 4 and Bus Master IDE. Data transfer rates up to 100 MB/Sec is possible.

Signal	Signal Description
DA [2:0]	IDE Address Bits. These address bits are used to access a register or data port in a device on the IDE bus.
DCS1#, DCS3#	IDE Chip Selects. The chip select signals are used to select the command block registers in an IDE device. DCS1# selects the primary hard disk.
D [15:0]	IDE Data Lines. D [15:0] transfers data to/from the IDE devices.
IOR#	IDE I/O Read. Signal is asserted on read accesses to the corresponding IDE port addresses.
IOW#	IDE I/O Write. Each signal is asserted on write accesses to corresponding the IDE port addresses.
IORDY	When deasserted, these signals extend the transfer cycle of any host register access when the device is not ready to respond to the data transfer request.
RESET#	IDE Reset. This signal resets all the devices that are attached to the IDE interface.
IRQ14	Interrupt line from hard disk. Connected directly to PC-AT bus.
DREQ	The DREQ is used to request a DMA transfer from the South Bridge. The direction of the transfers is determined by the IOR#/IOW# signals.
DACK#	DMA Acknowledge. The DACK# acknowledges the DREQ request to initiate DMA transfers.
DACT#	Signal from hard disk indicating hard disk activity. The signal level depends on the hard disk type, normally active low. The signal is routed directly to the LED1.
PATADET, SATADET	Primary/Secondary IDE detected.

2.4.19   LCD Inverter Connector (JBKL1)
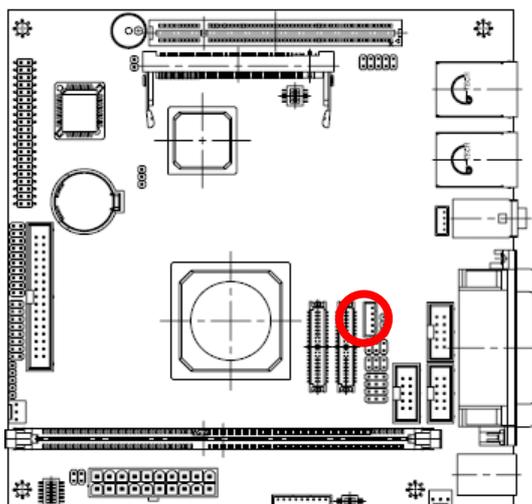
Signal	PIN
+12V	1
GND	2
ENBKL	3
VR	4
+5V	5

Note:

For inverters with adjustable Backlight function, it is possible to control the LCD brightness through the VR signal controlled by **JVR1**. Please see the **JVR1** section for detailed circuitry information.

2.4.19.1   Signal Description – LCD Inverter Connector (JBKL1)

Signal	Signal Description
VR	Vadj = 0.75V ~ 4.25V (Recommended: 4.7KΩ, >1/16W)
ENBKL	LCD backlight ON/OFF control signal

2.4.20 CD-ROM Audio Input Connector (JCD1)
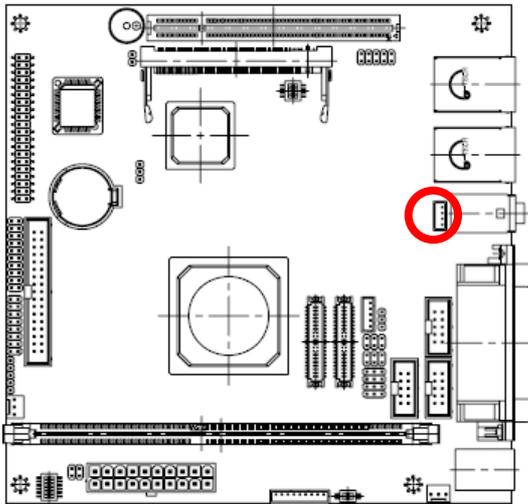
Signal	PIN
NC	1
CD_L	2
GND	3
CD_R	4

2.4.20.1 Signal Description – CD-ROM Audio Input Connector (JCD1)

Signal	Signal Description
CD_R	Right CD-IN signal
CD_L	Left CD-IN signal

2.4.21 Serial Port 2, 3 & 4 Connector (JCOM2, JCOM3, JCOM4)
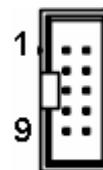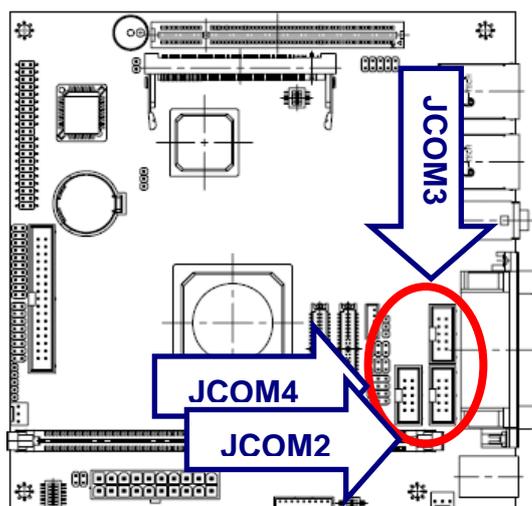
Signal	PIN	PIN	Signal
DCD	1	2	RxD
TxD	3	4	DTR
GND	5	6	DSR
RTS	7	8	CTS
RI	9	10	NC

2.4.21.1 Signal Description – Serial Port 2/3/4 Connector (JCOM2, JCOM3, JCOM4)

Signal	Signal Description
TxD	Serial output. This signal sends serial data to the communication link. The signal is set to a marking state on hardware reset when the transmitter is empty or when loop mode operation is initiated.
RxD	Serial input. This signal receives serial data from the communication link.
DTR	Data Terminal Ready. This signal indicates to the modem or data set that the on-board UART is ready to establish a communication link.
DSR	Data Set Ready. This signal indicates that the modem or data set is ready to establish a communication link.
RTS	Request To Send. This signal indicates to the modem or data set that the on-board UART is ready to exchange data.
CTS	Clear To Send. This signal indicates that the modem or data set is ready to exchange data.
DCD	Data Carrier Detect. This signal indicates that the modem or data set has detected the data carrier.
RI	Ring Indicator. This signal indicates that the modem has received a telephone ringing signal.

2.4.22 General Purpose Input/Output Connector (JDIO1)

Signal	PIN	PIN	Signal
GPO20	1	2	GPI10
GPO21	3	4	GPI11
GPO22	5	6	GPI12
GPO23	7	8	GPI13
GPO30	9	10	GPI14
GPO31	11	12	GPI15
GPO32	13	14	GPI16
GPO33	15	16	GPI17
SMB_CLK_S	17	18	SMB_DATA_S
GND	19	20	+5V

2.4.22.1 Signal Description – Digital Input / Output Connector (JDIO1)

Signal	Signal Description
DI [0:17]	Digital Input/Output Data Bit 0 to Bit 17
SMB_CLK	Data input for I^{2}C input, 5V tolerant
SMB_DATA	Data input for I^{2}C serial input, 5V tolerant

2.4.23   Front Panel Connector (JFP1)
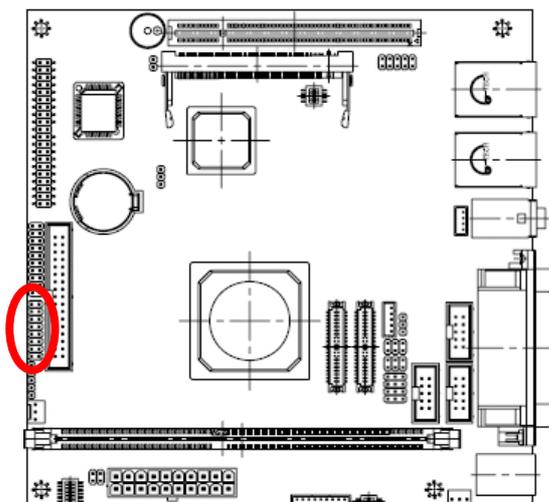
Signal	PIN	PIN	Signal
RESET	1	2	SYS_LED+
GND	3	4	SYS_LED-
HDD_LED+	5	6	PWR_LED+
HDD_LED-	7	8	PWR_LED-
GND	9	10	SUS_LED+
PWR_BUT	11	12	SUS_LED-
SUS_BUT	13	14	SPK+
GND	15	16	SPK-
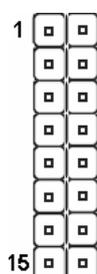
2.4.23.1   Signal Description – Front Panel Connecter (JFP1)

PIN No.	Description
1, 3	Reset SW
2, 4	System LED
5, 7	HDD LED
6, 8	Power-On LED
9, 11	Power SW
10, 12	Suspend LED
13, 15	Suspend SW
14, 16	Speaker

2.4.24   IrDA Connector (JIR1)
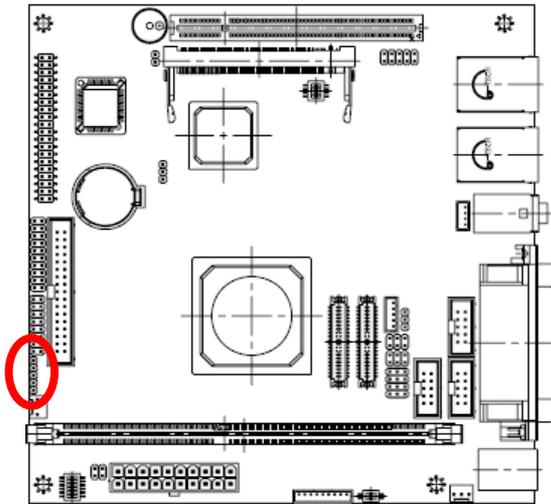
Signal	PIN
+5V	1
NC	2
IRRX	3
GND	4
IRTX	5

2.4.24.1   Signal Description – IrDA Connecter (JIR1)

Signal	Signal Description
IRRX	Infrared Receiver input
IRTX	Infrared Transmitter output

2.4.25   LVDS Connector (JLVDS1)
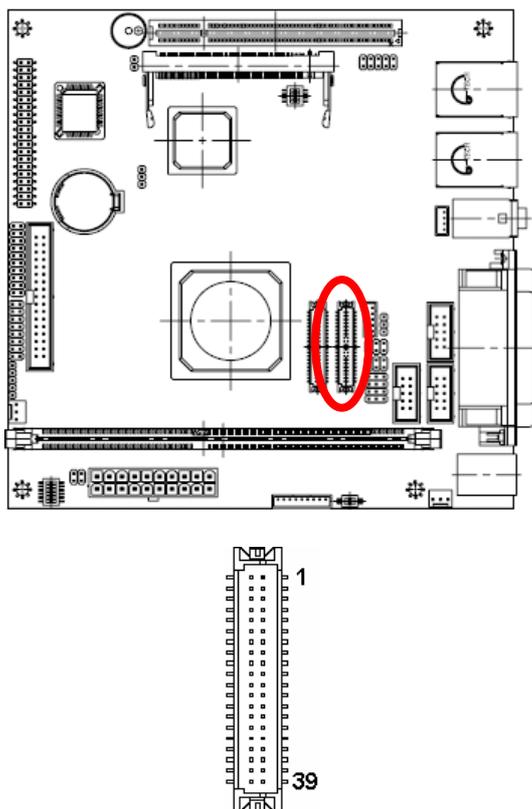
Signal	PIN	PIN	Signal
+5V	2	1	+3.3V
+5V	4	3	+3.3V
I^{2}C_DAT	6	5	I^{2}C_CLK
GND	8	7	GND
Txout0	10	9	Txout1
Txout0#	12	11	Txout1#
GND	14	13	GND
Txout2	16	15	Txout3
Txout2#	18	17	Txout3#
GND	20	19	GND
NC	22	21	NC
NC	24	23	NC
GND	26	25	GND
NC	28	27	NC
NC	30	29	NC
GND	32	31	GND
Txclk	34	33	NC
Txclk#	36	35	NC
GND	38	37	GND
+12V	40	39	+12V

2.4.25.1   Signal Description – LVDS Connector (JLVDS1)

Signal	Description
I^{2}C_DAT, I^{2}C_CLK	I^{2}C interface for panel parameter EEPROM. This EERPOM is mounted on the LVDS receiver. The data in the EEPROM allows the EXT module to automatically set the proper timing parameters for a specific LCD panel.

2.4.26 TFT Panel Connector (JTFT1)
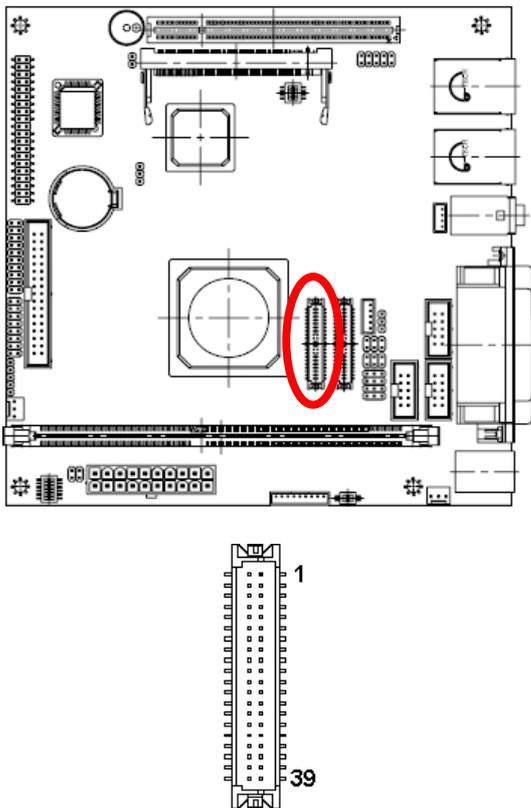
Signal	PIN	PIN	Signal
+5V	2	1	+5V
GND	4	3	GND
+3.3V	6	5	+3.3V
GND	8	7	NC
P1	10	9	P0
P3	12	11	P2
P5	14	13	P4
P7	16	15	P6
P9	18	17	P8
P11	20	19	P10
P13	22	21	P12
P15	24	23	P14
P17	26	25	P16
P19	28	27	P18
P21	30	29	P20
P23	32	31	P22
GND	34	33	GND
FLM	36	35	SHFCLK
LP	38	37	M
NC	40	39	ENBKL

2.4.26.1 Signal Description – TFT Panel Connector (JTFT1)

Signal	Description
P [0:23]	Flat panel data output for 18/24 bit TFT flat panels. Refer to table below for configurations for various panel types. The flat panel data and control outputs are all on-board controlled for secure power-on/off sequencing
SHFCLK	Shift Clock. Pixel clock for flat panel data
LP	Flat panel equivalent of HSYNC (horizontal synchronization)
FLM	Flat panel equivalent of VSYNC (vertical synchronization)
M	Multipurpose signal, function depends on panel type. May be used as AC drive control signal or as BLANK# or Display Enable signal
ENBKL	Enable backlight signal. This signal is controlled as a part of the panel power sequencing

2.4.26.2   Signal Description – TFT Panel Display (JTFT1)

Signal	18-bit TFT	24-bit TFT
P0	-	B0
P1	-	B1
P2	B0	B2
P3	B1	B3
P4	B2	B4
P5	B3	B5
P6	B4	B6
P7	B5	B7
P8	-	G0
P9	-	G1
P10	G0	G2
P11	G1	G3
P12	G2	G4
P13	G3	G5
P14	G4	G6
P15	G5	G7
P16	-	R0
P17	-	R1
P18	R0	R2
P19	R1	R3
P20	R2	R4
P21	R3	R5
P22	R4	R6
P23	R5	R7

2.4.27 Micro DOC Connector (JUSB1)
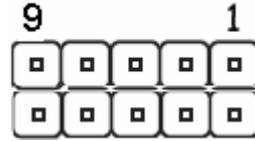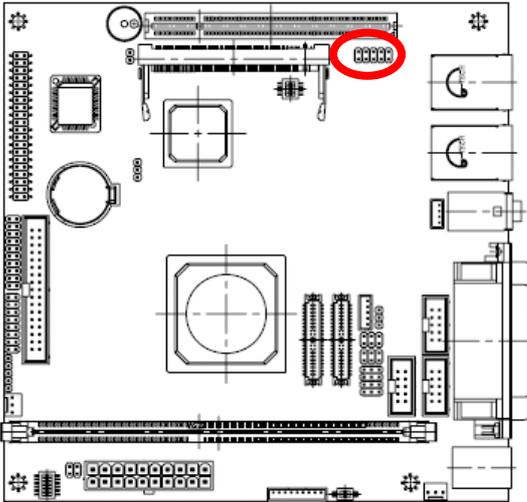
Signal	PIN	PIN	Signal
+5V	1	2	NC
ISUSB3-	3	4	NC
ISUSB3+	5	6	NC
GND	7	8	NC
NC	9	10	NC

Note:

JUSB1 uses the same port with the USB connector 3 (the bottom deck of **CN3**), so please set **SW2** to Micro DOC mode if **JUSB1** is used.

2.4.28 LCD Backlight Brightness Adjustment Connector (JVR1)
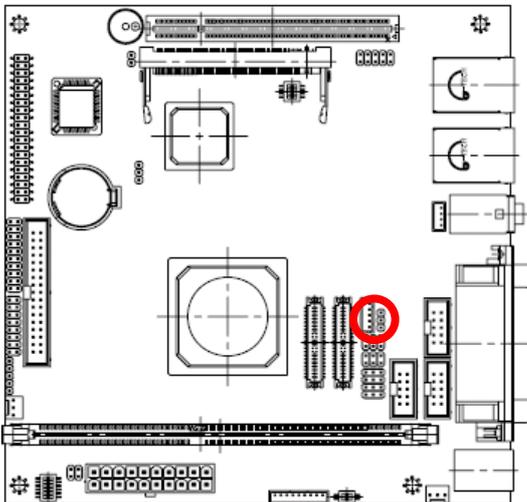
Signal	PIN
+5V	1
VR	2
GND	3
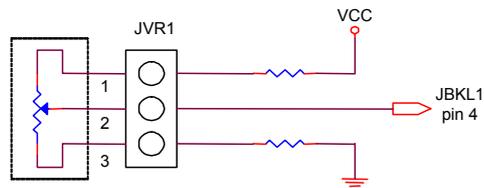
Variation Resistor

(Recommended: 4.7KΩ, >1/16W)

3. BIOS Setup

3.1 Starting Setup

The AwardBIOS™ is immediately activated when you first power on the computer. The BIOS reads the system information contained in the CMOS and begins the process of checking out the system and configuring it. When it finishes, the BIOS will seek an operating system on one of the disks and then launch and turn control over to the operating system.

While the BIOS is in control, the Setup program can be activated in one of two ways:

By pressing <Del> immediately after switching the system on, or

By pressing the <Del> key when the following message appears briefly at the bottom of the screen during the POST (Power On Self Test).

Press DEL to enter SETUP

If the message disappears before you respond and you still wish to enter Setup, restart the system to try again by turning it OFF then ON or pressing the "RESET" button on the system case. You may also restart by simultaneously pressing <Ctrl>, <Alt>, and <Delete> keys. If you do not press the keys at the correct time and the system does not boot, an error message will be displayed and you will again be asked to.

Press F1 to Continue, DEL to enter SETUP

3.2 Using Setup

In general, you use the arrow keys to highlight items, press <Enter> to select, use the PageUp and PageDown keys to change entries, press <F1> for help and press <Esc> to quit. The following table provides more detail about how to navigate in the Setup program using the keyboard.

Button	Description
	Move to previous item
	Move to next item
	Move to the item in the left hand
	Move to the item in the right hand
Esc key	Main Menu -- Quit and not save changes into CMOS Status Page Setup Menu and Option Page Setup Menu -- Exit current page and return to Main Menu
PgUp key	Increase the numeric value or make changes
PgDn key	Decrease the numeric value or make changes
+ key	Increase the numeric value or make changes
- key	Decrease the numeric value or make changes
F1 key	General help, only for Status Page Setup Menu and Option Page Setup Menu
(Shift) F2 key	Change color from total 16 colors. F2 to select color forward, (Shift) F2 to select color backward
F3 key	Calendar, only for Status Page Setup Menu
F4 key	Reserved
F5 key	Restore the previous CMOS value from CMOS, only for Option Page Setup Menu
F6 key	Load the default CMOS value from BIOS default table, only for Option Page Setup Menu
F7 key	Load the default
F8 key	Reserved
F9 key	Reserved
F10 key	Save all the CMOS changes, only for Main Menu

- **Navigating Through The Menu Bar**
  Use the left and right arrow keys to choose the menu you want to be in.

Note: Some of the navigation keys differ from one screen to another.

- **To Display a Sub Menu**
  Use the arrow keys to move the cursor to the sub menu you want. Then press <Enter>.   A "➢" pointer marks all sub menus.

3.3 Getting Help

Press F1 to pop up a small help window that describes the appropriate keys to use and the possible selections for the highlighted item. To exit the Help Window press <Esc> or the F1 key again.

3.4 In Case of Problems

If, after making and saving system changes with Setup, you discover that your computer no longer is able to boot, the AwardBIOS™ supports an override to the CMOS settings which resets your system to its defaults.

The best advice is to only alter settings which you thoroughly understand. To this end, we strongly recommend that you avoid making any changes to the chipset defaults. These defaults have been carefully chosen by both Award and your systems manufacturer to provide the absolute maximum performance and reliability. Even a seemingly small change to the chipset setup has the potential for causing you to use the override.

3.5 Main Menu

Once you enter the AwardBIOS™ CMOS Setup Utility, the Main Menu will appear on the screen. The Main Menu allows you to select from several setup functions and two exit choices. Use the arrow keys to select among the items and press <Enter> to accept and enter the sub-menu.

Note that a brief description of each highlighted selection appears at the bottom of the screen.

```
            Phoenix - AwardBIOS CMOS Setup Utility

   ▶ Standard CMOS Features          Load Fail-Safe Defaults

   ▶ Advanced BIOS Features          Load Optimized Defaults

   ▶ Advanced Chipset Features       Set Supervisor Password

   ▶ Integrated Peripherals          Set User Password

   ▶ Power Management Setup          Save & Exit Setup

   ▶ PnP/PCI Configurations          Exit Without Saving

   ▶ PC Health Status


   Esc : Quit         F9 : Menu in BIOS     ↑ ↓ → ←   : Select Item
   F10 : Save & Exit Setup

                 Time, Date, Hard Disk Type...
```

Note: The BIOS setup screens shown in this chapter are for reference purposes only, and may not exactly match what you see on your screen.
Visit the Advantech website (www.Advantech.com.tw) to download the latest product and BIOS information.

AIMB-220

3.5.1   Standard CMOS Features

The items in Standard CMOS Setup Menu are divided into few categories. Each category includes no, one or more than one setup items. Use the arrow keys to highlight the item and then use the <PgUp> or <PgDn> keys to select the value you want in each item.

```
          Phoenix - AwardBIOS CMOS Setup Utility
                    Standard CMOS Features

    Date (mm:dd:yy)        Wed, Feb 22 2006         Item Help
    Time (hh:mm:ss)         3 :  5 :  6
                                              Menu Level    ▶
  ▶ IDE Primary Master
  ▶ IDE Primary Slave                         Change the day, month,
                                              year and century
    Drive A                [1.44M, 3.5 in.]
    Drive B                [None]

    Video                  [EGA/VGA]
    Halt On                [All , But Disk/Key]

    Base Memory                  640K
    Extended Memory            15360K
    Total Memory               16384K


↑↓→←:Move  Enter:Select  +/-/PU/PD:Value  F10:Save  ESC:Exit  F1:General Help
   F5: Previous Values      F6: Fail-Safe Defaults    F7: Optimized Defaults
```

3.5.1.1 Main Menu Selection

This reference table shows the selections that you may make on the Main Menu.

Item	Options	Description
Time	HH : MM : SS	Set the system time
IDE Primary Master IDE Primary Slave	Options are in 3.5.1.2	Press <Enter> to enter the sub menu of detailed options
Drive A Drive B	None 360K, 5.25 in 1.2M, 5.25 in 720K, 3.5 in 1.44M, 3.5 in 2.88M, 3.5 in	Select the type of floppy disk drive installed in your system
Video	EGA/VGA CGA 40 CGA 80 MONO	Select the default video device
Halt On	All Errors No Errors All, but Keyboard All, but Diskette All, but Disk/Key	Select the situation in which you want the BIOS to stop the POST process and notify you

3.5.1.2 IDE Adapter Setup

The IDE adapters control the hard disk drive. Use a separate sub menu to configure each hard disk drive. The below Figure will shows the IDE primary master sub menu.

Item	Options	Description
IDE HDD Auto-detection	Press Enter	Press Enter to auto-detect the HDD on this channel. If detection is successful, it fills the remaining fields on this menu.
IDE Primary Master IDE Primary Slave,	None Auto Manual	Selecting 'manual' lets you set the remaining fields on this screen. Selects the type of fixed disk. "User Type" will let you select the number of cylinders, heads, etc. Note: PRECOMP=65535 means NONE !
Access Mode	CHS LBA Large Auto	Choose the access mode for this hard disk
The following options are selectable only if the 'IDE Channel …' item is set to 'Manual'		
Cylinder	Min = 0 Max = 65535	Set the number of cylinders for this hard disk.
Head	Min = 0 Max = 255	Set the number of read/write heads
Precomp	Min = 0 Max = 65535	**** **Warning**: Setting a value of 65535 means no hard disk
Landing zone	Min = 0 Max = 65535	****
Sector	Min = 0 Max = 255	Number of sectors per track

3.5.2 Advanced BIOS Features

This section allows you to configure your system for basic operation. You have the opportunity to select the system's default speed, boot-up sequence, keyboard operation, shadowing and security.

```
           Phoenix - AwardBIOS CMOS Setup Utility
                    Advanced BIOS Features
┌───────────────────────────────────────────────┬──────────────────────┐
│  Virus Warning              [Disabled]         │       Item Help       │
│  CPU Internal Cache         [Enabled]          │                       │
│  Quick Power On Self Test   [Enabled]          │  Menu Level     ▶     │
│  First Boot Device          [Floppy]           │                       │
│  Second Boot Device         [HDD-0]            │  Allows you to choose │
│  Third Boot Device          [LS120]            │  the VIRUS warning    │
│  Boot Other Device          [Enabled]          │  feature for IDE Hard │
│  Swap Floppy Drive          [Disabled]         │  Disk boot sector     │
│  Boot Up Floppy Seek        [Enabled]          │  protection. If this  │
│  Boot Up NumLock Status     [On]               │  function is enabled  │
│  Gate A20 Option            [Fast]             │  and someone attempt  │
│  Typematic Rate Setting     [Disabled]         │  to write data into   │
│ x Typematic Rate (Chars/Sec) 6                 │  this area , BIOS     │
│ x Typematic Delay (Msec)     250               │  will show a warning  │
│  Security Option            [Setup]            │  message on screen    │
│  OS Select For DRAM > 64MB  [Non-OS2]          │  and alarm beep       │
│  Full Screen LOGO Show      [Disabled]         │                       │
│  Small Logo(EPA) Show       [Disabled]         │                       │
│  Onboard Lan Boot ROM       [Disabled]         │                       │
├───────────────────────────────────────────────┴──────────────────────┤
│ ↑↓→←:Move  Enter:Select  +/-/PU/PD:Value  F10:Save  ESC:Exit  F1:General Help │
│      F5: Previous Values    F6: Fail-Safe Defaults   F7: Optimized Defaults   │
└────────────────────────────────────────────────────────────────────────┘
```

3.5.2.1 Virus Warning

Allows you to choose the VIRUS Warning feature for IDE Hard Disk boot sector protection. If this function is enabled and someone attempt to write data into this area, BIOS will show a warning message on screen and alarm beep.

Item	Description
Enabled	Activates automatically when the system boots up causing a warning message to appear when anything attempts to access the boot sector or hard disk partition table.
Disabled	No warning message will appear when anything attempts to access the boot sector or hard disk partition table.

3.5.2.2 CPU Internal Cache

This category speeds up memory access. However, it depends on CPU/chipset design. The default value is en able.

Item	Description
Enabled	Enable cache
Disabled	Disable cache

3.5.2.3 Quick Power On Self Test

This category speeds up Power On Self Test (POST) after you power up the computer. If it is set to Enable, BIOS will shorten or skip some check items during POST.

Item	Description
Enabled	Enable quick POST
Disabled	Normal POST

3.5.2.4 First/Second/Third/Other Boot Device

The BIOS attempts to load the operating system from the devices in the sequence selected in these items.

Item	Description
Floppy	Floppy Device
LS120	LS120 Device
HDD-0~1	Hard Disk Device 0~1
SCSI	SCSI Device
CDROM	CDROM Device
ZIP100	ZIP-100 Device
USB-FDD	USB Floppy Device
USB-ZIP	USB ZIP Device
USB-CDROM	USB CDROM Device
USB-HDD	USB Hard Disk
LAN	Network Device
Disabled	Disabled any boot device

3.5.2.5 Swap Floppy Drive

While system has two floppy drivers installed, this item will be affected. This function is to assign physical drive B to logical drive A.

Item	Description
Enabled	Assign physical drive B to logical drive A
Disabled	No change

3.5.2.6 Boot Up Floppy See*k*

Select whether the system seeks for a floppy driver every time the system boots.

Item	Description
Enabled	Seek for a floppy driver
Disabled	Skip driver seeking

3.5.2.7 Boot Up NumLock Status

Select power on state for NumLock.

Item	Description
On	Enable NumLock
Off	Disable NumLock

3.5.2.8 Gate A20 Option

Select if chipset or keyboard controller should control Gate A20.

Item	Description
Normal	A pin in the keyboard controller controls Gate A20
Fast	Lets chipset control Gate A20

3.5.2.9 Typematic Rate Setting

Key strokes repeat at a rate determined by the keyboard controller. When enabled, the typematic rate and typematic delay can be selected.

Item	Description
Enabled	Enable typematic rate/delay setting
Disabled	Disable typematic rate/delay setting

3.5.2.10 Security Option

Select whether the password is required every time the system boots or only when you enter setup.

Item	Description
System	The system will not boot and access to Setup will be denied if the correct password is not entered at the prompt.
Setup	The system will boot, but access to Setup will be denied if the correct password is not entered at the prompt.

Note: To disable security, select PASSWORD SETTING at Main Menu and then you will be asked to enter password. Do not type anything and just press <Enter>, it will disable security. Once the security is disabled, the system will boot and you can enter Setup freely.

3.5.2.11 OS Select for DRAM > 64MB

Select the operating system that is running with greater than 64MB of RAM on the system.

Item	Description
Non-OS2	Disable OS for over 64 MB DRAM
OS2	Enable OS for over 64 MB DRAM

3.5.2.12 Full Screen LOGO Show

If the BIOS had the full screen logo in it, this item could allow enable/ disable the full screen logo show on display.

Item	Description
Enable	Enable full screen logo show
Disable	Disable full screen logo show

3.5.2.13 Small Logo (EPA) Show

This item allows you enabled/disabled the small EPA logo show on screen at the POST step.

Item	Description
Enabled	EPA Logo show is enabled
Disabled	EPA Logo show is disabled

3.5.2.14 Onboard Lan Boot ROM

This item allows to boot over the network when system POST and shorten the booting time by set disabled

Item	Description
Enabled	Enable Onboard LAN boot.
Disabled	Disabled Onboard LAN boot.

3.5.3   Advanced Chipset Features

This section allows you to configure the system based on the specific features of the installed chipset. This chipset manages bus speeds and access to system memory resources, such as DRAM and the external cache. It also coordinates communications between the conventional ISA bus and the PCI bus. It must be stated that these items should never need to be altered. The default settings have been chosen because they provide the best operating conditions for your system. The only time you might consider making any changes would be if you discovered that data was being lost while using your system.

The first chipset settings deal with CPU access to dynamic random access memory (DRAM). The default timings have been carefully chosen and should only be altered if data is being lost. Such a scenario might well occur if your system had mixed speed DRAM chips installed so that greater delays may be required to preserve the integrity of the data held in the slower memory chips.

```
          Phoenix - AwardBIOS CMOS Setup Utility
                  Advanced Chipset Features
┌──────────────────────────────────────────┬───────────────────────┐
│   CPU Frequency              [Auto]       │      Item Help        │
│ x Memory Frequency            Auto        │                       │
│   CAS Latency                [Auto]       │  Menu Level    ▶      │
│   Video Memory Size          [  16 M]     │                       │
│                                           │                       │
│   Output display             [CRT Monitor]│                       │
│ x Flat Panel Configuration    Press Enter │                       │
│                                           │                       │
│   Onboard Audio              [Enabled]    │                       │
│   Memory Hole At 15M-16M     [Disabled]   │                       │
│                                           │                       │
│                                           │                       │
│                                           │                       │
│                                           │                       │
│                                           │                       │
│                                           │                       │
├──────────────────────────────────────────┴───────────────────────┤
│ ↑↓→←:Move   Enter:Select   +/-/PU/PD:Value  F10:Save  ESC:Exit  F1:General Help│
│     F5: Previous Values      F6: Fail-Safe Defaults  F7: Optimized Defaults    │
└───────────────────────────────────────────────────────────────────┘
```

3.5.3.1   CPU Frequency

This item allows to select CPU/Memory/PCI frequency.

The choices: Auto, 200/333/400/433/500

3.5.3.2   CAS Latency

This item allows to select CAS Latency.

The choices: Auto, 1.5, 2.0, 2.5, 3.0, 3.5.

3.5.3.3   Video Memory Size

This item allows to select video memory size.

The choices: None , 8 M, 16M, 32 M, 64 M, 128 M, 254 M.

3.5.3.4   Output display

This item allows to select output display.

The choices: Flat Panel, CRT, Panel & CRT.

3.5.3.5 Flat Panel Configuration

```
        Phoenix - AwardBIOS CMOS Setup Utility
                 Flat Panel Configuration
┌─────────────────────────────────────────┬──────────────────────┐
│ Flat Panel Type        [TFT]             │      Item Help       │
│ Resolution             [1024 X  768]     │                      │
│ Data Bus Type          [ 9-24 bits, 1 ppc]│ Menu Level    ▶▶     │
│ Refresh Rate           [ 60 Hz]          │                      │
│ HSYNC Polarity         [Low]             │ panel type or use auto│
│ VSYNC Polarity Active  [Low]             │ detection (requires  │
│ SHFCLK Active Period   [Free running]    │ Dungeon board)       │
│ LP Active Period       [Free running]    │                      │
│                                          │                      │
└─────────────────────────────────────────┴──────────────────────┘
 ↑↓→←:Move  Enter:Select  +/-/PU/PD:Value  F10:Save  ESC:Exit  F1:General Help
      F5: Previous Values    F6: Fail-Safe Defaults   F7: Optimized Defaults
```

Item	Options	Description
Flat Panel Type	TFT	This item allows to select the flat panel type.
Resolution	320x240, 640x480, 800x600, 1024x768, 1152x864, 1280x1024, 1600x1200	This item allows to select the resolution.
Data Bus Type	9-24 bits, 1ppc	This item allows to select the data bus type
Refresh Rate	60Hz, 65Hz, 70Hz, 72Hz, 75Hz, 85Hz	This refresh rate is only the number of time the image is being refreshed on the monitor screen.
HSYNC Polarity	High, Low	Select polarity of HSYNC signals.
VSYNC Polarity Active	High, Low	Set the polarity of VSYNC signals active.
SHFCLK Active Period	Active only, Free running	Shift clock or pixel clock for the flat panel data.
LP Active Period	Active running Free running	Latch Pulse is the line pulse or latch pulse for the flat panel data.

3.5.3.6 Onboard Audio

This item allows you to enable the onboard audio function.

The choices: Enabled, Disabled.

3.5.4 Integrated Peripherals

Use this menu to specify your settings for integrated peripherals.

```
        Phoenix - AwardBIOS CMOS Setup Utility
                 Integrated Peripherals

   On-Chip IDE Channel 1      [Enabled]      ▲        Item Help
   Master Drive PIO Mode      [Auto]
   Slave  Drive PIO Mode      [Auto]            Menu Level    ▶
   IDE Primary Master UDMA    [Auto]
   IDE Primary Slave  UDMA    [Auto]
   IDE DMA transfer access    [Enabled]
   IDE HDD Block Mode         [Enabled]
   Onboard FDC Controller     [Disabled]
   Onboard Serial Port 1      [3F8/IRQ4]
   Onboard Serial Port 2      [2F8/IRQ3]
   UART Mode Select           [Normal]
   RxD , TxD Active           [Hi,Lo]
   IR Transmission Delay      [Enabled]
   UR2 Duplex Mode            [Half]
   Use IR Pins                [IR-Rx2Tx2]
   Onboard Parallel Port      [378/IRQ7]
   Parallel Port Mode         [SPP]
   EPP Mode Select            [EPP1.7]
   ECP Mode Use DMA           [3]        ▼

 ↑↓→←:Move   Enter:Select   +/-/PU/PD:Value  F10:Save  ESC:Exit  F1:General Help
      F5: Previous Values    F6: Fail-Safe Defaults    F7: Optimized Defaults
```

Item	Options	Description
On-Chip IDE Channel 1	Enabled Disabled	This item allows to enable On-chip IDE channel.
Master Drive PIO Mode Slave Drive PIO Mode	Auto Mode 0 Mode 1 Mode 2 Mode 3 Mode 4	The IDE PIO (Programmed Input/Output) fields let you set a PIO mode (0-4) for each of the four IDE devices that the onboard IDE interface supports. Modes 0 through 4 provide successively increased performance. In Auto mode, the system automatically determines the best mode for each device.
IDE Primary Master UDMA IDE Primary Slave UDMA	Auto Disabled	Ultra DMA implementation is possible only if your IDE hard drive supports it and the operating environment includes a DMA driver (Windows 95 OSR2 or a third-party IDE bus master driver). If the hard drive and the system software both support Ultra DMA, select Auto to enable BIOS support.
IDE DMA Transfer	Enabled Disabled	This feature allows you to enable or disable DMA (Direct Memory Access) support for all IDE devices. If you disable this BIOS feature, the BIOS will disable DMA transfers for all IDE drives. They will revert to PIO mode transfers. If you enable this BIOS feature, the BIOS will enable DMA transfers for all IDE drives. The proper DMA mode will be detected at boot-up. If the drive does not support DMA transfers, then it will use PIO mode instead.
IDE HDD Block Mode	Enabled Disabled	Block mode is also called block transfer, multiple commands, or multiple sector read/write. If the IDE hard drive supports block mode (most new drives do), select Enabled for automatic detection of the optimal number of block read/writes per sector the drive can support.

Item	Options	Description
Onboard FDC Controller	Enabled Disabled	Select Enabled if your system has a floppy disk controller (FDC) installed on the system board and you wish to use it. If you are not going to use FDC or the system has no floppy drive, select Disabled in this field.
Onboard Serial Port 1 Onboard Serial Port 2	Disable 3F8/IRQ4 2F8/IRQ3 3E8/IRQ4 2E8/IRQ3	Select an address and corresponding interrupt for the first and second serial ports.
UART Mode Select	IrDA ASKIR Normal	Select UART2 mode as standard serial port or IR port.
RxD , TxD Active	Hi,Hi Hi,Lo Lo,Hi Lo,Lo	This item allows you to determine the active of RxD, TxD level.
IR Transmission Delay	Enabled Disabled	This item allows you to enable/disable the IR Transmission Delay.
UR2 Duplex Mode	Half Full	Select the value required by the IR device connected to the IR port. Full-duplex mode permits simultaneous two-direction transmission. Half-duplex mode permits transmission in one direction only at a time.
Use IR Pins	RxD2,TxD2 IR-Rx2Tx2	This item allows you to determine the pin definition.
Onboard Parallel Port	Disabled 378/IRQ7 278/IRQ5 3BC/IRQ7	Select a matching address and interrupt for the physical parallel (printer) port.
Parallel Port Mode	SPP EPP ECP ECP+EPP Normal	Select an operating mode for the onboard parallel port. Select Compatible or Extended unless you are certain both your hardware and software support EPP or ECP mode.
EPP Mode Select	EPP1.9 EPP1.7	Select EPP port type 1.7 or 1.9.
ECP Mode Use DMA	1 3	Select a DMA channel for the port.
Watch Dog Timer Select	Disabled, 10, 20, 30, 40 Sec. 1, 2, 4 Min.	This option will determine watch dog timer
Onboard Serial Port 3 Onboard Serial Port 4	Disable 3F8/2F8/3E8/2E8 IRQ5/IRQ7/IRQ10/IRQ11	Select an address and corresponding interrupt for the third and fourth serial ports.

AIMB-220

3.5.5   Power Management Setup

The Power Management Setup allows you to configure you system to most effectively save energy while operating in a manner consistent with your own style of computer use.

```
        Phoenix - AwardBIOS CMOS Setup Utility
                Power Management Setup

  x ACPI Function          Enabled          │    Item Help
    ACPI Suspend Type       [S1(POS)]        │
    Power Management        [ACPI]           │  Menu Level    ▶
                                             │
          ** PM Timers **                    │
  x Standby Mode            Disabled         │
  x Suspend Mode            Disabled         │
                                             │
    MODEM Use IRQ           [N/A]            │
    PME Event Function      [Enabled]        │
    Soft-Off by PWR-BTTN    [Instant-Off]    │
    Power-On by Alarm       [Disabled]       │
  x Time (hh:mm:ss) Alarm      0             │
  x                            0             │
  x                            0             │

  ↑↓→←:Move  Enter:Select  +/-/PU/PD:Value  F10:Save  ESC:Exit  F1:General Help
     F5: Previous Values    F6: Fail-Safe Defaults   F7: Optimized Defaults
```

3.5.5.1   ACPI Suspend Type

This item will set which ACPI suspend type will be used.

The choice: S1(POS), S3(STR).

3.5.5.2   Power Management

This category allows you to select the type (or degree) of power saving.

The choices: Disabled, Legacy, APM, ACPI.

3.5.5.3   MODEM Use IRQ

This determines the IRQ in which the MODEM can use.

The choices: NA, 3, 4, 5, 7, 9, 10, 11.

3.5.5.4   Soft-Off by PWR-BTTN

Pressing the power button for more than 4 seconds forces the system to enter the Soft-Off state when the system has "hung".(Only could working on ATX Power supply)

The choices: Delay 4 Sec, Instant-Off.

3.5.6 PnP / PCI Configuration

This section describes configuring the PCI bus system. PCI, or **P**ersonal **C**omputer **I**nterconnect, is a system which allows I/O devices to operate at speeds nearing the speed the CPU itself uses when communicating with its own special components. This section covers some very technical items and it is strongly recommended that only experienced users should make any changes to the default settings.

```
                  Phoenix - AwardBIOS CMOS Setup Utility
                         PnP/PCI Configurations
┌─────────────────────────────────────────────────┬──────────────────────┐
│ PNP OS Installed          [No]                    │      Item Help       │
│ Init Display First        [Onboard]               ├──────────────────────┤
│ Reset Configuration Data  [Disabled]              │ Menu Level      ▶    │
│                                                   │                      │
│ Resources Controlled By   [Auto(ESCD)]            │ Select Yes if you are│
│ x IRQ Resources             Press Enter           │ using a Plug and Play│
│ x Memory Resources          Press Enter           │ capable operating    │
│                                                   │ system Select No if  │
│ PCI/VGA Palette Snoop     [Disabled]              │ you need the BIOS to │
│                                                   │ configure non-boot   │
│                                                   │ devices              │
│                                                   │                      │
│                                                   │                      │
│                                                   │                      │
│                                                   │                      │
│                                                   │                      │
├───────────────────────────────────────────────────────────────────────┤
│ ↑↓→←:Move  Enter:Select  +/-/PU/PD:Value  F10:Save  ESC:Exit  F1:General Help │
│      F5: Previous Values   F6: Fail-Safe Defaults   F7: Optimized Defaults    │
└───────────────────────────────────────────────────────────────────────┘
```

3.5.6.1 PNP OS Installed

The operation system environment is Plug-and-Play aware sets "YES"

The choices: Yes, No.

3.5.6.2 Init Display First

This item allows you to decide to active whether PCI Slot or AGP first.

The choices: PCI Slot, Onboard.

3.5.6.3 Reset Configuration Data

Normally, you leave this field Disabled. Select Enabled to reset Extended System Configuration Data (ESCD) when you exit Setup if you have installed a new add-on and the system reconfiguration has caused such a serious conflict that the operating system cannot boot.

The choices: Enabled, Disabled.

3.5.6.4 Resources Controlled By

The Award Plug and Play BIOS has the capacity to automatically configure all of the boot and Plug and Play compatible devices. However, this capability means absolutely nothing unless you are using a Plug and Play operating system such as Windows®95. If you set this field to "manual" choose specific resources by going into each of the sub menu that follows this field (a sub menu is preceded by a "➢").

The choices: Auto(ESCD), Manual.

3.5.6.5 PCI/VGA Palette Snoop

This item is to set non-standard VGA display adapters such as graphics accelerators or MPEG video cards showing colors properly.

The choices: Enabled, Disabled.

3.5.7 PC Health Status

This section shows the status of your CPU, Fan & System.

```
            Phoenix - AwardBIOS CMOS Setup Utility
                     PC Health Status
┌───────────────────────────────────────────┬──────────────────────┐
│  CPU Temp                                   │      Item Help       │
│  Vcore                                      │                      │
│  +2.5 V                                     │  Menu Level    ▶     │
│  +3.3 V                                     │                      │
│  +5 V                                       │                      │
│  Fan1 Speed                                 │                      │
│  Fan2 Speed                                 │                      │
│                                             │                      │
│                                             │                      │
│                                             │                      │
│                                             │                      │
│                                             │                      │
│                                             │                      │
│                                             │                      │
└───────────────────────────────────────────┴──────────────────────┘
  ↑↓→←:Move   Enter:Select   +/-/PU/PD:Value  F10:Save  ESC:Exit  F1:General Help
     F5: Previous Values      F6: Fail-Safe Defaults    F7: Optimized Defaults
```
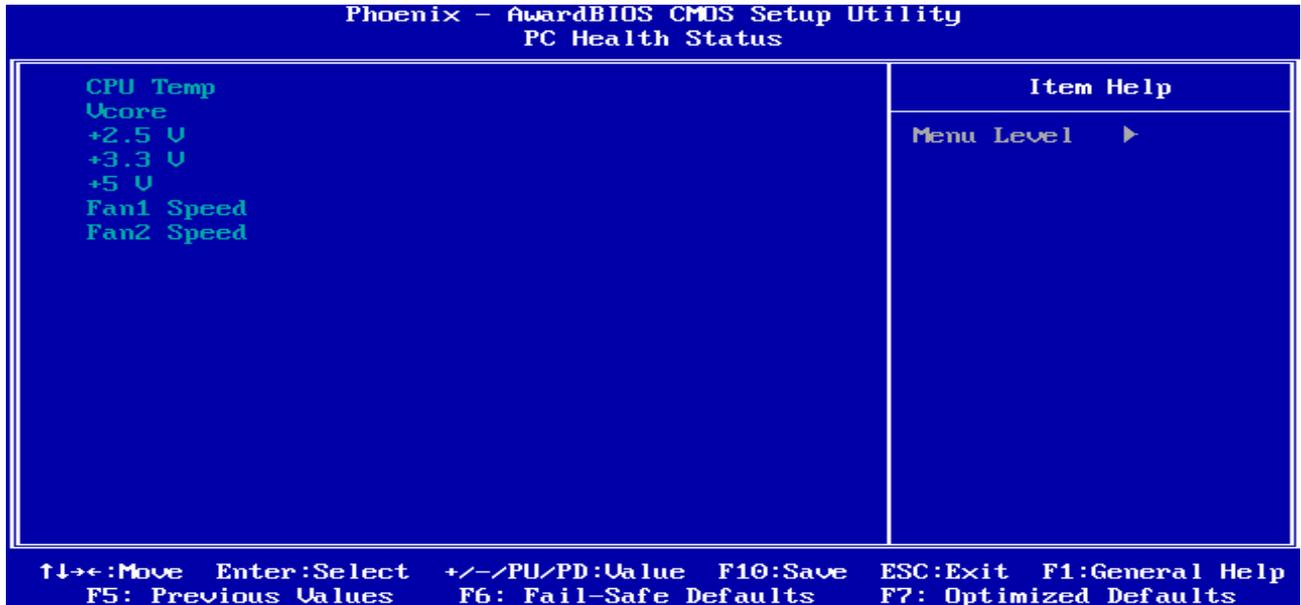
3.5.8 Load Fail-Safe Defaults

Use this menu to load the BIOS default values for the minimal/stable performance for your system to operate.

Press <Y> to load the BIOS default values for the most stable, minimal-performance system operations.

```
            Phoenix - AwardBIOS CMOS Setup Utility
┌─────────────────────────────────────┬─────────────────────────────┐
│  ▶ Standard CMOS Features            │   Load Fail-Safe Defaults    │
│                                      │                              │
│  ▶ Advanced BIOS Features            │   Load Optimized Defaults    │
│                                      │                              │
│  ▶ Advanced Chipset Features         │   Set Supervisor Password    │
│                                      │                              │
│  ▶ Integrated Peripherals            │   Set User Password          │
│                                      │                              │
│  ▶ Power Management    ┌─────────────────────────────────┐ etup    │
│                        │                                 │         │
│  ▶ PnP/PCI Configura   │ Load Fail-Safe Defaults (Y/N)? N │ Saving │
│                        │                                 │         │
│  ▶ PC Health Status    └─────────────────────────────────┘         │
│                                                                     │
├─────────────────────────────────────┬─────────────────────────────┤
│  Esc : Quit         F9 : Menu in BIOS      ↑ ↓ → ←   : Select Item  │
│  F10 : Save & Exit Setup                                            │
├─────────────────────────────────────────────────────────────────────┤
│                     Load Fail-Safe Defaults                         │
└─────────────────────────────────────────────────────────────────────┘
```

3.5.9 Load Optimized Defaults

Use this menu to load the BIOS default values that are factory settings for optimal performance system operations. While Award has designed the custom BIOS to maximize performance, the factory has the right to change these defaults to meet their needs.

Press <Y> to load the default values setting for optimal performance system operations.

```
                 Phoenix - AwardBIOS CMOS Setup Utility

    ▶ Standard CMOS Features          Load Fail-Safe Defaults
    ▶ Advanced BIOS Features          Load Optimized Defaults
    ▶ Advanced Chipset Features       Set Supervisor Password
    ▶ Integrated Peripherals          Set User Password
    ▶ Power Management                                    etup
    ▶ PnP/PCI Configura   Load Optimized Defaults (Y/N)?     Saving
    ▶ PC Health Status

    Esc : Quit          F9 : Menu in BIOS      ↑ ↓ → ←    : Select Item
    F10 : Save & Exit Setup

                       Load Optimized Defaults
```

3.5.10 Set Supervisor / User Password

You can set either supervisor or user password, or both of them.

Supervisor Password: able to enter/change the options of setup menus.

```
                 Phoenix - AwardBIOS CMOS Setup Utility

    ▶ Standard CMOS Features          Load Fail-Safe Defaults
    ▶ Advanced BIOS Features          Load Optimized Defaults
    ▶ Advanced Chipset Features       Set Supervisor Password
    ▶ Integrated Peripherals          Set User Password
    ▶ Power Management Setup           Save & Exit Setup
    ▶ PnP/PCI Configurati                               ut Saving
    ▶ PC Health Status         Enter Password:

    Esc : Quit          F9 : Menu in BIOS      ↑ ↓ → ←    : Select Item
    F10 : Save & Exit Setup

                     Change/Set/Disable Password
```

User Password: able to enter but no right to change the options of setup menus.

```
          Phoenix - AwardBIOS CMOS Setup Utility

 ▶ Standard CMOS Features          Load Fail-Safe Defaults

 ▶ Advanced BIOS Features          Load Optimized Defaults

 ▶ Advanced Chipset Features       Set Supervisor Password

 ▶ Integrated Peripherals          Set User Password

 ▶ Power Management Setup          Save & Exit Setup

 ▶ PnP/PCI Configurati ┌─────────────────────┐ ut Saving
                       │ Enter Password:     │
 ▶ PC Health Status    └─────────────────────┘

 Esc : Quit       F9 : Menu in BIOS       ↑ ↓ → ←   : Select Item
 F10 : Save & Exit Setup

               Change/Set/Disable Password
```

Type the password, up to eight characters in length, and press <Enter>. The password typed now will clear any previously entered password from CMOS memory. You will be asked to confirm the password. Type the password again and press <Enter>. You may also press <Esc> to abort the selection and not enter a password. To disable a password, just press <Enter> when you are prompted to enter the password. A message will confirm the password will be disabled. Once the password is disabled, the system will boot and you can enter Setup freely.

<div align="center">

PASSWORD DISABLED.

</div>

When a password has been enabled, you will be prompted to enter it every time you try to enter Setup. This prevents an unauthorized person from changing any part of your system configuration. Additionally, when a password is enabled, you can also require the BIOS to request a password every time your system is rebooted. This would prevent unauthorized use of your computer. You determine when the password is required within the BIOS Features Setup Menu and its Security option (see Section 3). If the Security option is set to "System", the password will be required both at boot and at entry to Setup. If set to "Setup", prompting only occurs when trying to enter Setup

3.5.11 Save & Exit Setup

Save CMOS value changes to CMOS and exit setup.

Enter <Y> to store the selection made in the menus in CMOS, a special section in memory that stays on after turning the system off. The BIOS configures the system according to the Setup selection stored in CMOS when boot the computer next time.

The system is restarted after saving the values.

```
        Phoenix - AwardBIOS CMOS Setup Utility
 ┌──────────────────────────────────────┬──────────────────────────────────┐
 │  ▶ Standard CMOS Features             │   Load Fail-Safe Defaults        │
 │  ▶ Advanced BIOS Features             │   Load Optimized Defaults        │
 │  ▶ Advanced Chipset Features          │   Set Supervisor Password        │
 │  ▶ Integrated Peripherals             │   Set User Password              │
 │  ▶ Power Management    ┌───────────────────────────┐  Setup             │
 │  ▶ PnP/PCI Configura   │  SAVE to CMOS and EXIT (Y/N)? Y │  Saving       │
 │  ▶ PC Health Status    └───────────────────────────┘                    │
 ├──────────────────────────────────────┴──────────────────────────────────┤
 │  Esc : Quit        F9 : Menu in BIOS      ↑ ↓ → ←    : Select Item       │
 │  F10 : Save & Exit Setup                                                  │
 ├───────────────────────────────────────────────────────────────────────── │
 │                    Save Data to CMOS                                      │
 └───────────────────────────────────────────────────────────────────────── ┘
```

3.5.12 Exit Without Save

Abandon all CMOS value changes and exit setup, and the system is restarted after exiting.

```
        Phoenix - AwardBIOS CMOS Setup Utility
 ┌──────────────────────────────────────┬──────────────────────────────────┐
 │  ▶ Standard CMOS Features             │   Load Fail-Safe Defaults        │
 │  ▶ Advanced BIOS Features             │   Load Optimized Defaults        │
 │  ▶ Advanced Chipset Features          │   Set Supervisor Password        │
 │  ▶ Integrated Peripherals             │   Set User Password              │
 │  ▶ Power Management S  ┌───────────────────────────┐  Setup             │
 │  ▶ PnP/PCI Configurat  │  Quit Without Saving (Y/N)? N │ t Saving        │
 │  ▶ PC Health Status    └───────────────────────────┘                    │
 ├──────────────────────────────────────┴──────────────────────────────────┤
 │  Esc : Quit        F9 : Menu in BIOS      ↑ ↓ → ←    : Select Item       │
 │  F10 : Save & Exit Setup                                                  │
 ├───────────────────────────────────────────────────────────────────────── │
 │                    Abandon all Data                                       │
 └───────────────────────────────────────────────────────────────────────── ┘
```

4. Drivers Installation

Note: Installation procedures and screen shots in this section are for your reference and may not be exactly the same as shown on your screen.

4.1 Install Chipset Driver (For AMD GX3)

Insert the Supporting CD-ROM to CD-ROM drive, and it should show the index page of Advantech's products automatically. If not, locate Index.htm and choose the product from the menu left, or link to **\AIMB-220\Drv_AMD GX3**

Note: The installation procedures and screen shots in this section are based on Windows XP operation system.
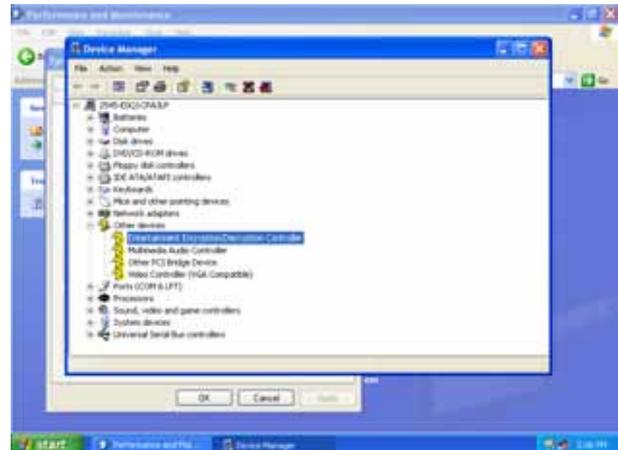
Step 3. Select **Entertainment…** to **Reinstall Driver**.
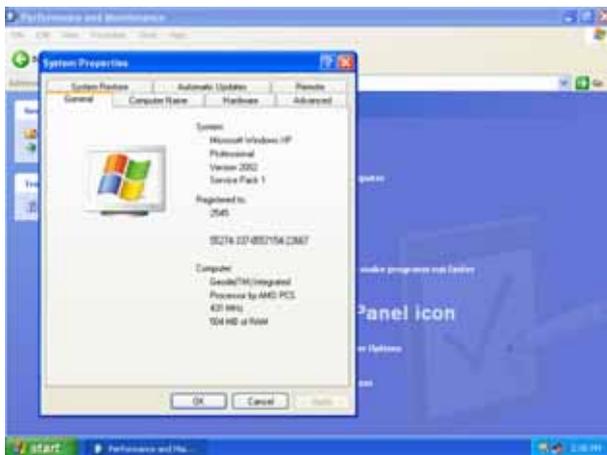
Step1. Click **Start** of the task bar, then the **System** of **Performance and Maintenance** in **Control Panel**.

Step 4. Select the **Advanced** item and click **Next**.
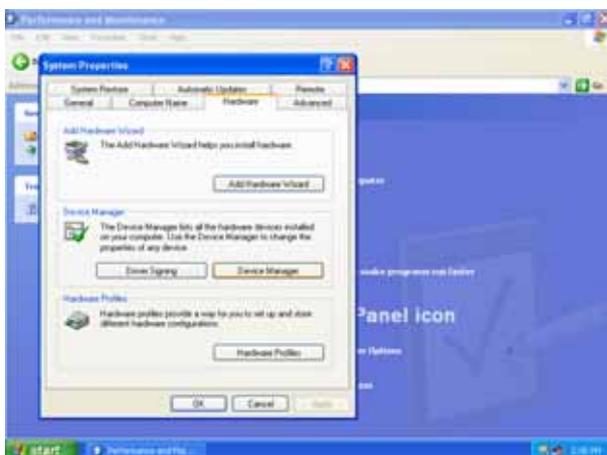
Step 2. Click **Device Manager** of **Hardware**.
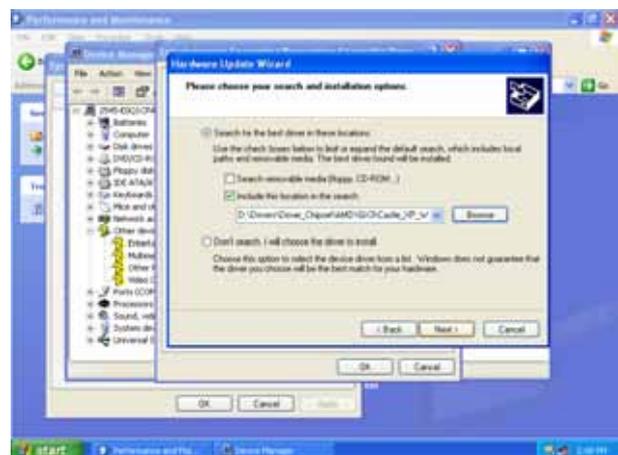
Step 5. Select the specific location to **Next**.
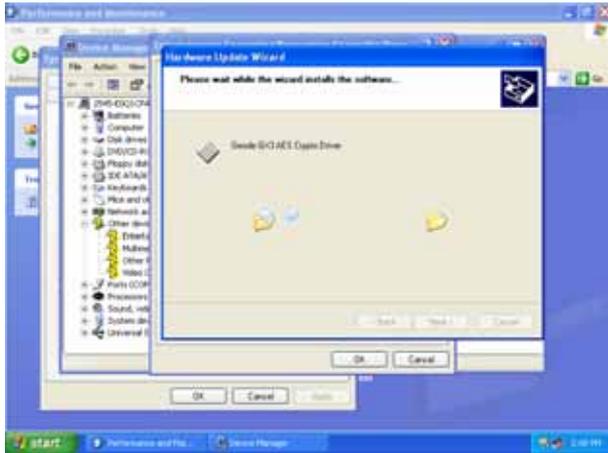
Step6. The setup will install automatically.
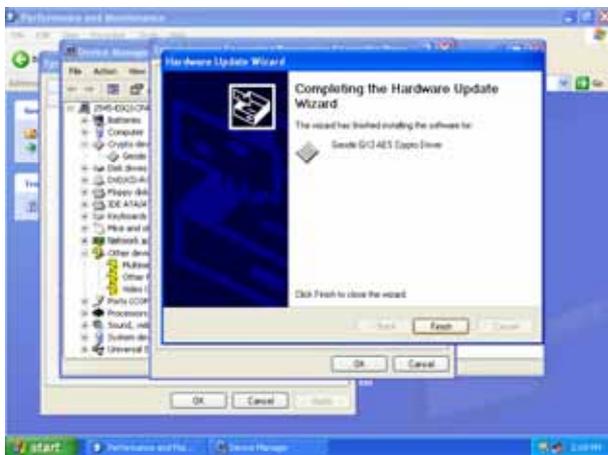
Step7. Click **Finish** to complete the setup.

4.2 Install Audio Driver (For AMD GX3)

Insert the Supporting CD-ROM to CD-ROM drive, and it should show the index page of Advantech's products automatically. If not, locate Index.htm and choose the product from the menu left, or link to **\AIMB-220\Drv_Audio**.

Note: The installation procedures and screen shots in this section are based on Windows XP operation system.
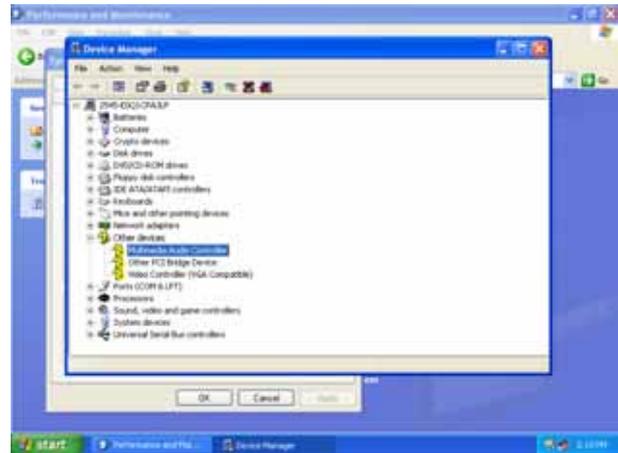
Step 3. Select **Multimedia Audio Controller** to **Reinstall Driver**.
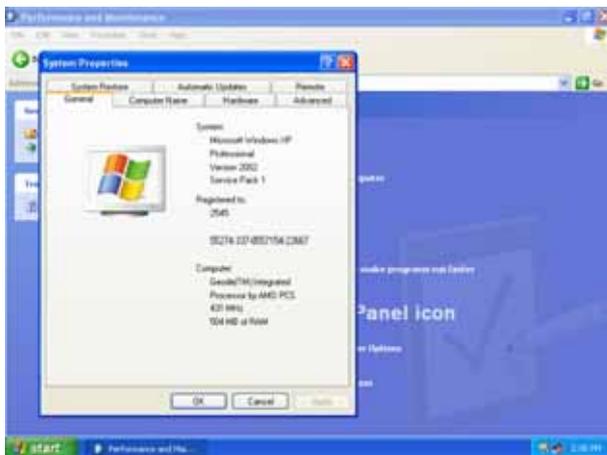
Step1. Click **Start** of the task bar, then the **System** of **Performance and Maintenance** in **Control Panel**.
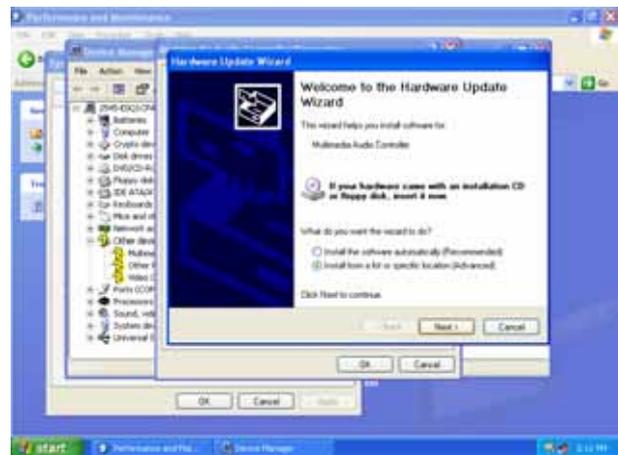
Step 4. Select the **Advanced** item and click **Next**.
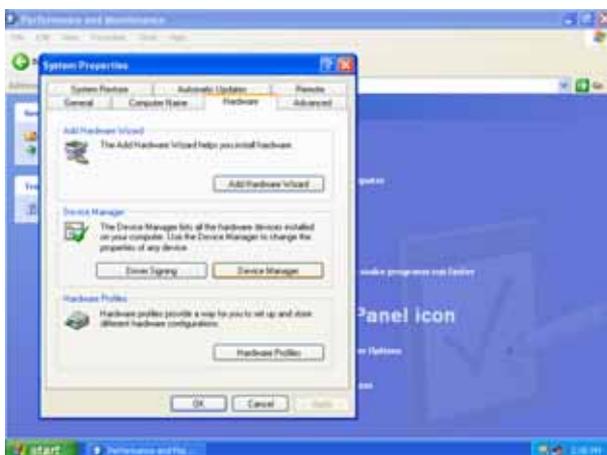
Step 2. Click **Device Manager** of **Hardware**.
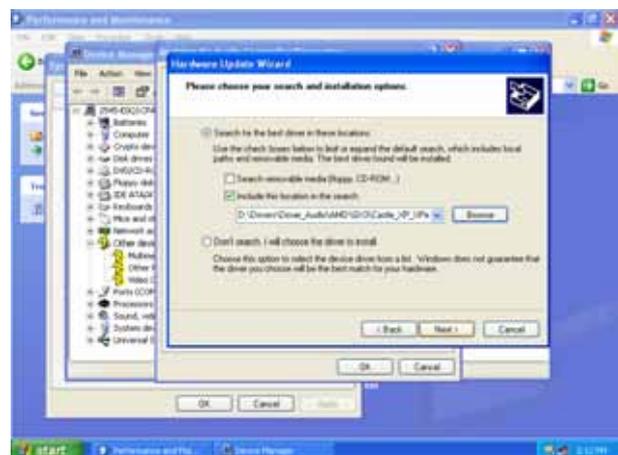
Step 5. Select the specific location to **Next**.
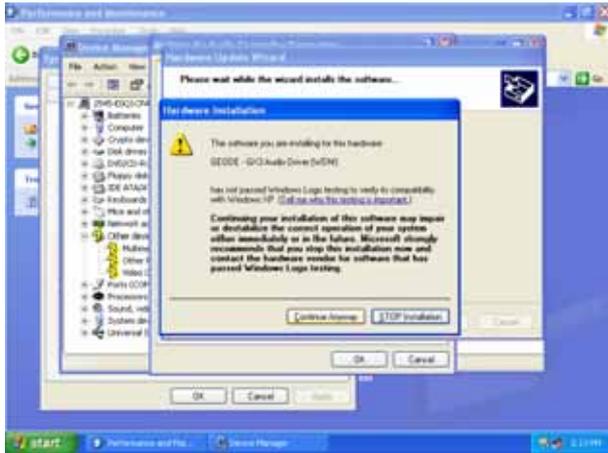
Step6. Click **Continue Anyway** to run the installation.
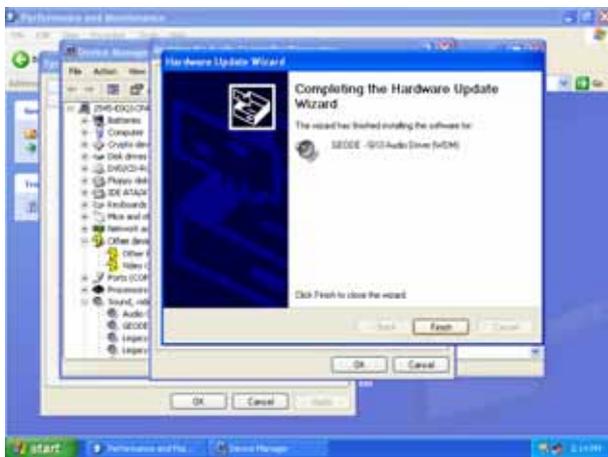
Step7. Click **Finish** to complete the setup.

4.3 Install Display Driver (For AMD GX3)

Insert the Supporting CD-ROM to CD-ROM drive, and it should show the index page of Advantech products automatically. If not, locate Index.htm and choose the product from the menu left, or link to **\AIMB-220\Drv_VGA**.

Note: The installation procedures and screen shots in this section are based on Windows XP operation system.
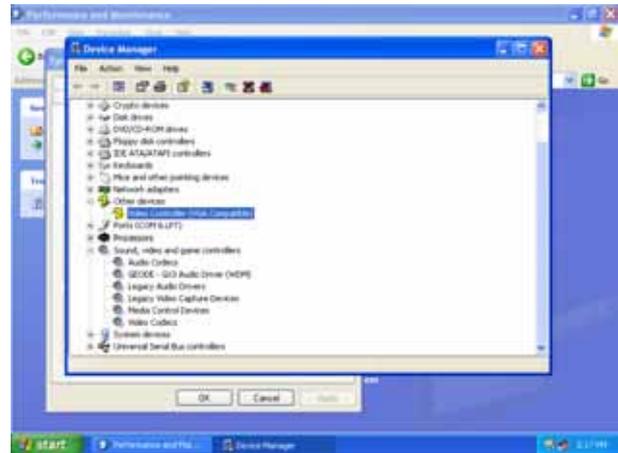
Step 3. Select **Video Controller (VGA Compatible** to **Reinstall Driver**.
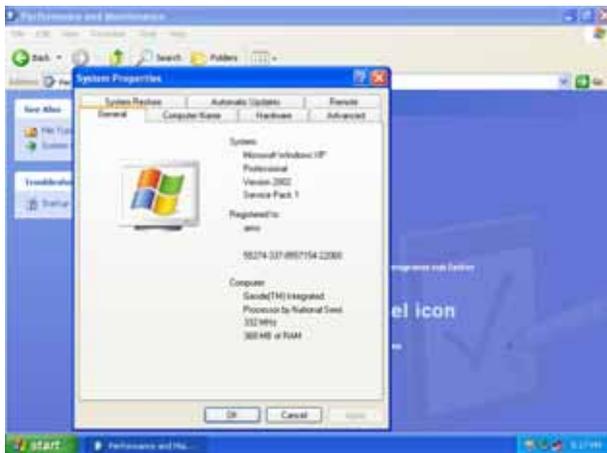
Step1. Click **Start** of the task bar, then the **System** of **Performance and Maintenance** in **Control Panel**.
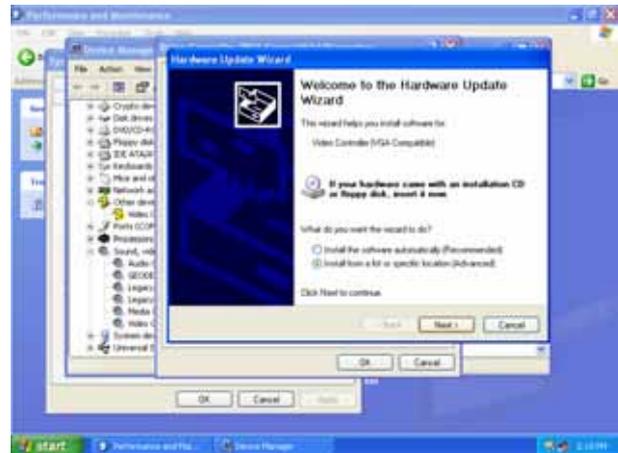
Step 4. Select the **Advanced** item and click **Next**.
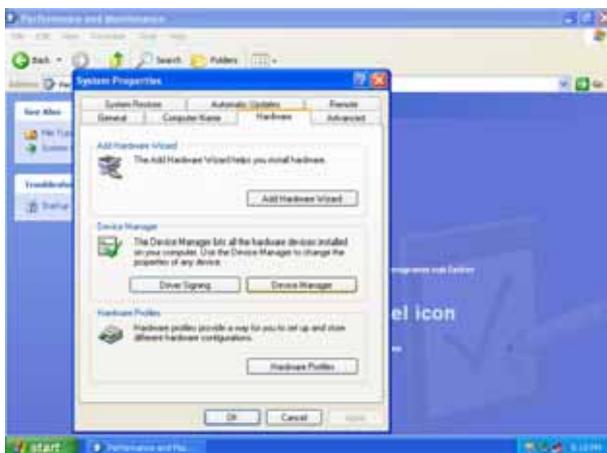
Step 2. Click **Device Manager** of **Hardware**.
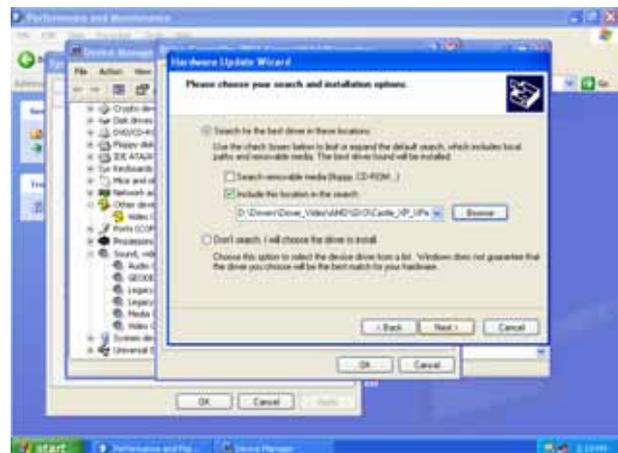
Step 5. Select the specific location to **Next**.
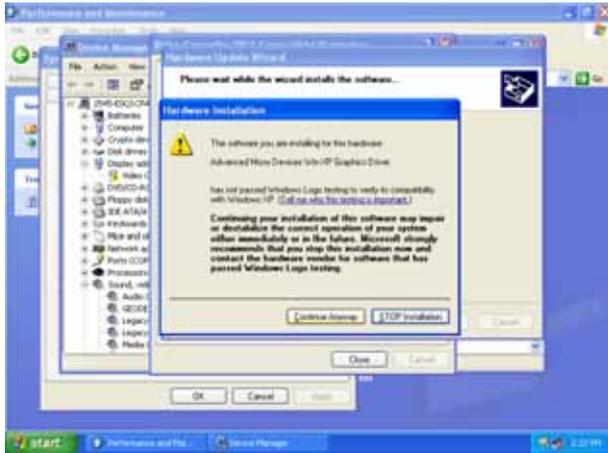
Step6. Click **Continue Anyway** to run the installation.
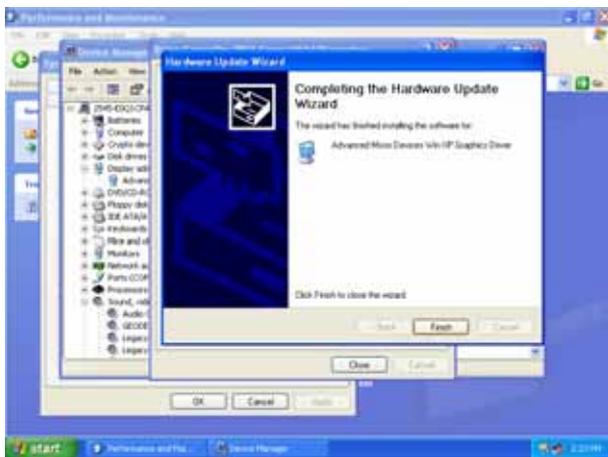
Step7. Click **Finish** to complete the setup.

4.4 Install Ethernet Driver (For Realtek RTL810x, RTL813x Family)

Insert the Supporting CD-ROM to CD-ROM drive, and it should show the index page of Advantech products automatically. If not, locate Index.htm and choose the product from the menu left, or link to **\AIMB-220\Drv_Netwo**

Note: The installation procedures and screen shots in this section are based on Windows XP operation system.

Step 1. Locate   \Driver_Network\Realtek\ RTL810x_813X Family\Setup.exe   .

Step 2. Setup executing.
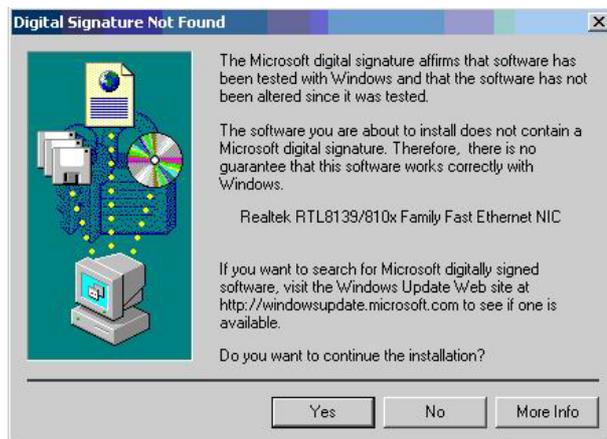
Step 3. Click **Yes** to continue the installation.
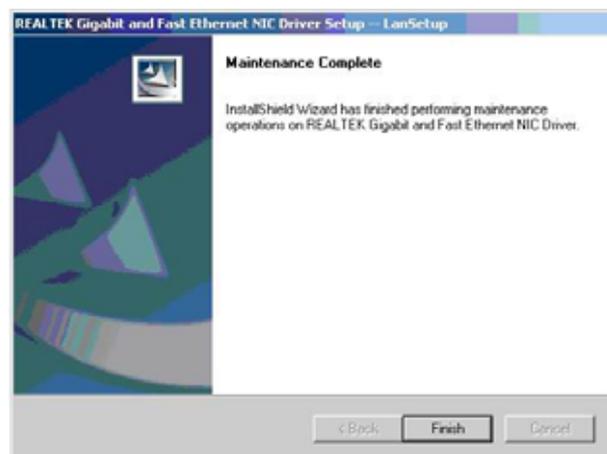
Step 4. Click **Finish** to complete the setup.
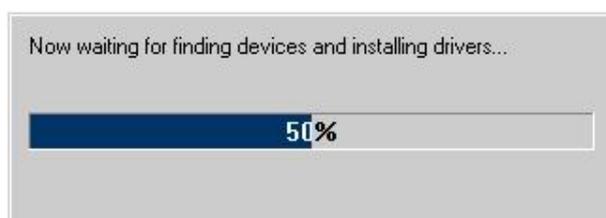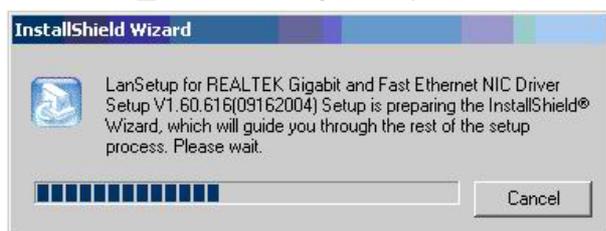
5. Measurement Drawing
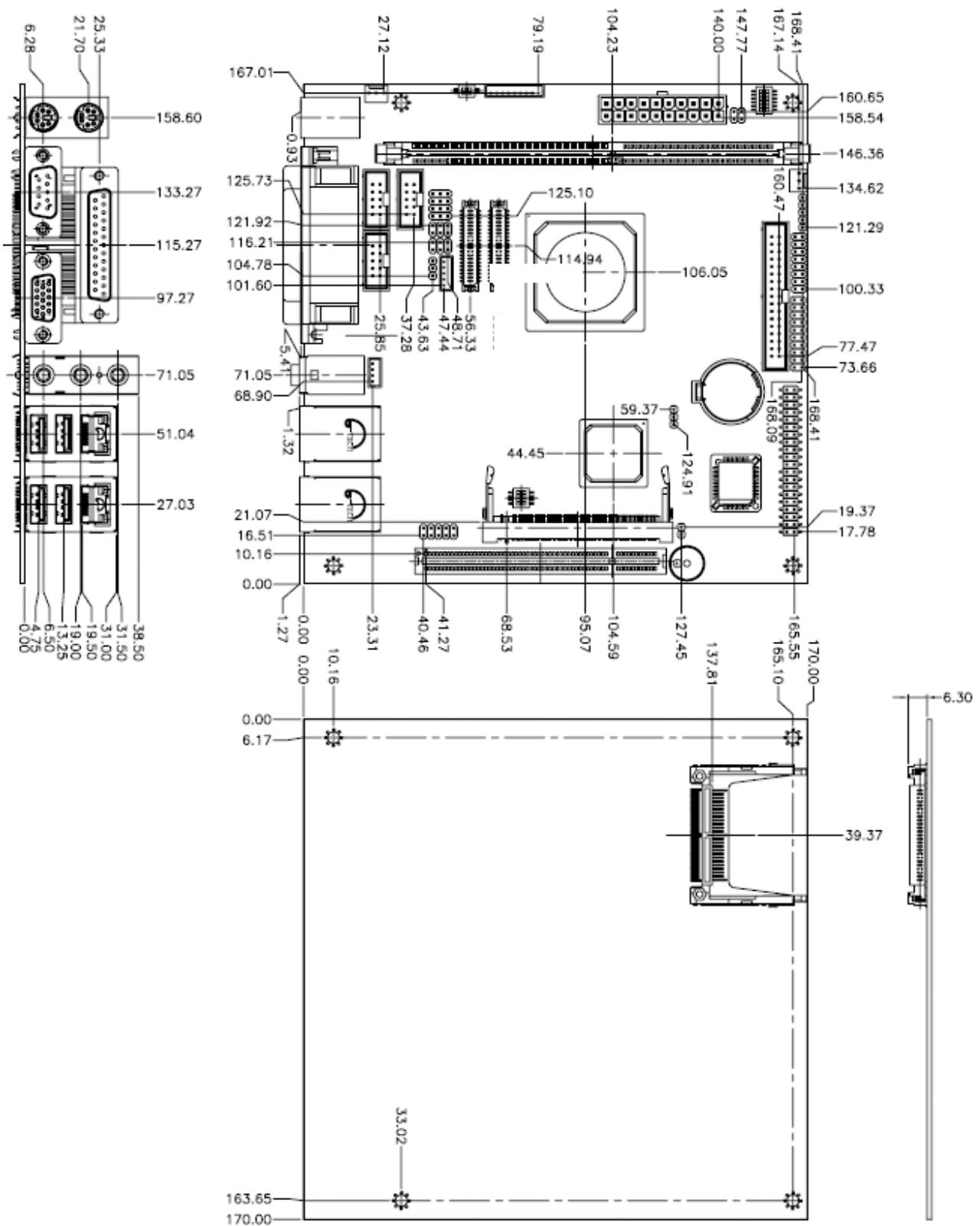
(Unit: mm)

Appendix A:
AWARD BIOS POST Messages

Overview

During the Power On Self-Test (POST), if the BIOS detects an error requiring you to do something to fix, it will either sound a beep code or display a message.

If a message is displayed, it will be accompanied by:

PRESS F1 TO CONTINUE OR PRESS DEL TO ENTER SETUP

Post Beep

Currently there are two kinds of beep codes in BIOS. This code indicates that a video error has occurred and the BIOS cannot initialize the video screen to display any additional information. This beep code consists of a single long beep followed by two short beeps. The other code indicates that your DRAM error has occurred. This beep code consists of a single long beep repeatedly.

Error Messages

The following messages are examples of messages including errors detected by the BIOS during POST and a description of what they mean and/or what you may do to correct the error.

1. CMOS BATTERY HAS FAILED

CMOS battery is no longer functional. It should be replaced.

2. CMOS CHECKSUM ERROR

Checksum of CMOS is incorrect. This can indicate that CMOS has become corrupt. This error may have been caused by a weak battery. Check the battery and replace if necessary.

3. DISK BOOT FAILURE, INSERT SYSTEM DISK AND PRESS ENTER

No boot device was found. This could mean that either a boot drive was not detected or the drive does not contain proper system boot files. Insert a system disk into Drive A: and press <Enter>. If you assumed the system would boot from the hard drive, make sure the controller is inserted correctly and all cables are properly attached. Also be sure the disk is formatted as a boot device. Then reboot the system.

4. DISKETTE DRIVES OR TYPES MISMATCH ERROR - RUN SETUP

Type of diskette drive installed in the system is different from the CMOS definition. Run Setup to reconfigure the drive type correctly.

5. DISPLAY SWITCH IS SET INCORRECTLY

Display switch on the motherboard can be set to either monochrome or color. This indicates the switch is set to a different setting than indicated in Setup. Determine which setting is correct, and then either turn off the system and change the jumper, or enter Setup and change the VIDEO selection.

6. DISPLAY TYPE HAS CHANGED SINCE LAST BOOT

Since last powering off the system, the display adapter has been changed. You must configure the system for the new display type.

7. EISA Configuration Checksum Error
PLEASE RUN EISA CONFIGURATION UTILITY

The EISA non-volatile RAM checksum is incorrect or cannot correctly read the EISA slot. This can indicate either the EISA non-volatile memory has become corrupt or the slot has been configured incorrectly. Also be sure the card is installed firmly in the slot.

8. EISA Configuration Is Not Complete
PLEASE RUN EISA CONFIGURATION UTILITY

The slot configuration information stored in the EISA non-volatile memory is incomplete.

Note: When either of these errors appears, the system will boot in ISA mode, which allows you to run the EISA Configuration Utility.

9. ERROR ENCOUNTERED INITIALIZING HARD DRIVE

Hard drive cannot be initialized. Be sure the adapter is installed correctly and all cables are correctly and firmly attached. Also be sure the correct hard drive type is selected in Setup.

10. ERROR INITIALIZING HARD DISK CONTROLLER

Cannot initialize controller. Make sure the cord is correctly and firmly installed in the bus. Be sure the correct hard drive type is selected in Setup. Also check to see if any jumper needs to be set correctly on the hard drive.

11. FLOPPY DISK CNTRLR ERROR OR NO CNTRLR PRESENT

Cannot find or initialize the floppy drive controller. Make sure the controller is installed correctly and firmly. If there are no floppy drives installed, be sure the Diskette Drive selection in Setup is set to NONE.

12. Invalid EISA Configuration

   PLEASE RUN EISA CONFIGURATION UTILITY

The non-volatile memory containing EISA configuration information was programmed incorrectly or has become corrupt. Re-run EISA configuration utility to correctly program the memory.

Note: When either of these errors appears, the system will boot in ISA mode, which allows you to run the EISA Configuration Utility.

13. KEYBOARD ERROR OR NO KEYBOARD PRESENT

Cannot initialize the keyboard. Make sure the keyboard is attached correctly and no keys are being pressed during the boot.

If you are purposely configuring the system without a keyboard, set the error halt condition in Setup to HALT ON ALL, BUT KEYBOARD. This will cause the BIOS to ignore the missing keyboard and continue the boot.

14. Memory Address Error at ...

Indicates a memory address error at a specific location. You can use this location along with the memory map for your system to find and replace the bad memory chips.

15. Memory parity Error at ...

Indicates a memory parity error at a specific location. You can use this location along with the memory map for your system to find and replace the bad memory chips.

16. MEMORY SIZE HAS CHANGED SINCE LAST BOOT

Memory has been added or removed since the last boot. In EISA mode use Configuration Utility to reconfigure the memory configuration. In ISA mode enter Setup and enter the new memory size in the memory fields.

17. Memory Verify Error at ...

Indicates an error verifying a value already written to memory. Use the location along with your system's memory map to locate the bad chip.

18. OFFENDING ADDRESS NOT FOUND

This message is used in conjunction with the I/O CHANNEL CHECK and RAM PARITY ERROR messages when the segment that has caused the problem cannot be isolated.

19. OFFENDING SEGMENT:

This message is used in conjunction with the I/O CHANNEL CHECK and RAM PARITY ERROR messages when the segment that has caused the problem has been isolated.

20. PRESS A KEY TO REBOOT

This will be displayed at the bottom screen when an error occurs that requires you to reboot. Press any key and the system will reboot.

21. PRESS F1 TO DISABLE NMI, F2 TO REBOOT

When BIOS detects a Non-maskable Interrupt condition during boot, this will allow you to disable the NMI and continue to boot, or you can reboot the system with the NMI enabled.

22. RAM PARITY ERROR - CHECKING FOR SEGMENT ...

Indicates a parity error in Random Access Memory.

23. Should Be Empty But EISA Board Found
   PLEASE RUN EISA CONFIGURATION UTILITY

A valid board ID was found in a slot that was configured as having no board ID.

> **Note:** When either of these errors appears, the system will boot in ISA mode, which allows you to run the EISA Configuration Utility.

24. Should Have EISA Board But Not Found
   PLEASE RUN EISA CONFIGURATION UTILITY

The board installed is not responding to the ID request, or no board ID has been found in the indicated slot.

> **Note:** When either of these errors appears, the system will boot in ISA mode, which allows you to run the EISA Configuration Utility.

25. Slot Not Empty

Indicates that a slot designated as empty by the EISA Configuration Utility actually contains a board.

> **Note:** When either of these errors appears, the system will boot in ISA mode, which allows you to run the EISA Configuration Utility.

26. SYSTEM HALTED, (CTRL-ALT-DEL) TO REBOOT ...

Indicates the present boot attempt has been aborted and the system must be rebooted. Press and hold down the CTRL and ALT keys and press DEL.

27. Wrong Board In Slot

PLEASE RUN EISA CONFIGURATION UTILITY

The board ID does not match the ID stored in the EISA non-volatile memory.

Note: When either of these errors appears, the system will boot in ISA mode, which allows you to run the EISA Configuration Utility.

28. FLOPPY DISK(S) fail (80) → Unable to reset floppy subsystem.

29. FLOPPY DISK(S) fail (40) → Floppy Type dismatch.

30. Hard Disk(s) fail (80)   → HDD reset failed.

31. Hard Disk(s) fail (40)   → HDD controller diagnostics failed.

32. Hard Disk(s) fail (20)   → HDD initialization error.

33. Hard Disk(s) fail (10)   → Unable to recalibrate fixed disk.

34. Hard Disk(s) fail (08)   → Sector Verify failed.

35. Keyboard is locked out - Unlock the key.

BIOS detect the keyboard is locked. P17 of keyboard controller is pulled low.

36. Keyboard error or no keyboard present.

Cannot initialize the keyboard. Make sure the keyboard is attached correctly and no keys are being pressed during the boot.

37. Manufacturing POST loop.

System will repeat POST procedure infinitely while the P15 of keyboard controller is pull low. This is also used for M/B burn in test.

38. BIOS ROM checksum error - System halted.

The checksum of ROM address F0000H-FFFFFH is bad.

39. Memory test fail.

BIOS reports the memory test fail if the onboard memory is tested error.

AIMB-220

40. POST Codes

Please take reference to Phoenix-Award website for the latest post codes.

http://www.phoenix.com/en/Customer+Services/BIOS/AwardBIOS/Award+Error+Codes.htm

40.1 Normal POST Code

Note: EISA POST codes are typically output to port address 300h. ISA POST codes are output to port address 80h.

Code (hex)	Name	Description
C0	Turn Off Chipset and CPU test	OEM Specific-Cache control cache Processor Status (1FLAGS) Verification. Tests the following processor status flags: Carry, zero, sign, overflow, the BIOS sets each flag, verifies They are set, then turns each flag off and verifies it is off. Read/Write/Verify all CPU registers except SS, SP, and BP with data pattern FF and 00. RAM must be periodically refreshed to keep the memory from decaying. This function ensures that the memory refresh function is working properly.
C1	Memory Presence	First block memory detect OEM Specific-Test to size on-board memory. Early chip set initialization Memory presence test OEM chip set routines clear low 64K of memory Test first 64K memory.
C2	Early Memory Initialization	OEM Specific- Board Initialization
C3	Extend Memory DRAM select	OEM Specific- Turn on extended memory Initialization Cyrix CPU initialization, Cache initialization
C4	Special Display Handling	OEM Specific- Display/Video Switch handling so that switch handling display switch errors never occurs
C5	Early Shadow	OEM specific- Early shadow enable for fast boot
C6	Cache presence test	External cache size detection
CF	CMOS Check	CMOS checkup
B0	Spurious	If interrupt occurs in protected mode.
B1	Unclaimed NMI	If unmasked NMI occurs, display Press F1 to disable NMI, F2 reboot.
BF	Program Chip Set	To program chipset from defaults values
E1-EF	Setup Pages	E1- Page 1, E2 - Page 2, etc.
1	Force load Default to chipset	Chipset defaults program
2	Reserved	

Code (hex)	Name	Description
3	Early Superio Init	Early Initialized the super IO
4	Reserved	
5	Blank video	Reset Video controller
6	Reserved	
7	Init KBC	Keyboard controller init
8	KB test	Test the Keyboard
9	Reserved	
A	Mouse Init	Initialized the mouse
B	Onboard Audio init	Onboard audio controller initialize if exist
C	Reserved	
D	Reserved	
E	CheckSum Check	Check the intergraty of the ROM, BIOS and message
F	Reserved	
10	Auto detec EEPROM	Check Flash type and copy flash write/erase routines to 0F000h segments
11	Reserved	
12	Cmos Check	Check Cmos Circuitry and reset CMOS
13	Reserved	
14	Chipset Default load	Program the chipset registers with CMOS values
15	Reserved	
16	Clock Init	Init onboard clock generator
17	Reserved	
18	Identify the CPU	Check the CPU ID and init L1/L2 cache
19	Reserved	
1A	Reserved	
1B	Setup Interrupt Vector Table	Initialize first 120 interrupt vectors with SPURIOUS_INT_HDLR and initialize INT 00h-1Fh according to INT_TBL
1C	Reserved	
1D	Early PM Init	First step initialize if single CPU onboard
1E	Reserved	
1F	Re-initial KB	Re-init KB
20	Reserved	
21	HPM init	If support HPM, HPM get initialized here
22	Reserved	
23	Test CMOS Interface and battery Status	Verifies CMOS is working correctly, detects bad battery. If failed, load CMOS defaults and load into chipset
24	Reserved	

AIMB-220

Code (hex)	Name	Description
25	Reserved	
26	Reserved	
27	KBC final Init	Final Initial KBC and setup BIOS data area
28	Reserved	
29	Initialize Video Interface	Read CMOS location 14h to find out type of video in use. Detect and Initialize Video Adapter.
2A	Reserved	
2B	Reserved	
2C	Reserved	
2D	Video memory test	Test video memory, write sign-on message to screen. Setup shadow RAM - Enable shadow according to Setup.
2E	Reserved	
2F	Reserved	
30	Reserved	
31	Reserved	
32	Reserved	
33	PS2 Mouse setup	Setup PS2 Mouse and reset KB
34	Reserved	
35	Test DMA Controller 0	Test DMA Controller 0
36	Reserved	
37	Test DMA Controller 1	Test DMA Controller 1
38	Reserved	
39	Test DMA Page Registers	Test DMA Page Registers.
3A	Reserved	
3B	Reserved	
3C	Test Timer Counter 2	Test 8254 Timer 0 Counter 2.
3D	Reserved	
3E	Test 8259-1 Mask Bits	Verify 8259 Channel 1 masked interrupts by alternately turning off and on the interrupt lines.
3F	Reserved	
40	Test 8259-2 Mask Bits	Verify 8259 Channel 2 masked interrupts by alternately turning off and on the interrupt lines.
41	Reserved	
42	Reserved	

Code (hex)	Name	Description
43	Test Stuck 8259's Interrupt Bits Test 8259 Interrupt Functionality	Turn off interrupts then verify no interrupt mask register is on. Force an interrupt and verify the interrupt occurred.
44	Reserved	
45	Reserved	
46	Reserved	
47	Set EISA Mode	If EISA non-volatile memory checksum is good, execute EISA initialization. If not, execute ISA tests an clear EISA mode flag.
48	Reserved	
49	Size Base and Extended Memory	Size base memory from 256K to 640K and extended memory above 1MB.
4A	Reserved	
4B	Reserved	
4C	Reserved	
4D	Reserved	
4E	Test Base and Extended Memory	Test base memory from 256K to 640K and extended memory above 1MB using various patterns. NOTE: This test is skipped in EISA mode and can be skipped with ESC key in ISA mode.
4F	Reserved	
50	USB init	Initialize USB controller
51	Reserved	
52	Memory Test	Test all memory of memory above 1MB using Virtual 8086 mode, page mode and clear the memory
53	Reserved	
54	Reserved	
55	CPU display	Detect CPU speed and display CPU vendor specific version string and turn on all necessary CPU features
56	Reserved	
57	PnP Init	Display PnP logo and PnP early init
58	Reserved	
59	Setup Virus Protect	Setup virus protect according to Setup
5A	Reserved	
5B	Awdflash Load	If required, will auto load Awdflash.exe in POST
5C	Reserved	
5D	Onboard I/O Init	Initializing onboard superIO

AIMB-220

Code (hex)	Name	Description
5E	Reserved	
5F	Reserved	
60	Setup enable	Display setup message and enable setup functions
61	Reserved	
62	Reserved	
63	Initialize & Install Mouse	Detect if mouse is present, initialize mouse, install interrupt vectors.
64	Reserved	
65	PS2 Mouse special	Special treatment to PS2 Mouse port
66	Reserved	
67	ACPI init	ACPI sub-system initializing
68	Reserved	
69	Setup Cache Controller	Initialize cache controller.
6A	Reserved	
6B	Setup Entering	Enter setup check and auto- configuration check up
6C	Reserved	
6D	Initialize Floppy Drive & Controller	Initialize floppy disk drive controller and any drives.
6E	Reserved	
6F	FDD install	Install FDD and setup BIOS data area parameters
70	Reserved	
71	Reserved	
72	Reserved	
73	Initialize Hard Drive & Controller	Initialize hard drive controller and any drives.
74	Reserved	
75	Install HDD	IDE device detection and install
76	Reserved	
77	Detect & Initialize Serial/Parallel Port	Initialize any serial and parallel ports (also game port).
78	Reserved	
79	Reserved	
7A	Detect & Initialize Math Coprocessor	Initialize math coprocessor.
7B	Reserved	
7C	HDD Check for Write protection	HDD check out

Code (hex)	Name	Description
7D	Reserved	
7E	Reserved	
7F	POST error check	Check POST error and display them and ask for user intervention
80	Reserved	
81	Reserved	
82	Security Check	Ask password security (optional).
83	Write CMOS	Write all CMOS values back to RAM and clear screen.
84	Pre-boot Enable	Enable parity checker. Enable NMI, Enable cache before boot.
85	Initialize Option ROMs	Initialize any option ROMs present from C8000h to EFFFFh. NOTE: When FSCAN option is enabled, ROMs initialize from C8000h to F7FFFh.
86	Reserved	
87	Reserved	
88	Reserved	
89	Reserved	
8A	Reserved	
8B	Reserved	
8C	Reserved	
8D	Reserved	
8E	Reserved	
8F	Reserved	
90	Reserved	
91	Reserved	
92	Reserved	
93	Boot Medium detection	Read and store boot partition head and cylinders values in RAM
94	Final Init	Final init for last micro details before boot
95	Special KBC patch	Set system speed for boot. Setup NumLock status according to Setup
96	Boot Attempt	Set low stack Boot via INT 19h.
FF	Boot	

40.2 Quick POST Codes

Code (hex)	Name	Description
65	Init onboard device	Early Initialized the super IO. Reset Video controller. Keyboard controller init Test the Keyboard Initialized the mouse Onboard audio controller initialize if exist. Check the intergraty of the ROM, BIOS and message Check Flash type and copy flash write/erase routines to 0F000h segments Check Cmos Circuitry and reset CMOS Program the chipset registers with CMOS values Init onboard clock generator
66	Early Sytem setup	Check the CPU ID and init L1/L2 cache. Initialize first 120 interrupt vectors with SPURIOUS_INT_HDLR and 10 initialize INT 00h-1Fh according to INT_TBL First step initialize if single CPU onboard. Re-init KB If support HPM, HPM get initialized here.
67	KBC and CMOS Init	Verifies CMOS is working correctly, detects bad battery. If failed, load CMOS defaults and load into chipset. Final Initial KBC and setup BIOS data area.
68	Video Init	Read CMOS location 14h to find out type of video in use. Detect and Initialize Video Adapter. Test video memory, write sign-on message to screen. Setup shadow RAM - Enable shadow according to Setup.
69	8259 Init	Init 8259 channel 1 and mask IRQ 9
6A	Memory test	Quick Memory Test
6B	CPU Detect and IO init	CPU vendor specific version string and turn on all necessary CPU features Display PnP logo and PnP early init Setup virus protect according to Setup. If required, will auto load Awdflash.exe in POST Initializing onboard superIO
6C	Reserved	
6D	Reserved	
6E	Reserved	
6F	Reserved	
70	Setup Init	Display setup message and enable setup functions Detect if mouse is present, initialize mouse, install interrupt vectors. Special treatment to PS2 Mouse port ACPI sub-system initializing
71	Setup Cache Controller	Initialize cache controller.

Code (hex)	Name	Description
72	Install FDD	Enter setup check and auto11 configuration check up Initialize floppy disk drive controller and any drives. Install FDD and setup BIOS data area parameters
73	Install FDD	Initialize hard drive controller and any drives. IDE device detection and install Initialize any serial and parallel ports (also game port).
74	Detect & Initialize Math Coprocessor	Initialize math coprocessor.
75	HDD Check for Write protection	HDD check out
76	Reserved	
77	Display POST error	Check POST error and display them and ask for user intervention Ask password security (optional).
78	CMOS and Option ROM Init	Write all CMOS values back to RAM and clear screen. Enable parity checker Enable NMI, Enable cache before boot. Initialize any option ROMs present from C8000h to EFFFFh. NOTE: When FSCAN option is enabled, ROMs initialize from C8000h to F7FFFh.
79	Reserved	
7A	Reserved	
7B	Reserved	
7C	Reserved	
7D	Boot Medium detection	Read and store boot partition head and cylinders values in RAM
7E	Final Init	Final init for last micro details before boot
7F	Special KBC patch	Set system speed for boot. Setup NumLock status according to Setup.
80	Boot Attempt	Set low stack Boot via INT 19h.
FF	Boot	

AIMB-220

40.3S4 POST Codes

Code (hex)	Name	Description
5A	Early Chipset Init	Early Initialized the super IO. Reset Video controller. Keyboard controller init. Test the Keyboard Initilized the mouse
5B	Cmos Check	Check Cmos Circuitry and reset CMOS
5C	Chipset default Prog	Program the chipset registers with CMOS values. Init onboard clock generator
5D	Identify the CPU	Check the CPU ID and init L1/L2 cache Initialize first 120 interrupt vectors with SPURIOUS_INT_HDLR and INT 00h-1Fh according to INT_TBL. First step initialize if single CPU Onboard. Re-init KB If support HPM, HPM get initialized Here.
5E	Setup Interrupt Vector Table	Initialize first 120 interrupt vectors with SPURIOUS_INT_HDLR and INT 00h-1Fh according to INT_TBL. First step initialize if single CPU Onboard. Re-init KB If support HPM, HPM get initialized here.
5F	Test CMOS Interface and Battery status	Verifies CMOS is working correctly, detects bad battery. If failed, load CMOS defaults and load into chipset.
60	KBC final Init	Final Initial KBC and setup BIOS data area
61	Initialize Video Interface	Read CMOS location 14h to find out type of video in use. Detect and Initialize Video Adapter.
62	Video memory test	Test video memory, write sign-on Test video memory, write sign-on message to screen. Setup shadow RAM - Enable shadow according to Setup.
63	Setup PS2 mouse and test DMA	Setup PS2 Mouse and reset KB Test DMA channel 0
64	Test 8259	Test 8259 channel 1 and mask IRQ 9
65	Init Boot Device	Detect if mouse is present, initialize mouse, install interrupt vectors. Special treatment to PS2 Mouse port ACPI sub-system initializing Initialize cache controller.
66	Install Boot Devices	Enter setup check and auto-configuration check up Initialize floppy disk drive controller and any drives. Install FDD and setup BIOS data area Parameters Initialize hard drive controller and any drives. IDE device detection and install
67	Cache Init	Cache init and USB init
68	PM init	PM initialization
69	PM final Init and issue SMI	Final init Before resume
FF	Full on	

40.4 BootBlock POST Codes

Code (hex)	Name	Description
1	Base memory test	Clear base memory area (0000:0000--9000:ffffh)
5	KB init	Initialized KBC
12	Install interrupt vectors	Install int. vector (0-77), and initialized 00-1fh to their proper place
0D	Init Video	Video initializing
41	Init FDD	Scan floppy and media capacity for onboard superIO
FF	Boot	Load boot sector