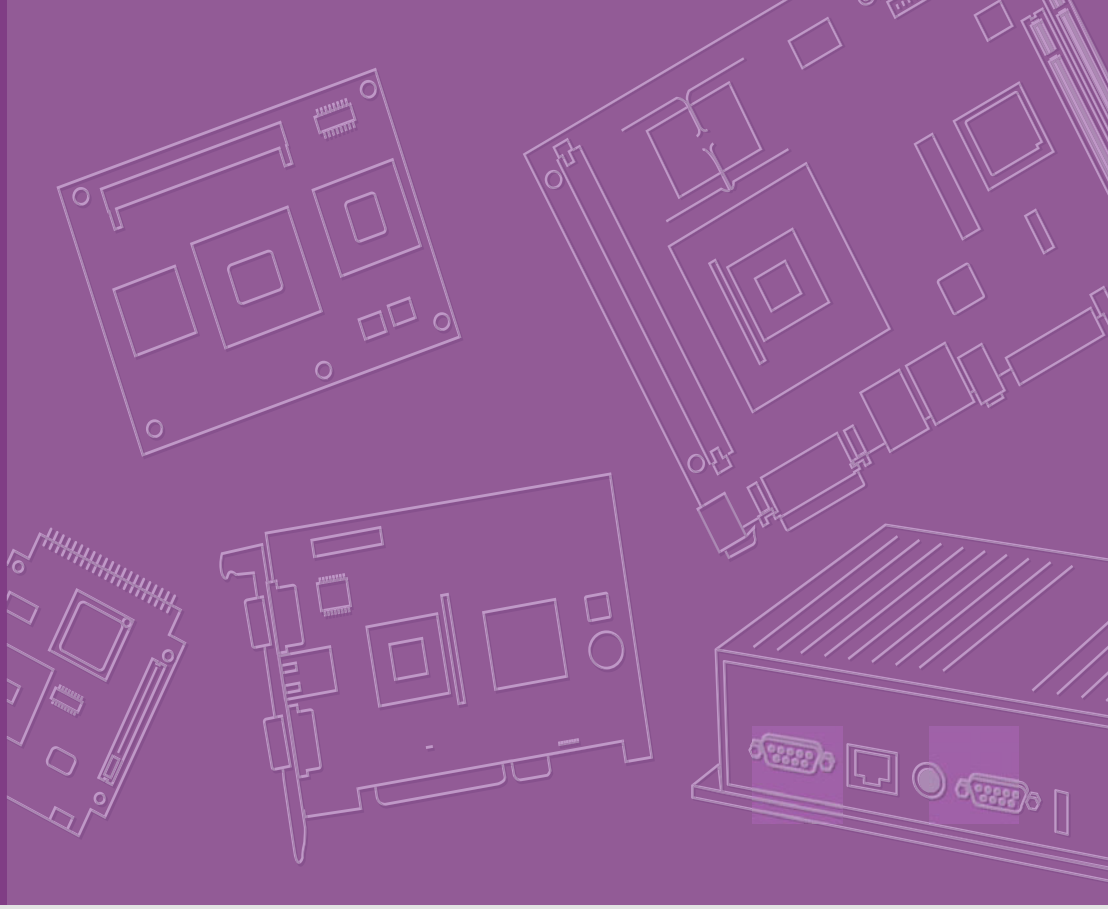

User Manual

MIO-2260

MI/O-Ultra SBC with Intel® Atom™ N455, DDR3, 18-bit LVDS, VGA, GbE, Mini PCIe, 2 COM, 2 USB, MIOe

ADVANTECH

Enabling an Intelligent Planet

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This warranty does not apply to any products which have been repaired or altered by persons other than repair personnel authorized by Advantech, or which have been subject to misuse, abuse, accident or improper installation. Advantech assumes no liability under the terms of this warranty as a consequence of such events.

Because of Advantech's high quality-control standards and rigorous testing, most of our customers never need to use our repair service. If an Advantech product is defective, it will be repaired or replaced at no charge during the warranty period. For out-of-warranty repairs, you will be billed according to the cost of replacement materials, service time and freight. Please consult your dealer for more details.

If you think you have a defective product, follow these steps:

1. Collect all the information about the problem encountered. (For example, CPU speed, Advantech products used, other hardware and software used, etc.) Note anything abnormal and list any onscreen messages you get when the problem occurs.
2. Call your dealer and describe the problem. Please have your manual, product, and any helpful information readily available.
3. If your product is diagnosed as defective, obtain an RMA (return merchandize authorization) number from your dealer. This allows us to process your return more quickly.
4. Carefully pack the defective product, a fully-completed Repair and Replacement Order Card and a photocopy proof of purchase date (such as your sales receipt) in a shippable container. A product returned without proof of the purchase date is not eligible for warranty service.
5. Write the RMA number visibly on the outside of the package and ship it prepaid to your dealer.

Technical Support and Assistance

1. Visit the Advantech web site at www.advantech.com/support where you can find the latest information about the product.
2. Contact your distributor, sales representative, or Advantech's customer service center for technical support if you need additional assistance. Please have the following information ready before you call:
   - Product name and serial number
   - Description of your peripheral attachments
   - Description of your software (operating system, version, application software, etc.)
   - A complete description of the problem
   - The exact wording of any error messages

Packing List

Before installation, please ensure the following items have been shipped:

Item Part Number

- 1 MIO-2260 SBC
- 1 Startup manual
- 1 Utility CD
- Cables

Part Number	Description
1700006291	SATA cable 7P 30 cm w/ right angle
1700019156	Audio Cable 2*5P-2.0/JACK*2 20cm
1701200220	COM PORT cable 2*10P-2.0/D-SUB 9P(M)*2 22 cm
1700019656	SATA Power cable 5P-1.25/5P-2.0+SATA 5P 15 cm

- Heatsink:

1960053175T001	99.5x70.5x15.7mm

- Stud & Screw

Part Number	Description
1910002088	Stud F=M3*10L M=M3*5L B=5 H=16, 4pcs
1935032000	Screw R/S 5.5 2.0 +M M3*20L, 4pcs
193B0204C0	Screw F/S D=3.5 H=0.8 + M2*4L, 1pcs

Ordering information

Model Number	Description
MIO-2260NF-S6A1E	Atom N455, fanless, 12V, VGA, LVDS, GbE, 2 USB, MIOe

Optional accessories

Part No.	Description
1960053176N001	Heat Spreader (99.5 x 70.5 x 11.2 mm)

Certification and Safety Instructions

This device complies with the requirements in part 15 of the FCC rules: Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

1. This device may not cause harmful interference, and
2. This device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a commercial environment. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. Operation of this device in a residential area is likely to cause harmful interference in which case the user will be required to correct the interference at his/her own expense. The user is advised that any equipment changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance would void the compliance to FCC regulations and therefore, the user's authority to operate the equipment.

Caution! *There is a danger of a new battery exploding if it is incorrectly installed. Do not attempt to recharge, force open, or heat the battery. Replace the battery only with the same or equivalent type recommended by the manufacturer. Discard used batteries according to the manufacturer's instructions.*

Contents

Chapter 1

General Introduction

This chapter gives background information on the MIO-2260.

Sections include:

- Introduction
- Product feature
- Specifications

1.1 Introduction

MIO-2260 is a MI/O-Ultra SBC (Single Board Computer) with Embedded Intel® Atom™ N455 1.66 GHz Processor. The MIO-2260 can support DDR3 memory up to 2 GB, has two USB 2.0 compatible ports, one GbE (1000Mbps) interface, LVDS and VGA support, HD (High Definition) audio, and one H/S mini-PCIe and MIOe expansion slot. In addition, MIO-2260 also supports one SATA drive, two COM ports and one CF slot.

Advantech's innovative MI/O (multiple I/O) Extension SBC equipped flexible multiple I/O, efficiency on schedule, development resources & assist integrators to provide optimized solutions in cost-effective way by connecting with MIOe high speed sockets. The design of MI/O Extension took into account of soft-/hard-/firmware applications.

1.2 Product Feature

General

- **CPU:** Intel® Atom™ processor N455 1.66 GHz
- **System Chipset** Intel® Atom™ N455 + ICH8M
- **BIOS:** SPI 16 Mbit Flash BIOS
- **System Memory:** DDR3 667 MHz N455 up to 2 GB
- **CFC:** Supports CompactFlash® Card TYPE II
- **Watchdog Timer:** Single chip Watchdog 255-level interval timer, setup by software
- **Expansion Interface:** Supports 1 x H/S mini-PCIe and MIOe slot device
- **Battery:** Lithium 3 V/210 mAH

I/O

- **I/O Interface:** 1 x SATA (300 MB/S), 2 x RS232
- **USB:** 2 x USB 2.0 compliant Ports
- **Audio:** High Definition Audio (HD), Line-in, Line out
- **GPIO:** 8-bit general purpose input/output (5V tolerance)

Ethernet

- **Controller:** ICH8M(MAC), Intel 82566V(PHY)
- **Speed:** 1000 Mbps
- **Interface:** 1 x RJ45
- **Standard:** Compliant with IEEE 802.3, IEEE 802.3u, IEEE 802.ab.

Display

- **Controller:** Intel N455, Gen3.5 DX9
- **Memory Size:** Up to 224 MB of dynamic video memory allocation
- **Resolution:**
  - VGA: Up to 1400 x 1050 (SXGA)
  - LVDS: Single channel 18-bit LVDS up to WXGA 1366 x 768

1.3 Specifications

1.3.1 Functional Specification

Processor

Processor	■ Intel® Atom™ Processor N455 ■ Intel® Atom™ N455 at 1.66 GHz with 512KB L2 cache ■ Manufacturing Technology:45 nm

Chipset (Intel® N455)

Memory	■ Intel® N455 ■ Supports DDR3 667 MHz up to 2 GB ■ SODIMM Socket: 204-pin SODIMM socket type *1
Graphic and Video Controllers	Intel 3.5 Gen Integrated Graphic Engine + GFX core ■ DVMT 4.0 (Dynamic Video Memory Technology) ■ Directx9 compliant Pixel Shader 2.0 ■ 2 display ports: LVDS and VGA ■ Intel® Clear Video Technology

Chipset (ICH8M)

IDE Interface	■ ICH8M ■ Supports one CF device
H.D. Codec ALC892 I/F	ICH8M supports: ■ Support for HD codec ■ Up to 2 channel of PCM (Pulse Code Modulation) audio output ■ Connectors: Line-out, Line-in: Pin header 2*5P (M) 2.0 mm
Concurrent PCI/PCIe Bus Controller	ICH8M chip supports: ■ PCI 2.3 ■ Support one H/S mini-PCIe connector
SATA Connector	ICH8M supports: ■ Independent DMA operation on two ports ■ Data transfer rates of up to 3.0 Gb/s (300 MB/s) ■ Operation of AHCI using memory space ■ Several optional sections of the Serial ATA II ■ Connector: Serial ATA II 7 pins 1.27 mm
USB Interface	ICH8M supports: ■ 2 USB 2.0 ports which are high-speed, full- speed, and low-speed capable ■ Connector: 2 set rear I/O at coastline
Power Management	■ Full ACPI (Advanced Configuration and Power Interface) 3.0 ■ Supports S1, S3,S4, S5
BIOS	SPI 16Mb Flash BIOS

Others

Graphic and Video Controllers	Intel N455, Gen3.5 DX9 ■ VGA: Up to 1400 x 1050 (SXGA) ■ LVDS: Single channel 18-bit LVDS up to WXGA 1366 x 768 LVDS connector: 14pin wafer box 1.25mm CRT connector: D-SUB15 at coastline
Ethernet	ICH8M + Intel 82567V (PHY) ■ Compliant with IEEE 802.3, IEEE 802.3u, IEEE 802.ab. ■ Support 1000Mbps. Connectors: Phone Jack RJ45 8P 90D(F)
Serial ports	SMSC SCH 3114 support ■ 2 RS-232 serial ports with ESD protection : air gap ± 15kV, contact ± 8kV ■ High Speed NS16C550A Compatible UARTs with Data rates to 1.5Mbps. ■ Support IRQ Sharing among serial ports. Connectors: COM1/2: 1x 2.0mm 10*2P pin header
GPIO	SMSC SCH 3114 support ■ 8 I/O Pins. ■ 5V tolerance I/Os. Connectors: 5*2 pins 2.0mm pin header.
Battery backup	2 pin wafer box for external Battery on board

1.3.2 Mechanical Specifications

1.3.2.1 Dimensions (mm)

L100.00 mm * W72 mm

1.3.2.2 Height on top (mm)

15.7mm (heatsink)

1.3.2.3 Height under bottom (mm)

16.1mm (USB connector)

1.3.2.4 Weight (g)

42g (including of heatsink)

1.3.3 Electrical Specifications

1.3.3.1 Power supply Voltage

single 12V input ±10%

1.3.3.2 Power Supply Current (with 1 GB memory)

- **Typical in XP mode:**
  0.64 A, 12 V
- **Max in HCT:**
  0.86 A, 12 V

1.3.3.3 RTC Battery

- **Typical Voltage:** 3.0 V
- **Normal discharge capacity:** 210 mAh

1.4 Environmental Specifications

1.4.1 Operating Humidity

- 40 °C @ 95% RH Non-Condensing

1.4.2 Operating Temperature

0 ~ 60 °C (32~140 °F)

1.4.3 Storage Humidity

60 °C @ 95% RH Non-Condensing

1.4.4 Storage Temperature

-40 ~ 85 °C (-40 ~ 185 °F)

Chapter 2

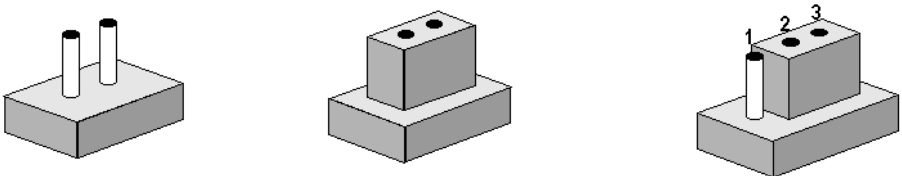
H/W Installation

This chapter explains the setup procedures of the MIO-2260 hardware, including instructions on setting jumpers and connecting peripherals, as well as switches, indicators and mechanical drawings. Be sure to read all safety precautions before you begin the installation procedure.

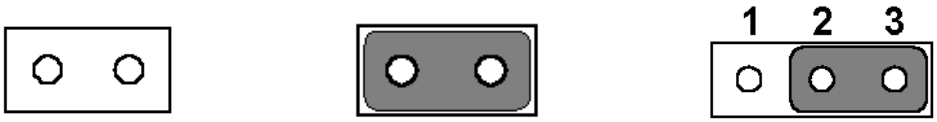
2.1 Jumpers

2.1.1 Jumper Description

Cards can be configured by setting jumpers. A jumper is a metal bridge used to close an electric circuit. It consists of two metal pins and a small metal clip (often protected by a plastic cover) that slides over the pins to connect them. To close a jumper, you connect the pins with the clip. To open a jumper, you remove the clip. Sometimes a jumper will have three pins, labeled 1, 2 and 3. In this case you would connect either pins 1 and 2, or 2 and 3.



The jumper settings are schematically depicted in this manual as follows.



A pair of needle-nose pliers may be helpful when working with jumpers. If you have any doubts about the best hardware configuration for your application, contact your local distributor or sales representative before you make any changes.

Generally, you simply need a standard cable to make most connections.

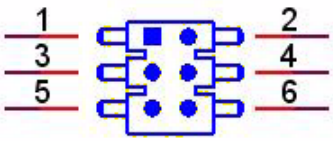
Warning! *To avoid damaging the computer, always turn off the power supply before setting jumpers.*

2.1.2 Jumper list

Table 2.1: Jumper List	
J1	LCD Power / Auto Power on

2.1.3 Jumper Settings

Table 2.2: J1: LCD Power/Auto Power on	
Part Number	1653003260
Footprint	HD_3x2P_79
Description	PIN HEADER 3*2P 180D(M) 2.0mm SMD SOUARE PIN
Setting	**Function**
(1-2)	+5V
(3-4) (default)	+3.3V
(5-6) (default)	Auto Power On



2.2 Connectors

2.2.1 Connector list

Table 2.3: Connector list	
CN1	SMBus
CN2	COM1/COM2
CN3	18 bits LVDS Panel
CN4	SODIMM DDR3
CN5	Audio
CN6	Inverter Power Output
CN7	GPIO
CN8	Front Panel
CN9	Mini-PCIe
CN10	MIOe
CN11	CF
CN12	SATA
CN13	GbE
CN14	External USB
CN15	12V Power Input
CN17	VGA

2.2.2 Connector Settings

2.2.2.1 Battery Connector (BH1)

MIO-2260 supports Lithium 3 V/210mAH CR2032 battery with wire via battery connector (BH1).

Note! *How to clear CMOS: (Must follow below steps)*

1. Turn off system power
2. Unplug CR2032 battery cable on BH1
3. Waiting for 15sec or short BH1 pin1-2
4. Connect battery cable on BH1
5. Turn on system power

2.2.2.2 SMBus Connector (CN1)

MIO-2260 provides SMBus connector for customer connection to SMBus protocol embedded device. It can be configured to I^2C by T-p/n support.

Advantech also provide SMBus API allowing developer to interface with an embedded system environment and transfer serial messages using the SMBus protocols, allowing multiple simultaneous device control.

2.2.2.3 COM Port Connector (CN2)

The MIO-2260 provides 2 RS-232 serial ports in 10*2pin pin header. You can find the pin assignments for the COM port connector in Appendix A.

2.2.2.4 VGA/LVDS Interface Connections

The board's VGA interface can drive conventional CRT displays and is capable of driving a wide range of flat panel displays, including passive LCD and active LCD displays. The board has connectors to support these displays: one for standard CRT VGA monitors and one for flat panel displays

CRT display connector (CN17)

The CRT display connector is a rear I/O connector as coastline used for conventional CRT displays. Resolution : up to 1400 x 1050 (SXGA)

LVDS LCD panel connector (CN3)

The board supports single channel 18-bit LVDS LCD panel displays via 14*1pin wafer box. Resolution : up to 1366 x 768 (WXGA).

2.2.2.5 DDRIII SODIMM Socket (CN4)

One 204-pin/H9.2 mm DDRIII DIMM socket supports DDRIII 667 MHz up to 2 GB.

2.2.2.6 Audio Interface (CN5)

Audio Port Connectors

One 5 x 2 pin box header for Audio connector. These audio connectors are used for audio devices.

2.2.2.7 Inverter Power/Internal SATA PowerConnector (CN6)

MIO-2260 can provide +5 V/+12 V/signal to LCD inverter board and 5V for 2.5" SATA HDD via CN6.

SATA power's current is only sufficient for 2.5" HDD, and LVDS inverter's current is 5 V @ less than 1 A, 12 V @ 500 mA.

2.2.2.8 GPIO (General Purpose Input Output) (CN7)

The board supports 8-bit GPIO (5V tolerance) through GPIO connector. The 8 digital in and out-puts can be programmed to read or control devices, with input or out- put defined. The default setting is 4 bits input and 4 bits output.

2.2.2.9 Front Panel (CN8)

MIO-2260 integrates below functions as front panel 6pin connector :

Power button

MIO-2260 supports power on/off button in ATX mode.

Reset

If you install a reset switch, it should be an open single pole switch.

Momentarily pressing the switch will activate a reset.

Power LED

Power LED indicator would light when power is on.

HDD LED

HDD LED indicator for hard disk access is an active low signal

2.2.2.10 Mini PCIe Connector (CN9)

PCI Express Mini Card (also known as Mini PCI Express, Mini PCIe, and Mini PCI-E) is a replacement for the Mini PCI form factor based on PCI Express. It is developed by the PCI-SIG. The host device supports both PCI Express and USB 2.0 connectivity, and each card uses whichever the designer feels most appropriate to the task.

MIO-2260 support a Mini PCIe slot.

2.2.2.11 MIOe (CN10)

MIO-2260 supports MIOe connector to extend flexible I/Os.

Interface

SMBus, 3xUSB 2.0, 4xPCIeX1, LPC, line-out, 5V/12V power

Total peripheral power supply output

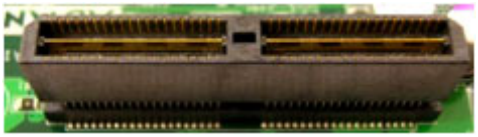
5V @2.8A for CPU board and MI/O Extension module totally, 12V @2A for MI/O Extension module

MIOe connector

There are two kinds of MIOe connector : 16mm & 19mm height, depends on components' height of MI/O Extension module.

Connector location	Samtec P/N	Advantech P/N	Description
Connector on CPU board	QSE-040-01-L-D	1654006235	B/B conn. 40x2P 0.8mm 180D(F) SMD

Connector location	Samtec P/N	Advantech P/N	Description
Connector on MI/O module	QTE-040-04-L-D	1654009317	B/B conn. 40x2P 0.8mm 180D(F) SMD, 16mm height
Connector on MI/O module	QTE-040-05-L-D	1654004704	B/B conn. 40x2P 0.8mm 180D(M) SMD, 19mm height



2.2.2.12 CompactFlash (CN11)

MIO-2260 provides a CompactFlash card type I/II socket.

The CompactFlash card shares a secondary IDE channel which can be enabled/disabled via the BIOS settings.

Compact Flash set as fix master mode.

2.2.2.13 SATA Connector (CN12)

MIO-2260 supports Serial ATA via one connector (CN12). Data transfer rates up to 300 MB/s are possible, enabling very fast data and file transfer, and independent DMA operation on two ports.

2.2.2.14 Ethernet Configuration (CN13)

MIO-2260 uses Intel 82567V Ethernet chip (10/100/1000 Mbps) linked to dedicated PCIex1 lane via RJ-45 connectors.

2.2.2.15 USB Connectors (CN14)

The board provides two USB (Universal Serial Bus) ports. This gives complete Plug and Play, and hot attach/detach for up to 127 external devices. The USB interfaces comply with USB specification Rev. 2.0 which supports 480 Mbps transfer rate, and are fuse protected.

2.2.2.16 Power Connectors (CN15)

Main power connector supports single 12V input, and there's an optional choice of DC/Jack (co-layout with 4pin power connector)

2.3 Mechanical

2.3.1 Jumper and Connector Locations

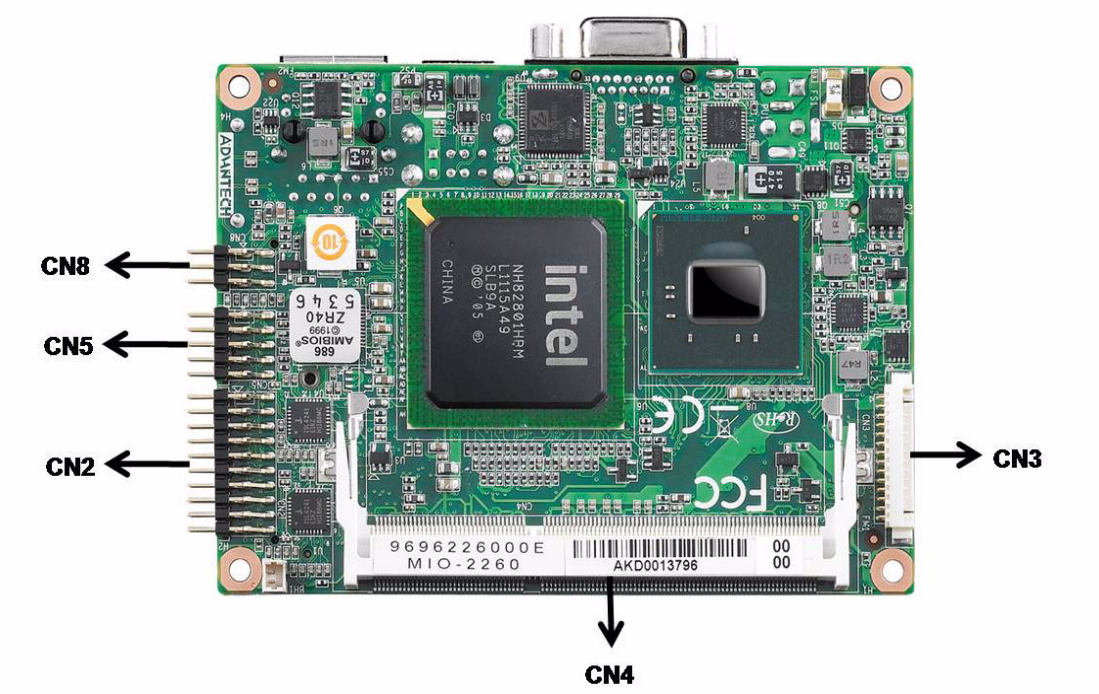


Figure 2.1 Jumper and Connector layout (Top side)

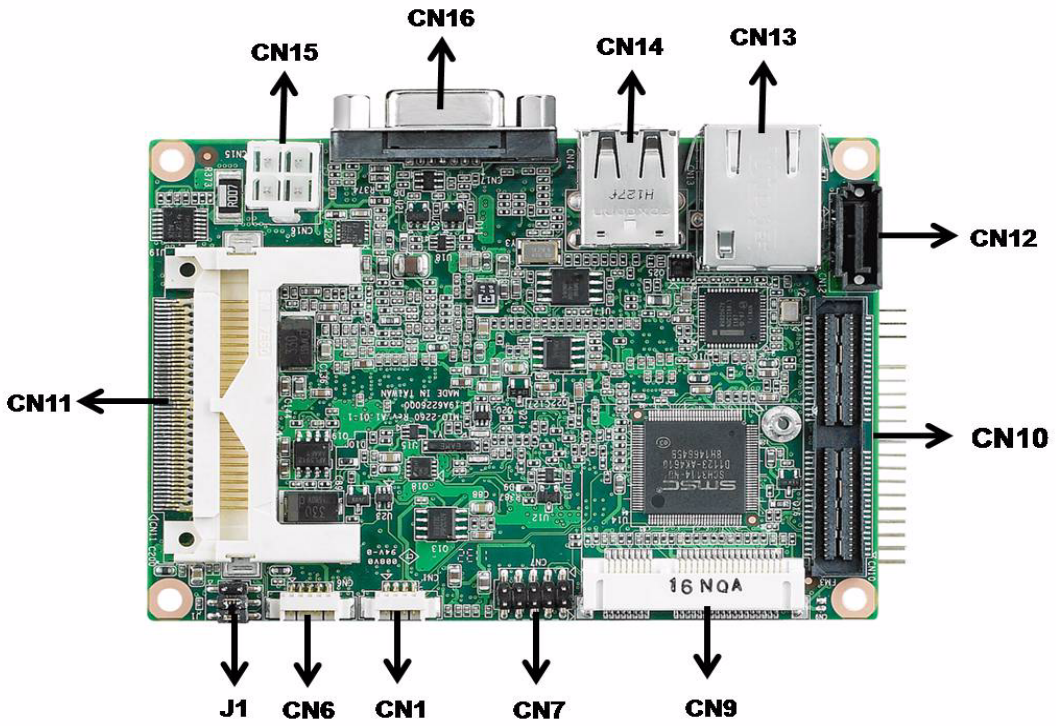


Figure 2.2 Jumper and connector layout (Bottom side)

2.3.2 Board Dimensions

2.3.2.1 CPU Board Drawing

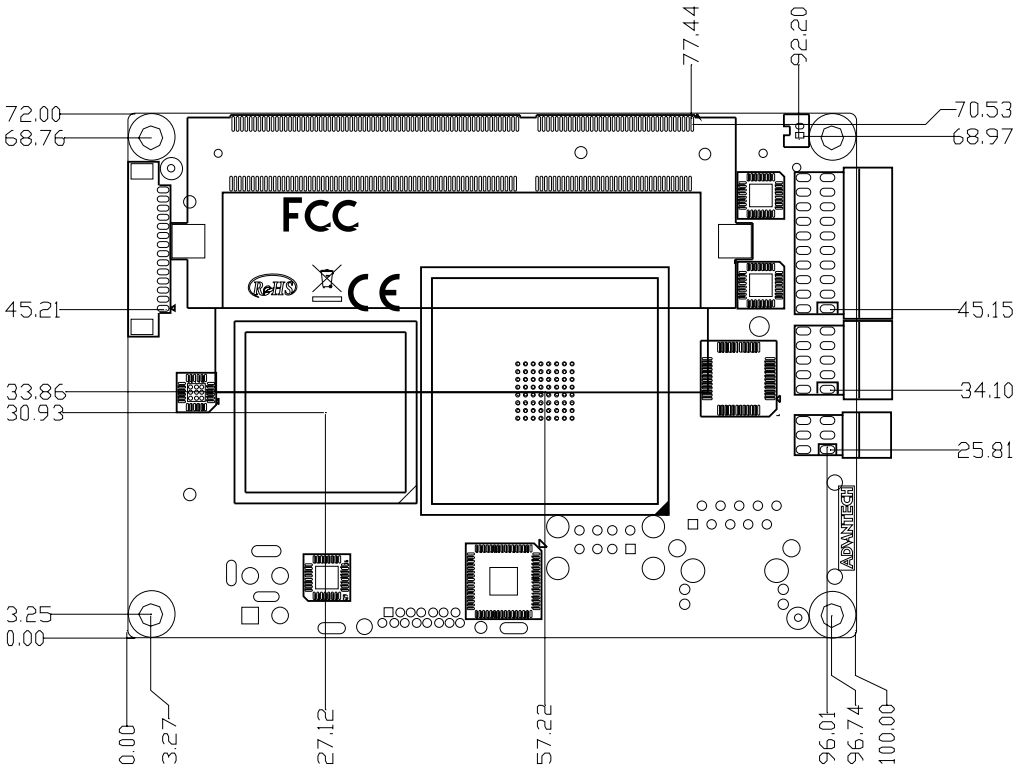


Figure 2.3 Board dimension layout (Top side)

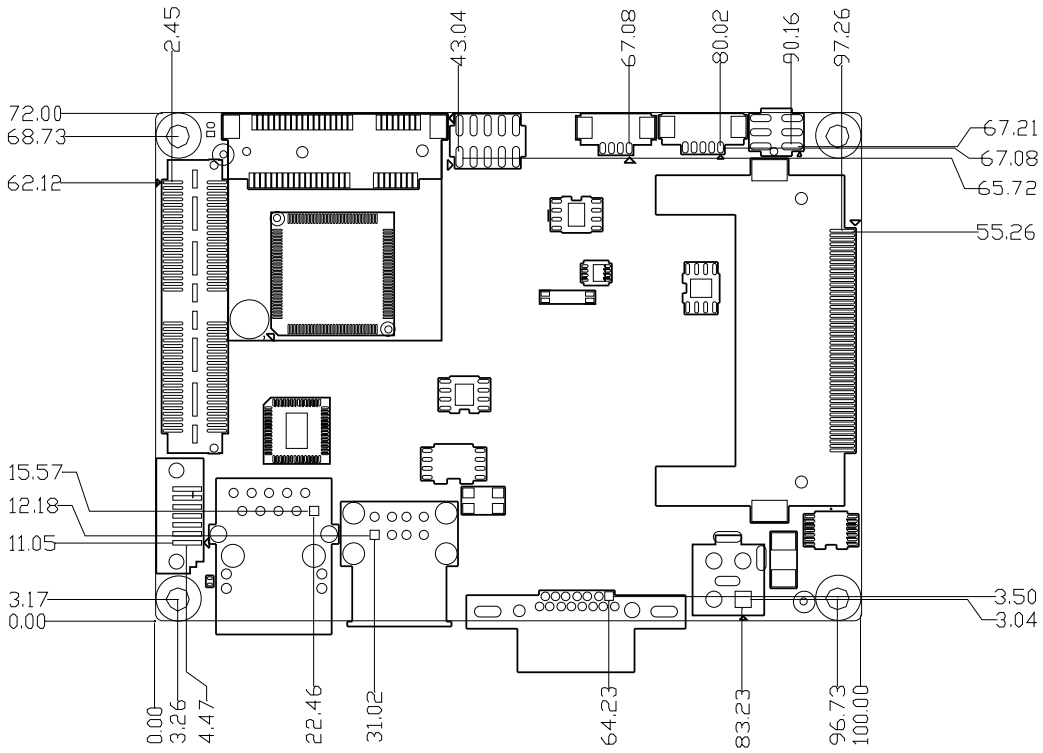


Figure 2.4 Board dimension layout (Bottom side)

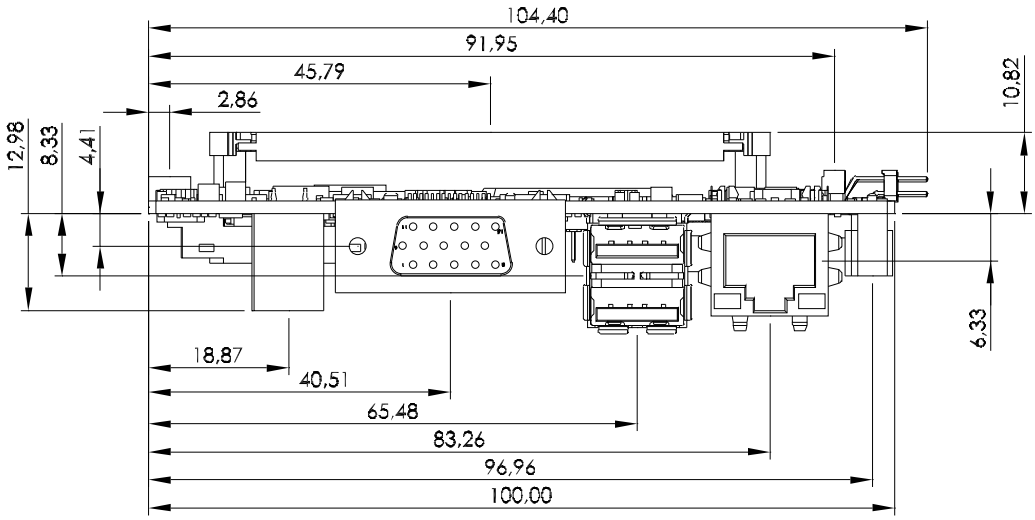


Figure 2.5 Board dimension layout (Coastline with power connector)

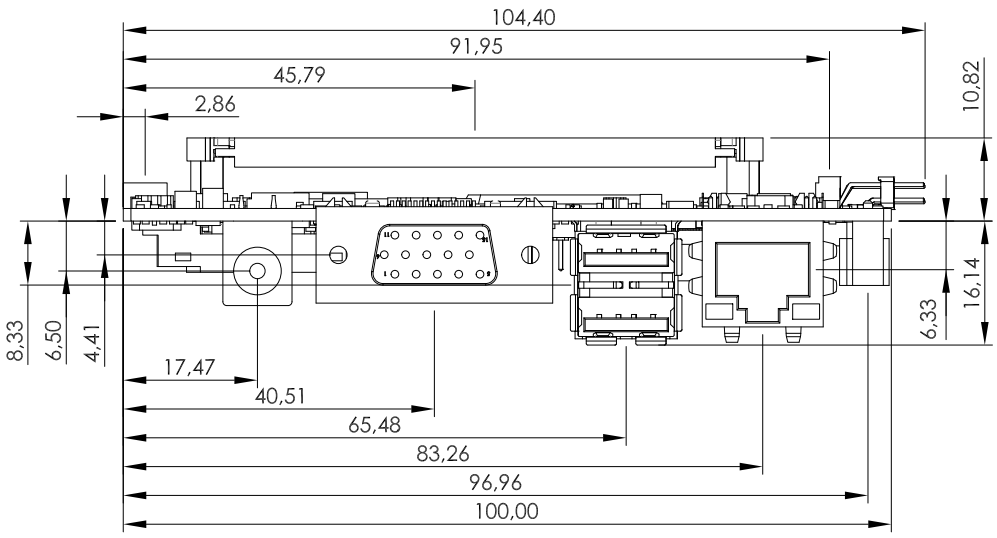


Figure 2.6 Board dimension layout (Coastline with optional DC/Jack)

2.3.2.2 MI/O Module Height Constraint

To avoid mechanical conflict with MI/O-Ultra CPU board, it's recommended to refer to the following drawing of MI/O module height constraint.

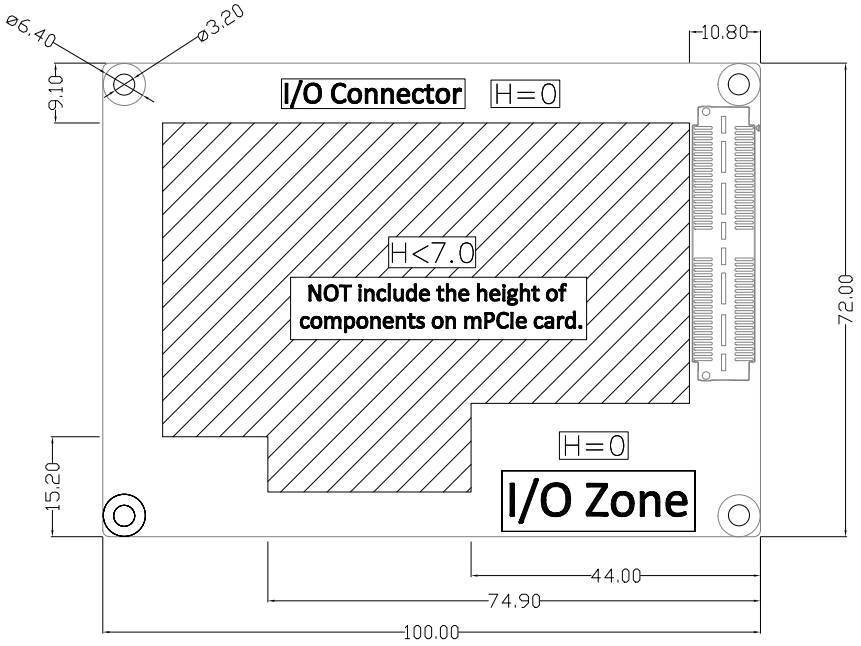


Figure 2.7 MI/O Module height constraint

Note!

1. *Constraint of components' max. height of MI/O module base on 16mm height MIOe connector. If needed, there's 19mm height as well.*
2. *The height of 2x2P power connector (including of cable) on MIO-2260 should be considered when assembling the system or stacking the MI/O module.*

2.3.2.3 Another Thermal Solution - Heat Spreader

MIO-2260 has an optional heat spreader to make whole system more compact. Using a heat spreader to conduct heat to your chassis can help a lot when system is extra compact or limited space for heat convection. Here are some guidelines for heat spreader:

1. For best heat conduction, the gap between chassis and heat spreader should be the smaller, the better.
2. The height of exsting heat spreader is 11.2mm (Advantech P/N: 1960053176T001). If you need some other height to fit chassis better, Advantech could custormize it for you. (Please contact our sales for details)
3. There are thermal grease and screws in heat spreader kit, thermal grease helps conduct better if chassis is quite close to heat spreader. Another suggestion is to use thermal pad if chassis isn't close enough to heat spreader. (The gap is suggested less than 3mm for better heat conduction and cost effective)

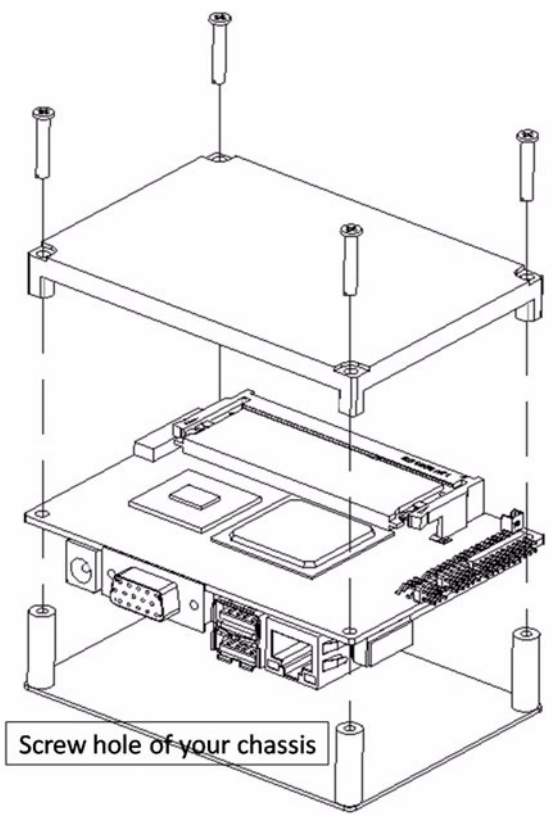


Figure 2.8 Illustration of heat spreader assembly

Chapter 3

BIOS settings

AMIBIOS has been integrated into many motherboards for over a decade. With the AMIBIOS Setup program, you can modify BIOS settings and control the various system features. This chapter describes the basic navigation of the PICO-2260 BIOS setup screens.

Figure 3.1 Setup program initial screen

AMI's BIOS ROM has a built-in Setup program that allows users to modify the basic system configuration. This information is stored in battery-backed CMOS so it retains the Setup information when the power is turned off.

3.1 Entering Setup

Turn on the computer and check for the -patch" code. If there is a number assigned to the patch code, it means that the BIOS supports your CPU. If there is no number assigned to the patch code, please contact an Advantech application engineer to obtain an up-to-date patch code file. This will ensure that your CPU's system status is valid. After ensuring that you have a number assigned to the patch code, press <DEL> and you will immediately be allowed to enter Setup.

3.2 Main Setup

When you first enter the BIOS Setup Utility, you will enter the Main setup screen. You can always return to the Main setup screen by selecting the Main tab. There are two Main Setup options. They are described in this section. The Main BIOS Setup screen is shown below.

Figure 3.2 Main setup screen

The Main BIOS setup screen has two main frames. The left frame displays all the options that can be configured. Grayed-out options cannot be configured; options in blue can. The right frame displays the key legend.

Above the key legend is an area reserved for a text message. When an option is selected in the left frame, it is highlighted in white. Often a text message will accompany it.

3.2.1 System time / System date

Use this option to change the system time and date. Highlight System Time or System Date using the <Arrow> keys. Enter new values through the keyboard. Press the <Tab> key or the <Arrow> keys to move between fields. The date must be entered in MM/DD/YY format. The time must be entered in HH:MM:SS format.

3.3 Advanced BIOS Features Setup

Select the Advanced tab from the PICO-2260 setup screen to enter the Advanced BIOS Setup screen. You can select any of the items in the left frame of the screen, such as CPU Configuration, to go to the sub menu for that item. You can display an Advanced BIOS Setup option by highlighting it using the <Arrow> keys. All Advanced BIOS Setup options are described in this section. The Advanced BIOS Setup screens is shown below. The sub menus are described on the following pages.

Figure 3.3 Advanced BIOS features setup screen

3.3.1 CPU Configuration

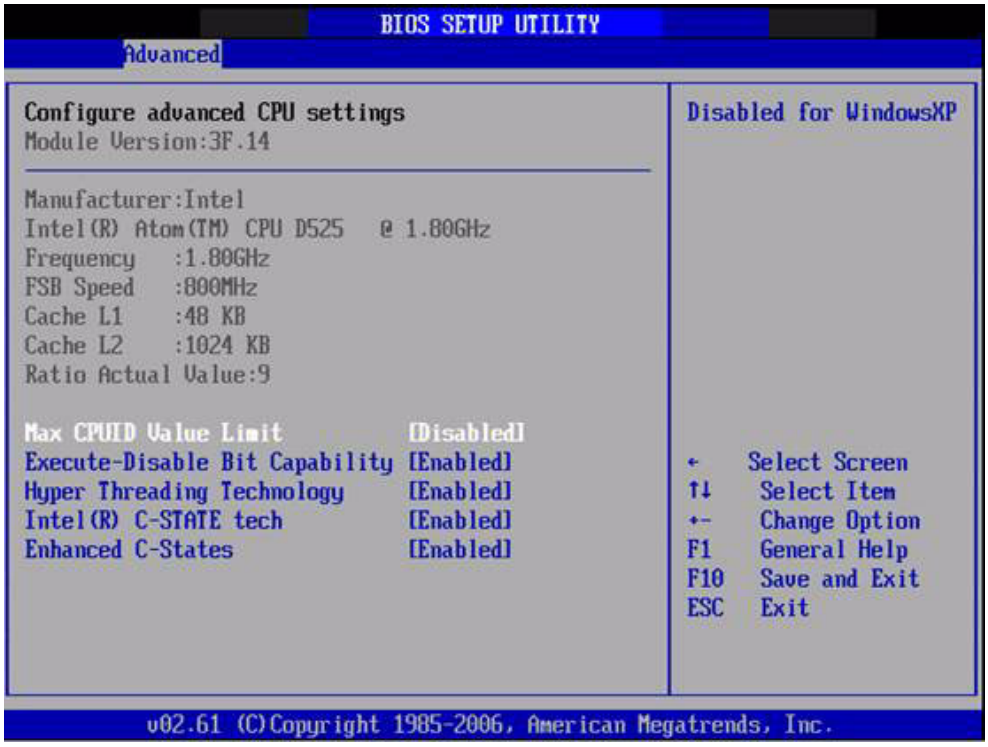


Figure 3.4 CPU Configuration Setting

Max CPUID Value Limit

This item allows you to limit CPUID maximum value.

Execute-Disable Bit Capability

This item allows you to enable or disable the No-Execution page protection technology.

Hyper Threading Technology

This item allows you to enable or disable Intel? Hyper Threading technology.

Intel® C-STATE tech

This item allows the CPU to save more power under idle mode.

Enhanced C-States

CPU idle set to enhanced C-States, disabled by Intel? C-STATE tech item.

3.3.2 IDE Configuration

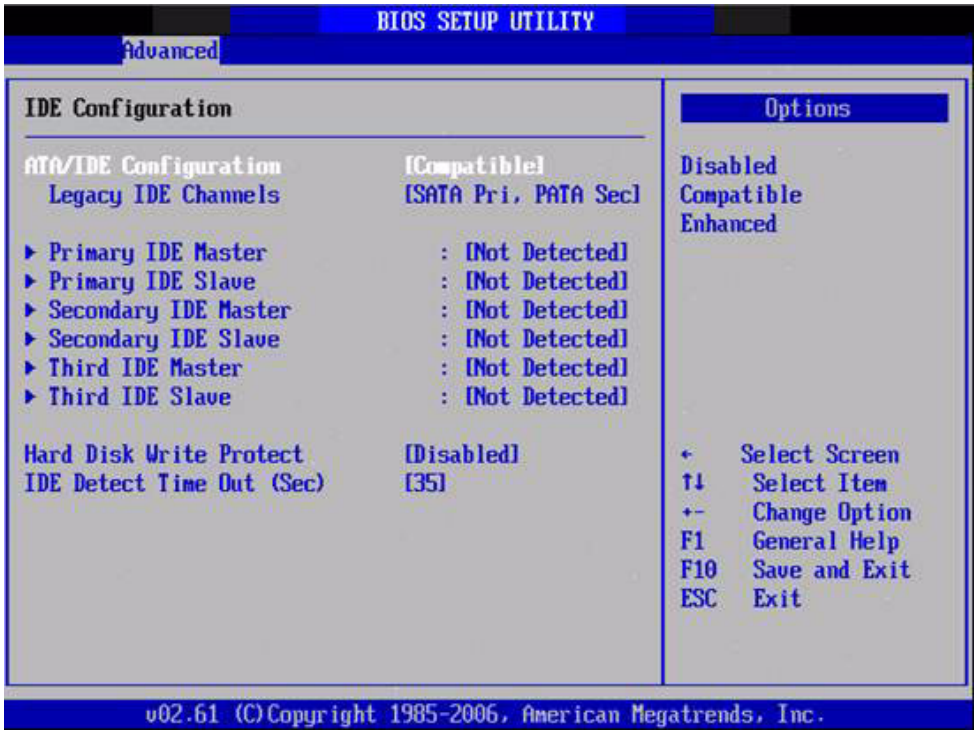


Figure 3.5 IDE Configuration

ATA/IDE Configuration

This item allows you to select Disabled / Compatible / Enhanced.

Legacy IDE Channels

When set to Enhanced mode you can select IDE or AHCI mode. When select Compatible mode you can select SATA only / SATA pri, PATA sec or PATA only.

Primary/Secondary/Third IDE Master/Slave

BIOS auto detects the presence of IDE device, and displays the status of auto detection of IDE device.

>**Type:** Select the type of SATA driver.[Not Installed][Auto][CD/DVD][ARMD]

>**LBA/Large Mode:** Enables or Disables the LBA mode.

>**Block (Multi-Sector Transfer):** Enables or disables data multi-sectors transfers.

>**PIO Mode:** Select the PIO mode.

>**DMA Mode:** Select the DMA mode.

>**S.M.A.R.T.:** Select the smart monitoring, analysis, and reporting technology.

>**32Bit Data Transfer:** Enables or disables 32-bit data transfer.

Hard Disk Write Protect

Disable/Enable device write protection. This will be effective only if device is accessed through BIOS.

IDE Detect Time Out (Sec)

This item allows you to select the time out value for detecting ATA/ATAPI device(s).

3.3.3 Super I/O Configuration

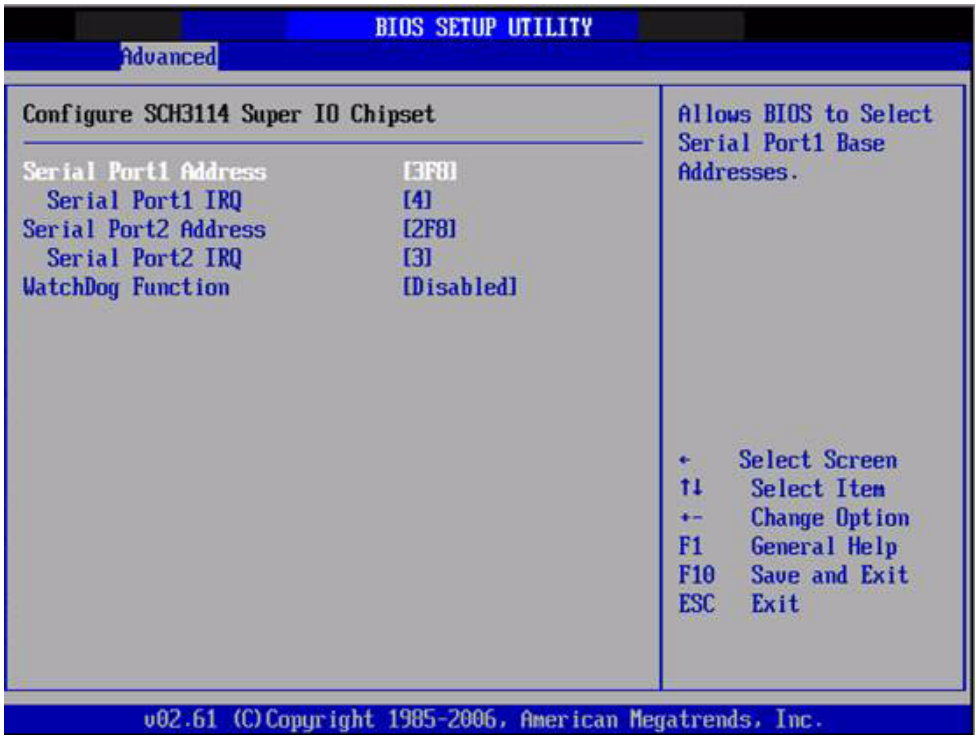


Figure 3.6 Super I/O Configuration

Serial Port1 / Port2 address

This item allows you to select serial port1 / port2 of base addresses.

Serial Port1 / Port2 IRQ

This item allows you to select serial port1 / port2 of IRQ.

WatchDog function

This item allows you to enable WatchDog function by minutes or seconds.

3.3.4 Hardware Health Configuration

Figure 3.7 Hardware health configuration

H/W Health Function

This item allows you to control H/W monitor of showing.

Temperature & Voltage show

CPU/System Temperature

Vcore / +3.3Vin / +5Vin / +12Vin / VBAT

3.3.5 ACPI Settings

Figure 3.8 ACPI Settings

3.3.5.1 General ACPI Configuration

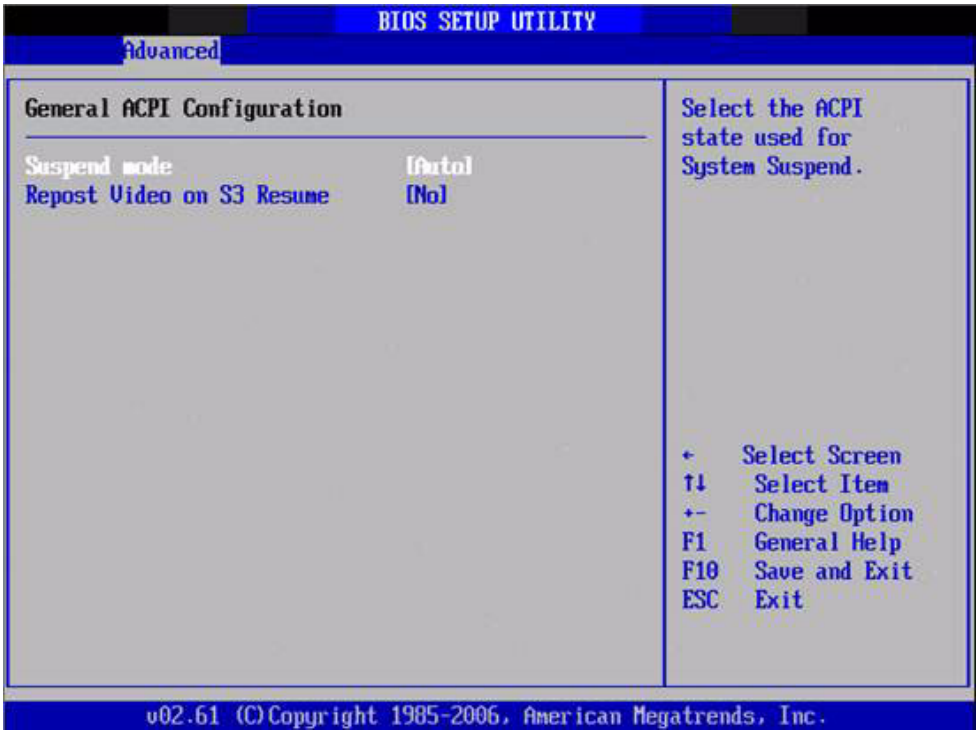


Figure 3.9 General ACPI Configuration

Suspend mode

Select the ACPI state used for system suspend.

Report Video on S3 Resume

This item allows you to invoke VA BIOS POST on S3/STR resume.

3.3.5.2 Advanced ACPI Configuration

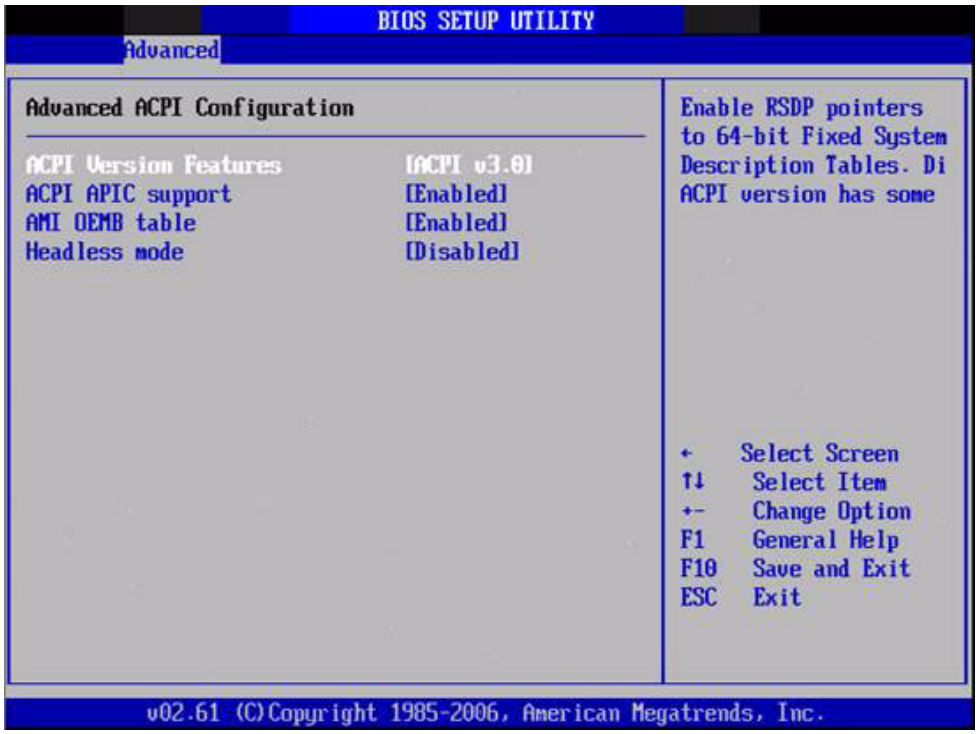


Figure 3.10 Advanced ACPI Configuration

ACPI Version Features

This item allows you to enable RSDP pointers to 64-bit fixed system description tables.

ACPI APIC support

Include APIC table pointer to RSDT pointer list.

AMI OEMB table

Include OEMB table pointer to R(x)SDT pointer lists.

Headless mode

Enable/Disable Headless operation mode through ACPI.

3.3.5.3 Chipset ACPI Configuration

Figure 3.11 Chipset ACPI Configuration

Energy Lake Feature

Allows you to configure Intel's Energy Lake power management technology.

APIC ACPI SCI IRQ

Enable/Disable APIC ACPI SCI IRQ.

USB Device Wakeup From S3

Enable/Disable USB Device Wakeup from S3.

High Performance Event Timer

Enable/Disable High performance Event timer.

3.3.6 AHCI Configuration

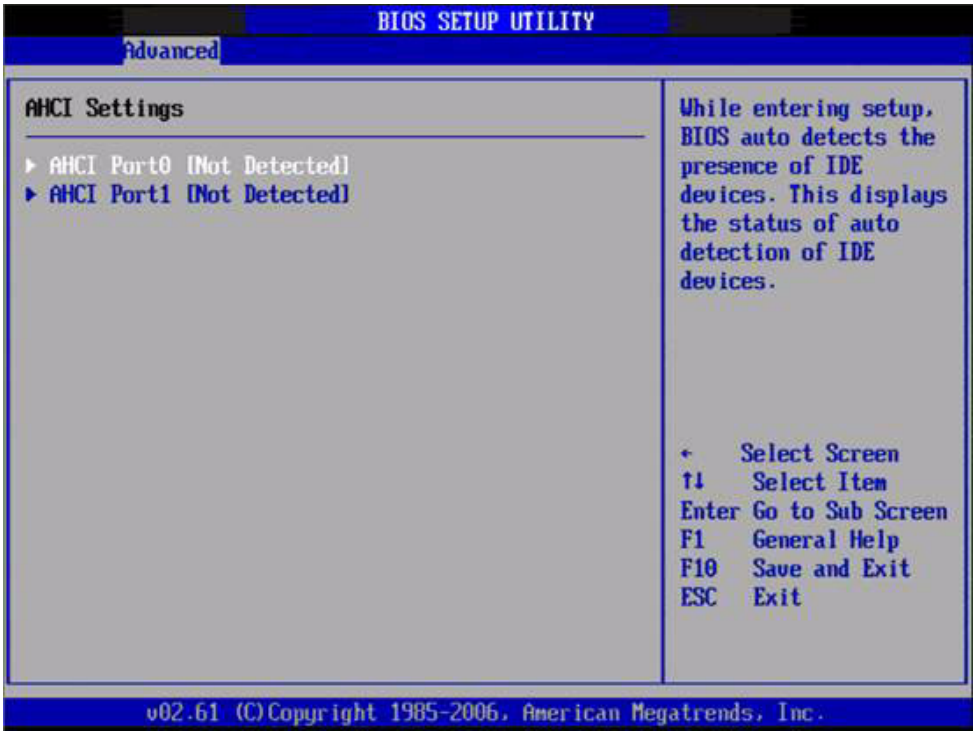


Figure 3.12 Advanced ACPI Configuration

AHCI Ports0 / Port1

While entering setup, BIOS auto detects the presence of IDE devices. This displays the status of auto detection of IDE device.

3.3.7 APM Configuration

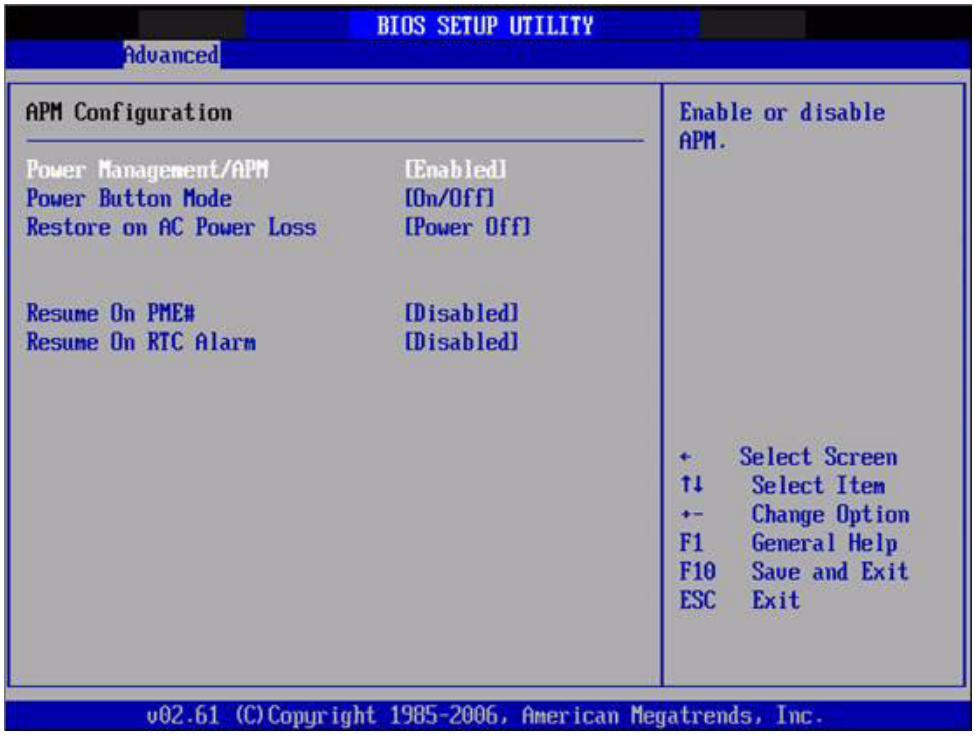


Figure 3.13 APM Configuration

Power Management/APM

Enable or disable APM.

Power Button Mode

Power on, off, or enter suspend mode when the power button is pressed. The following options are also available.

Restore on AC power Loss

Use this to set up the system response after a power failure. The "Off" setting keeps the system powered off after power failure, the "On" setting boots up the system after failure, and the "Last State" returns the system to the status just before power failure.

Resume On PME#

Enable / Disable PME to generate a wake event.

Resume On RTC Alarm

Enable / Disable RTC to generate a wake event.

3.3.8 Event Log Configuration

Figure 3.14 South Bridge ACPI Configuration

View Event Log

View all unread events on the event Log.

Mark all events as read

Mark all unread events as read.

Clear Event Log

Discard all events in the event Log.

3.3.9 MPS Configuration

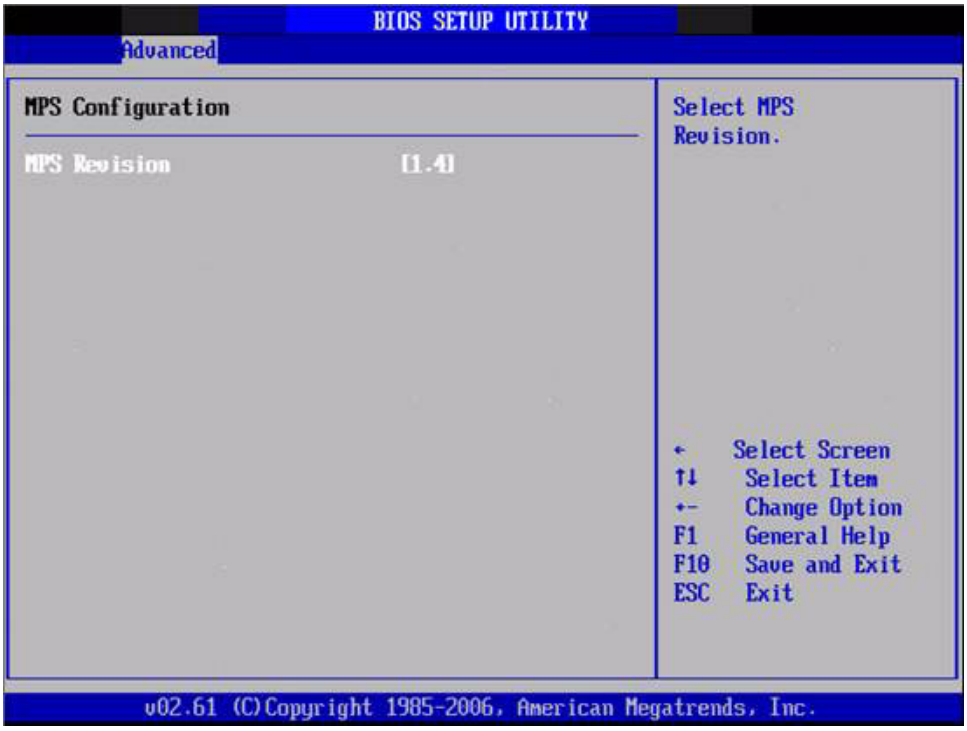


Figure 3.15 MPS Configuration

MPS Revision

This item allows you to select MPS reversion.

3.3.10 Smbios Configuration

Figure 3.16 Smbios Configuration

Smbios Smi Support

SMBIOS SMI wrapper support for PnP function 50h-54h.

3.3.11 USB Configuration

Figure 3.17 USB Configuration

Legacy USB Support

Enables support for legacy USB. Auto option disables legacy support if no USB devices are connected.

USB 2.0 Controller Mode

This item allows you to select HiSpeed(480Mbps) or FullSpeed (12Mpbs).

BIOS EHCI Hand-Off

This is a workaround for OSes without EHCI hand-off support. The EHCI ownership change should claim by EHCI driver.

Hotplug USB FDD Support

A dummy FDD device is created that will be associated with the hotplugged FDD later. Auto option creates this dummy device only if there is no USB FDD present.

>>> USB Mass Storage Device Configuration

Figure 3.18 USB Mass storage Device Configuration

USB Mass Storage Reset Delay

Number of sends POST wait for the USB mass storage device after start unit command.

Emulation Type

If Auto, USB devices less than 530MB will be emulated as Floppy and remaining as hard drive. Force FDD option can be used to force a FDD formatted drive to boot as FDD(Ex. ZIP drive).

3.4 Advanced PCI/PnP Settings

Select the PCI/PnP tab from the PICO-2260 setup screen to enter the Plug and Play BIOS Setup screen. You can display a Plug and Play BIOS Setup option by highlighting it using the <Arrow> keys. All Plug and Play BIOS Setup options are described in this section. The Plug and Play BIOS Setup screen is shown below.

Figure 3.19 PCI/PNP Setup (top)

Clear NVRAM

Set this value to force the BIOS to clear the Non-Volatile Random Access Memory (NVRAM).The Optimal and Fail-Safe default setting is No.

Plug & Play O/S

When set to No, BIOS configures all the device in the system. When set to Yes and if you install a Plug and Play operating system, the operating system configures the Plug and Play device not required for boot.

PCI Latency Timer

Value in units of PCI clocks for PCI device latency timer register.

Allocate IRQ to PCI VGA

When set to Yes will assigns IRQ to PCI VGA card if card requests IRQ. When set to No will not assign IRQ to PCI VGA card even if card requests an IRQ.

Palette Snooping

This item is designed to solve problems caused by some non-standard VGA card.

PCI IDE BusMaster

When set to enabled BIOS uses PCI busmastering for reading/writing to IDE drives.

OffBoard PCI/ISA IDE Card

Some PCI IDE cards may require this to be set to the PCI slot number that is holding the card. When set to Auto will works for most PCI IDE cards.

IRQ3 / 4 / 5 / 7 / 9 / 10 /11

This item allows you respectively assign an interruptive type for IRQ-3, 4, 5, 7, 9, 10, 11.

DMA Channel0 / 1 / 3 / 5 / 6 / 7

When set to Available will specified DMA is available to be used by PCI/PnP devices. When set to Reserved will specified DMA will Reserved for use by legacy ISA devices.

Reserved Memory Size

This item allows you to reserved size of memory block for legacy ISA device.

3.5 Boot Settings

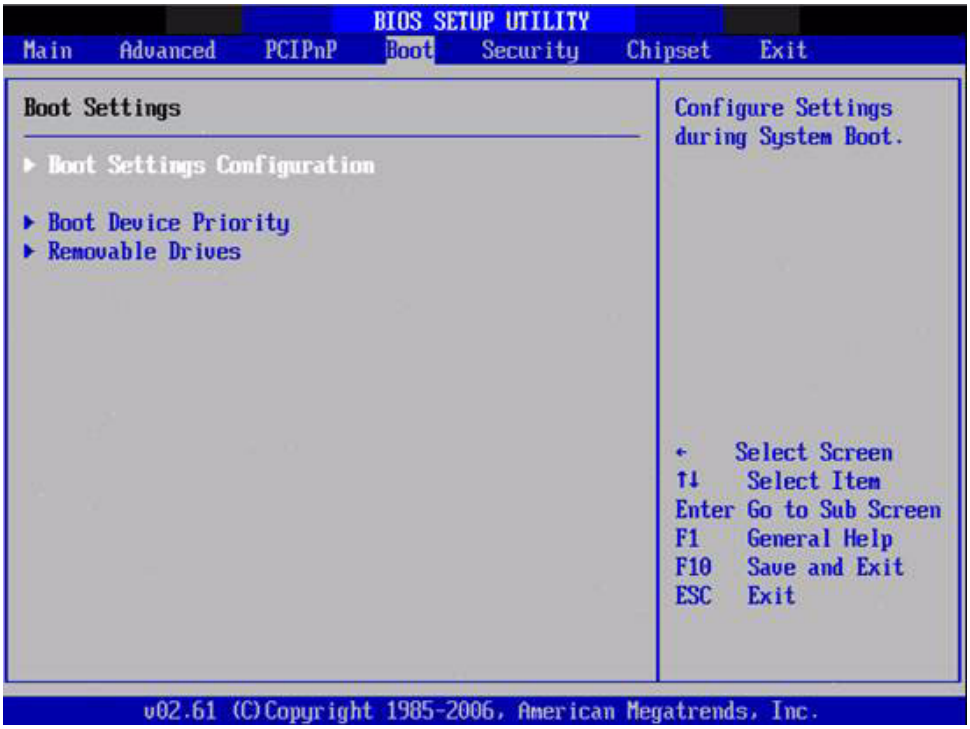


Figure 3.20 Boot Setup Utility

3.5.1 Boot settings Configuration

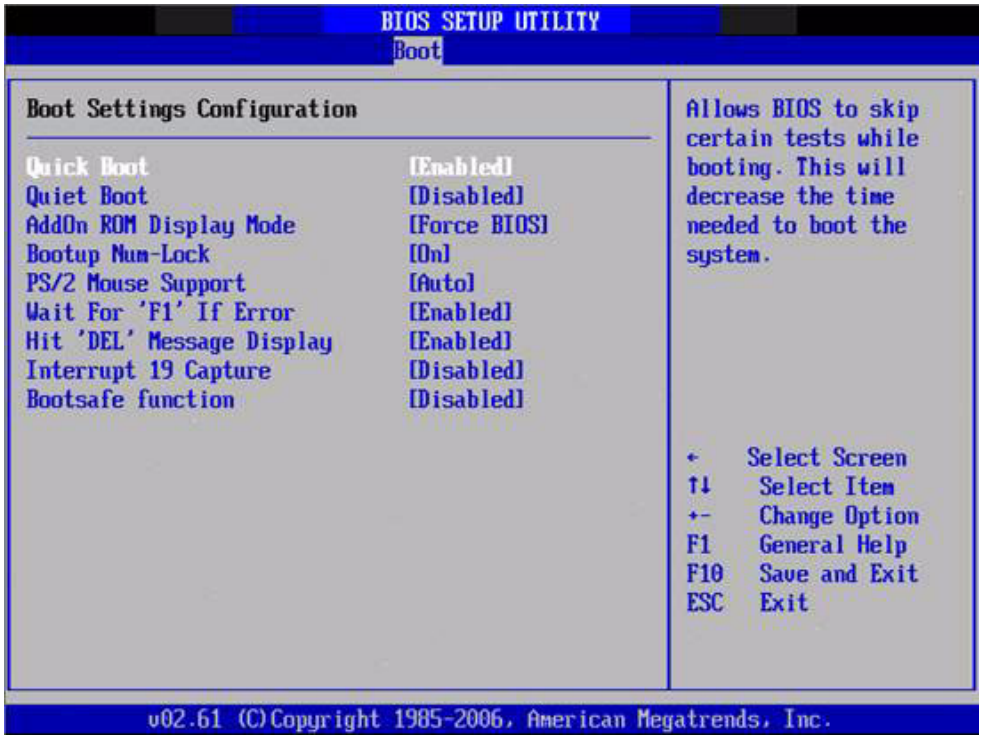


Figure 3.21 Boot Setting Configuration

Quick Boot

This item allows BIOS to skip certain tests while booting. This will decrease the time needed to boot the system.

Quiet Boot

If this option is set to Disabled, the BIOS displays normal POST messages. If Enabled, an OEM Logo is shown instead of POST messages.

AddOn ROM Display Mode

Set display mode for option ROM.

Bootup Num-Lock

Select the Power-on state for Numlock.

PS/2 Mouse Support

Select support for PS/2 Mouse.

Wait For "F1' If Error

Wait for the F1 key to be pressed if an error occurs.

Hit "DEL' Message Display

Displays -Press DEL to run Setup" in POST.

Interrupt 19 Capture

This item allows option ROMs to trap interrupt 19.

Bootsafe function

This item allows you to enables or disables bootsafe function.

3.6 Security Setup

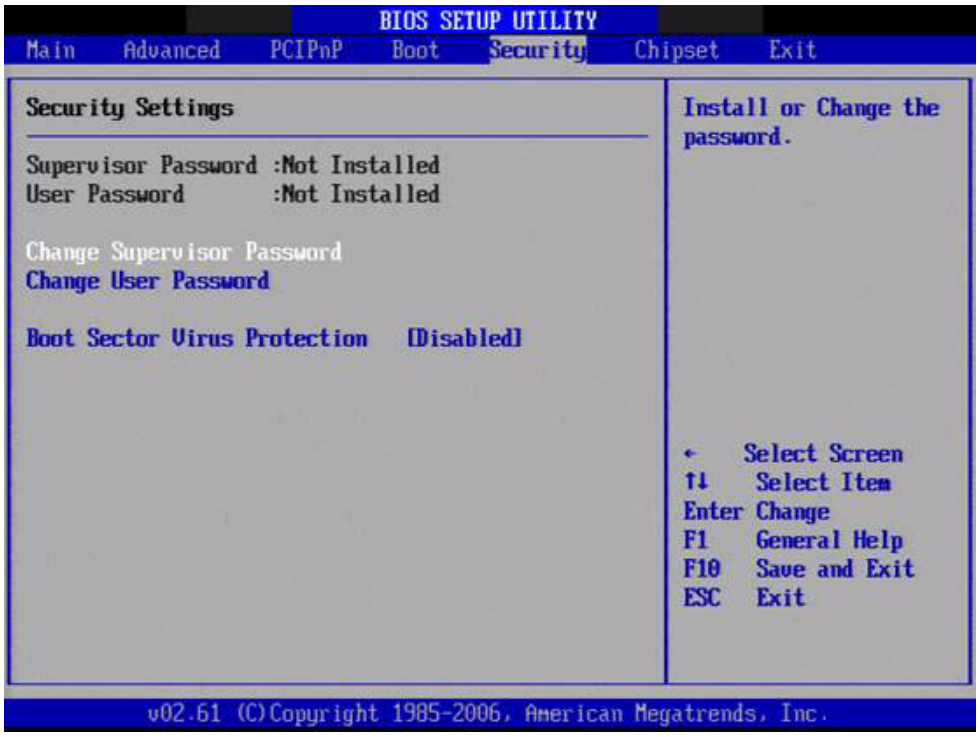


Figure 3.22 Password Configuration

Select Security Setup from the PICO-2260 Setup main BIOS setup menu. All Security Setup options, such as password protection and virus protection are described in this section. To access the sub menu for the following items, select the item and press <Enter>:

Change Supervisor / User Password

Boot sector Virus protection: The boot sector virus protection will warn if any program tries to write to the boot sector.

3.7 Advanced Chipset Settings

Figure 3.23 Advanced Chipset Settings

3.7.1 North Bridge Chipset Configuration

Figure 3.24 North Bridge Configuration

DRAM Frequency

This item allows you to manually changed DRAM frequency.

Configure DRAM Timing by SPD

This item allows you to enables or disables detect by DRAM SPD .

Initate Graphic Aadapter

This item allows you to select which graphics controller to use as the primary boot device.

Internal Graphics Mode Select

Select the amount of system memory used by the Internal graphics device.

Figure 3.25 Video function configuration

DVMT Mode Select

Displays the active system memory mode.

DVMT/FIXED Memory

Specify the amount of DVMT / FIXED system memory to allocate for video memory.

Boot Display Device

Select boot display device at post stage.

Flat Panel Type

This item allows you to select which panel resolution you wants.

Spread Spectrum Clock

This item allows you to enables or disables spread spectrum clock.

Backlight Control 1 Type

This item allows you to select backlight control type.

Backlight 1 Level

This item allows you to select backlight level.

3.7.2 South Bridge Chipset Configuration

Figure 3.26 South Bridge Configuration

USB Functions

Enables or disables the USB function.

USB 2.0 Controller

Enables or disables the USB 2.0 controller.

Intel 82567V controller

Enables or disables the intel LAN controller.

Boot Rom

Enables or disables internal LAN boot.

Wake Up From S5

Enables or disables LAN1 wake up from S5 function.

HDA Controller

Enables or disables the HDA controller.

SMBUS Controller

Enables or disables the SMBUS controller.

SLP_S4# Min. Assertion Width

This item allows you to set a delay of sorts.

3.8 Exit Option

Figure 3.27 Exit Option

3.8.1 Save Changes and Exit

When you have completed system configuration, select this option to save your changes, exit BIOS setup and reboot the computer so the new system configuration parameters can take effect.

1. Select Exit Saving Changes from the Exit menu and press <Enter>.
   The following message appears: Save Configuration Changes and Exit Now? [Ok] [Cancel]
2. Select Ok or cancel.

3.8.2 Discard Changes and Exit

Select this option to quit Setup without making any permanent changes to the system configuration.

1. Select Exit Discarding Changes from the Exit menu and press <Enter>.
   The following message appears: Discard Changes and Exit Setup Now? [Ok] [Cancel]
1. Select Ok to discard changes and exit. Discard Changes
2. Select Discard Changes from the Exit menu and press <Enter>.

3.8.3 Load Optimal Defaults

The PICO-2260 automatically configures all setup items to optimal settings when you select this option. Optimal Defaults are designed for maximum system performance, but may not work best for all computer applications. In particular, do not use the Optimal Defaults if your computer is experiencing system configuration problems. Select Load Optimal Defaults from the Exit menu and press <Enter>.

3.8.4 Load Fail-Safe Defaults

The PICO-2260 automatically configures all setup options to fail-safe settings when you select this option. Fail-Safe Defaults are designed for maximum system stability, but not maximum performance. Select Fail-Safe Defaults if your computer is experiencing system configuration problems.

1. Select Load Fail-Safe Defaults from the Exit menu and press <Enter>.
   The following message appears: Load Fail-Safe Defaults?
   [OK] [Cancel]
2. Select OK to load Fail-Safe defaults.

Chapter 4

S/W Introduction & Installation

4.1 S/W Introduction

The mission of Advantech Embedded Software Services is to "Enhance quality of life with Advantech platforms and Microsoft Windows embedded technology." We enable Windows embedded software products on Advantech platforms to more effectively support the embedded computing community. Customers are freed from the hassle of dealing with multiple vendors (Hardware suppliers, System integrators, Embedded OS distributor) for projects. Our goal is to make Windows embedded software solutions easily and widely available to the embedded computing community.

4.2 Driver Installation

To install the drivers please just insert the CD into CD-ROM, select the drivers that you want to install, then run .exe (set up) file under each chipset folder and follow Driver Setup instructions to complete the installation.

4.2.1 Windows XP Professional

To install the drivers for Windows XP Professional, insert the CD into the CD-ROM, it will auto-detect the hardware platform and then pop up with the "Embedded Computing Install Wizard box"; just select the drivers that you want to install then click Install All Selected drivers. Follow the Driver Setup Wizard instructions; click "Next" to complete the installation.

4.2.2 Other OS

To install the drivers for another Windows OS or Linux, please browse the CD to run the setup file under each chipset folder on the CD-ROM.

4.3 Value-Added Software Services

Software API: An interface that defines the ways by which an application program may request services from libraries and/or operating systems. Provides not only the underlying drivers required but also a rich set of user-friendly, intelligent and integrated interfaces, which speeds development, enhances security and offers add-on value for Advantech platforms. It plays the role of catalyst between developer and solution, and makes Advantech embedded platforms easier and simpler to adopt and operate with customer applications.

4.3.1 SUSI Introduction

To make hardware easier and convenient to access for programmers, Advantech has released a suite of API (Application Programming Interface) in the form of a program library. The program Library is called Secured and Unified Smart Interface or SUSI for short.

In modern operating systems, user space applications cannot access hardware directly. Drivers are required to access hardware. User space applications access hardware through drivers. Different operating systems usually define different interface for drivers. This means that user space applications call different functions for hardware access in different operating systems. To provide a uniform interface for accessing hardware, an abstraction layer is built on top of the drivers and SUSI is such an abstraction layer. SUSI provides a uniform API for application programmers to access the hardware functions in different Operating Systems and on different Advantech hardware platforms.

Application programmers can invoke the functions exported by SUSI instead of calling the drivers directly. The benefit of using SUSI is portability. The same set of API is defined for different Advantech hardware platforms. Also, the same set of API is implemented in different Operating Systems including Windows XP and Windows CE. This user's manual describes some sample programs and the API in SUSI. The hardware functions currently supported by SUSI can be grouped into a few categories including Watchdog, I^2C, SMBus, GPIO, and VGA control. Each category of API in SUSI is briefly described below.

4.3.2 Software APIs

4.3.2.1 The GPIO API

General Purpose Input/Output is a flexible parallel interface that allows a variety of custom connections. It allows users to monitor the level of signal input or set the output status to switch on/off a device. Our API also provides Programmable GPIO, which allows developers to dynamically set the GPIO input or output status.

4.3.2.2 The I^2C API

I^2C is a bi-directional two-wire bus that was developed by Phillips for use in their televisions in the 1980s and nowadays is used in various types of embedded systems. The strict timing requirements defined in the I^2C protocol has been taken care of by SUSI. Instead of asking application programmers to figure out the strict timing requirements in the I^2C protocol, the I^2C API in SUSI can be used to control I^2C devices by invoking other function calls. SUSI provides a consistent programming interface for different Advantech boards. That means user programs using SUSI are portable among different Advantech boards as long as the boards and SUSI provide the required functionalities. Overall product development times can be greatly reduced using SUSI.

4.3.2.3 The SMBus API

The System Management Bus (SMBus) is a two-wire interface defined by Intel® Corporation in 1995. It is based on the same principles of operation of I^2C and is used in personal computers and servers for low-speed system management communications. Nowadays, it can be seen in many types of embedded systems. As with other API in SUSI, the SMBus API is available on many platforms including Windows XP and Windows CE.

4.3.2.4 The Display Control API

There are two kinds of VGA control APIs, backlight on/off control and brightness control. Backlight on/off control allows a developer to turn on or off the backlight, and to control brightness smoothly.

1. Brightness Control
   - The Brightness Control API allows a developer to interface with an embedded device to easily control brightness.
2. Backlight Control
   - The Backlight API allows a developer to control the backlight (screen) on/off in an embedded device.

4.3.2.5 The Watchdog API

A watchdog timer (abbreviated as WDT) is a hardware device which triggers an action, e.g. rebooting the system, if the system does not reset the timer within a specific period of time. The WDT API in SUSI provides developers with functions such as starting the timer, resetting the timer, and setting the timeout value if the hardware requires customized timeout values.

4.3.2.6 The Hardware Monitor API

The hardware monitor (abbreviated as HWM) is a system health supervision capability achieved by placing certain I/O chips along with sensors for inspecting the target of interests for certain condition indexes, such as fan speed, temperature and voltage etc.

However, due to the inaccuracy among many commercially available hardware monitoring chips, Advantech has developed a unique scheme for hardware monitoring - achieved by using a dedicated micro-processor with algorithms specifically designed for providing accurate, real-time and reliable data content; helping protect your system in a more reliable manner.

4.3.2.7 The Power Saving API

1. CPU Speed
   - Make use of Intel SpeedStep technology to reduce power consumption. The system will automatically adjust the CPU Speed depending on system loading.
2. System Throttling
   - Refers to a series of methods for reducing power consumption in computers by lowering the clock frequency. APIs allow the user to lower the clock from 87.5% to 12.5%.

4.3.3 SUSI Utilities

4.3.3.1 BIOS Flash

The BIOS Flash utility allows customers to update the flash ROM BIOS version, or use it to back up current BIOS by copying it from the flash chip to a file on customers'disk. The BIOS Flash utility also provides a command line version and API for fast implementation into customized applications.

4.3.3.2 Embedded Security ID

The embedded application is the most important property of a system integrator. It contains valuable intellectual property, design knowledge and innovation, but it is easily copied! The Embedded Security ID utility provides reliable security functions for customers to secure their application data within embedded BIOS.

4.3.3.3 Monitoring utility

The Monitoring utility allows the customer to monitor system health, including voltage, CPU and system temperature and fan speed. These items are important to a device; if critical errors happen and are not solved immediately, permanent damage may be caused.

4.3.3.4 eSOS

The eSOS is a small OS stored in BIOS ROM. It will boot up in case of a main OS crash. It will diagnose the hardware status, and then send an e-mail to a designated administrator. The eSOS also provides remote connection: Telnet server and FTP server, allowing the administrator to rescue the system.

4.3.3.5 Flash Lock

Flash Lock is a mechanism that binds the board and CF card (SQFlash) together. The user can “Lock” SQFlash via the Flash Lock function and “Unlock” it via BIOS while booting. A locked SQFlash cannot be read by any card reader or boot from other platforms without a BIOS with the “Unlock” feature.

4.3.4 SUSI Installation

SUSI supports many different operating systems. Each subsection below describes how to install SUSI and related software on a specific operating system. Please refer to the subsection matching your operating system.

4.3.4.1 Windows XP

In windows XP, you can install the library, drivers and demo programs onto the platform easily using the installation tool--The SUSI Library Installer. After the installer has executed, the SUSI Library and related files for Windows XP can be found in the target installation directory. The files are listed in the following table.

Directory	Contents
\Library	■ Susi.lib Library for developing the applications on Windows XP. ■ Susi.dll Dynamic library for SUSI on Windows XP.
\Demo	■ SusiDemo.EXE Demo program on Windows XP. ■ Susi.dll Dynamic library for SUSI on Windows XP.
\Demo\SRC	Source code of the demo program on Windows XP.

The following section illustrates the installation process.

Note! *The SUSI Library Installer screen shots shown below are examples only. Your screens may vary depending on your particular version.*

1. Extract Susi.zip.
2. Double-click the "Setup.exe" file.

The installer searches for a previous installation of the SUSI Library. If it locates one, a dialog box opens asking whether you want to modify, repair or remove the software. If a previous version is located, please see the [Maintenance Setup] section. If it is not located, an alternative window appears. Click Next.

4.3.4.2 Windows CE

In windows CE, there are three ways to install the SUSI Library, you can install it manually or use Advantech CE-Builder to install the library or just copy the programs and the library onto a compact flash card.

Express Installation:

You can use Advantech CE-Builder to load the library into the image.

- First, you click the My Component tab.
- In this tab, you click Add New Category button to add a new category, e.g. the SUSI Library.
- Then you can add a new file in this category, and upload the SUSI.dll for this category.
- After these steps, you can select the SUSI Library category you created for every project.

Manual Installation:

You can add the SUSI Library into the image by editing any bib file.

First you open project.bib in the platform builder.

- Add this line to the MODULES section of project.bib
  Susi.dll $(_FLATRELEASEDIR)\Susi.dll NK SH
- If you want to run the window-based demo, add following line:
  SusiTest.exe $(_FLATRELEASEDIR)\SusiTest.exe
- If you want to run the console-based demo, add following lines:
  Watchdog.exe $(_FLATRELEASEDIR)\Watchdog.exe NK S
  GPIO.exe $(_FLATRELEASEDIR)\GPIO.exe NK S
  SMBUS.exe $(_FLATRELEASEDIR)\SMBUS.exe NK S
- Place the three files into any files directory.
- Build your new Windows CE operating system.

4.3.5 SUSI Sample Programs

Sample Programs

The sample programs demonstrate how to incorporate SUSI into your program. There are sample programs for two categories of operating system, i.e. Windows XP and Windows CE. The sample programs run in graphics mode in Windows XP and Windows CE. The sample programs are described in the subsections below.

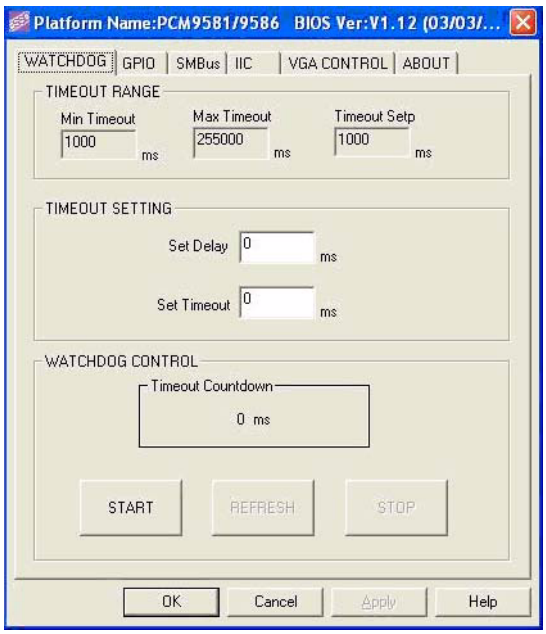
Windows Graphics Mode

There are sample programs of Windows in graphics mode for two categories of operating system, i.e. Windows CE and Windows XP. Each demo application contains an executable file SusiDemo.exe, a shared library Susi.dll and source code within the release package. The files of Windows CE and Windows XP are not compatible with each other.

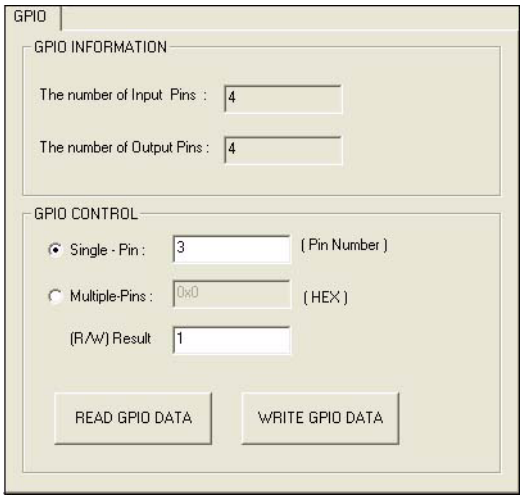
SusiDemo.exe is an executable file and it requires the shared library, Susi.dll, to demonstrate the SUSI functions. The source code of SusiDemo.exe also has two versions, i.e. Windows CE and Windows XP, and must be compiled under Microsoft Visual C++ 6.0 on Windows XP or under Microsoft Embedded Visual C++ 4.0 on Windows CE. Developers must add the header file Susi.h and library Susi.lib to their own projects when they want to develop something with SUSI.

SusiDemo.exe

The SusiDemo.exe test application is an application which uses all functions of the SUSI Library. It has five major function blocks: Watchdog, GPIO, SMBus, I^2C and VGA control. The following screen shot appears when you execute SusiDemo.exe. You can click function tabs to select test functions respectively. Some function tabs will not show on the test application if your platform does not support such functions. For a complete support list, please refer to Appendix A. We describe the steps to test all functions of this application.



GPIO



When the application is executed, it will display GPIO information in the GPIO INFORMATION group box. It displays the number of input pins and output pins. You can click the radio button to choose to test either the single pin function or multiple pin functions. The GPIO pin assignments of the supported platforms are located in Appendix B.

- Test Read Single Input Pin
  - Click the radio button- Single-Pin.
  - Key in the pin number to read the value of the input pin. The Pin number starts from '0'.

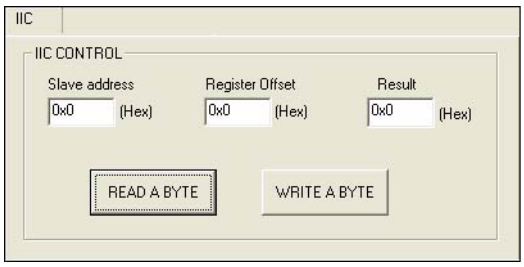
– Click the READ GPIO DATA button and the status of the GPIO pin will be displayed in (R/W) Result field.

- Test Read Multiple Input Pin
  – Click the radio button- Multiple-Pins.
  – Key in the pin number from ‘0x01’ to ‘0x0F’ to read the value of the input pin. The pin numbers are ordered bitwise, i.e. bit 0 stands for GPIO 0, bit 1 stands for GPIO 1, etc. For example, if you want to read pin 0, 1, and 3, the pin numbers should be ‘0x0B’.
  – Click READ GPIO DATA button and the statuses of the GPIO pins will be displayed in (R/W) Result field.

- Test Write Single Output Pin
  – Click the radio button- Single-Pin.
  – Key in the pin numbers you want to write. Pin numbers start from '0'.
  – Key in the value either '0' or '1' in (R/W) Result field to write the output pin you chose above step.
  – Click the WRITE GPIO DATA button to write the GPIO output pin.

- Test Write Multiple Output Pins
  – Click the radio button- Multiple-Pins.
  – Key in the pin number from ‘0x01’ to ‘0x0F’ to choose the multiple pin numbers to write the value of the output pin. The pin numbers are ordered bitwise, i.e. bit 0 stands for GPIO 0, bit 1 stands for GPIO 1, etc. For example, if you want to write pin 0, 1, and 3, the pin numbers should be ‘0x0B’.
  – Key in the value in (R/W) Result field from ‘0x01’ to ‘0x0F’ to write the value of the output pin. The pin numbers are ordered bitwise, i.e. bit 0 stands for GPIO 0, bit 1 stands for GPIO 1, etc. For example, if you want to set pin 0 and 1 high, 3 to low, the pin number should be ‘0x0B/, and then you should key in the value ‘0x0A’ to write.
  – Click the WRITE GPIO DATA button to write the GPIO output pins.

I^2C

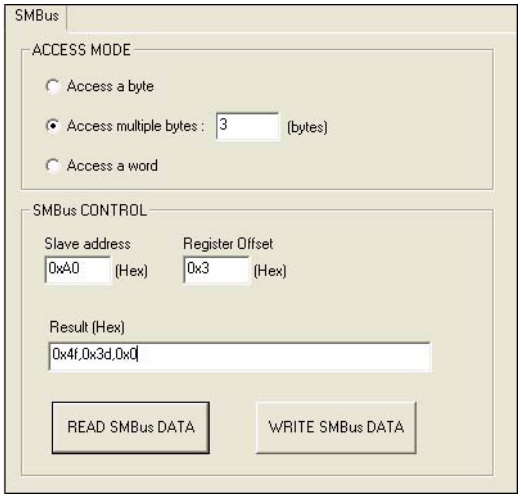


When the application is executed, you can read or write a byte of data through I^2C devices. All data must be read or written in hexadecimal system.

- Read a byte
  – Key in the slave device address in Slave address field.
  – Key in the register offset in Register Offset field.
  – Click the READ A BYTE button and then a byte of data from the device will be shown on the Result field.

- Write a byte
  - Key in the slave device address in Slave address field.
  - Key in the register offset in Register Offset field.
  - Key in the desirous of data in Result field to write to the device.
  - Click the WRITE A BYTE button and then the data will be written to the device through I^2C.

SMBus



When the application has executed, you can click the radio button to choose to test each access mode, i.e. Access a byte, Access multiple bytes and Access a word. All data must be read or written in hexadecimal except the numbers for radio button: Access multiple bytes mode must be written in decimal. You can test the functionalities of the watchdog as follows:

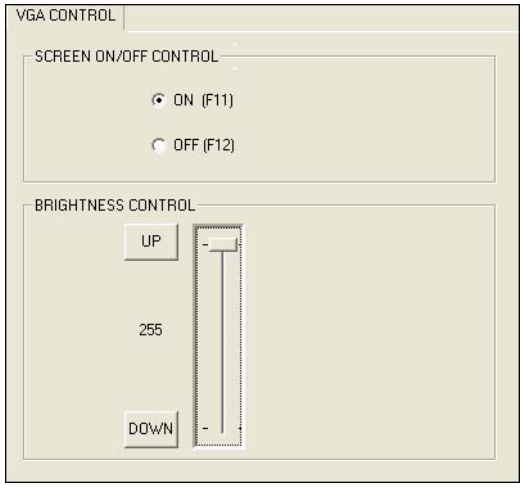
- Read a byte
  - Click the radio button- Access a byte.
  - Key in the slave device address in the Slave address field.
  - Key in the register offset in the Register Offset field.
  - Click the READ SMBus DATA button and a byte of data from the device will be shown on the Result field.

- Write a byte
  - Click the radio button- Access a byte.
  - Key in the slave device address in Slave address field.
  - Key in the register offset in Register Offset field.
  - Key the desired data in the Result field to write to the device.
  - Click the WRITE SMBus DATA button and then the data will be written to the device through SMBus.

- Read a word
  - Click the radio button- Access a word.
  - Key in the slave device address in the Slave address field.
  - Key in the register offset in the Register Offset field.
  - Click the READ SMBus DATA button and then a word of data from the device will be shown on the Result field.

- Write a word
  - Click the radio button- Access a word.
  - Key in the slave device address in the Slave address field.
  - Key in the register offset in the Register Offset field.
  - Key in the desired data, such as 0x1234, in the Result field to write to the device.
  - Click the WRITE SMBus DATA button and the data will be written to the device through the SMBus.
- Read Multiple bytes
  - Click the radio button- Access multiple bytes.
  - Key in the slave device address in the Slave address field.
  - Key in the register offset in the Register Offset field.
  - Key in the desired number of bytes, such as 3, in the right side field of radio button- Access multiple bytes. The number must be written in decimal.
  - Click the READ SMBus DATA button and then all data from the device will be divided from each other by commas and be shown in the Result field.
- Write Multiple bytes
  - Click the radio button- Access multiple bytes.
  - Key in the slave device address in the Slave address field.
  - Key in the register offset in the Register Offset field.
  - Key in the desired number of bytes, such as 3, in the right side field of the radio button- Access multiple bytes. The number must be written in decimal.
  - Key in all the desired data in the Result field in hexadecimal format, divided by commas, for example, 0x50,0x60,0x7A.
  - Click the WRITE SMBus DATA button and all of the data will be written to the device through the SMBus.

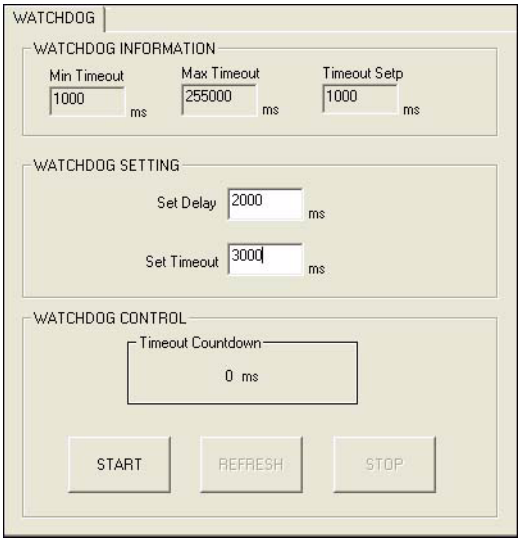
Display Control



When the application is executed, it will display two blocks of VGA control functions. The application can turn on or turn off the screen shot freely, and it also can tune the brightness of the panels if your platform is being supported. You can test the functionalities of VGA control as follows:

- Screen on/off control
  - Click the radio button ON or push the key F11 to turn on the panel screen.
  - Click the radio button OFF or push the key F12 to turn off the panel screen.
  - The display chip of your platform must be in the support list in Appendix A, or this function cannot work.
- Brightness control
  - Move the slider in increments, using either the mouse or the direction keys, or click the UP button to increase the brightness.
  - Move the slider in decrements, using either the mouse or the direction keys, or click the DOWN button to decrease the brightness.

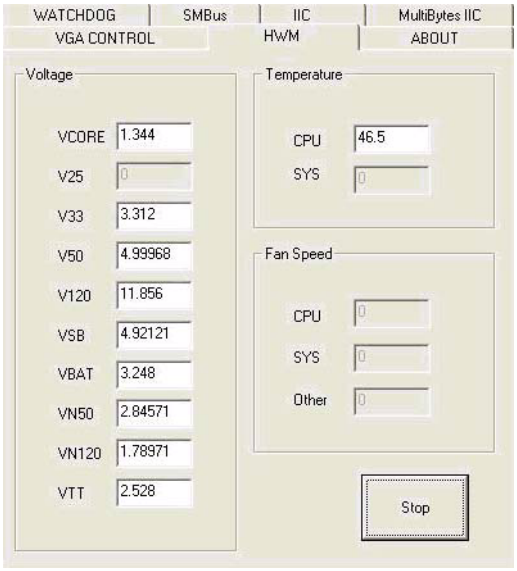
Watchdog



When the application is executed, it will display watchdog information in the WATCHDOG INFORMATION group box. It displays max timeout, min timeout, and timeout steps in milliseconds. For example, a 1~255 seconds watchdog will have 255000 max timeout, 1000 min timeout, and 1000 timeout steps. You can test the functionality of the watchdog as follows:

- Set the timeout value 3000 (3 sec.) in the SET TIMEOUT field and set the delay value 2000 (2 sec.) in the SET DELAY field, then click the START button. The Timeout Countdown field will countdown the watchdog timer and display 5000 (5 sec.).
- Before the timer counts down to zero, you can reset the timer by clicking the REFRESH button. After you click this button, the Timeout Countdown field will display the value of the SET TIMEOUT field.
- If you want to stop the watchdog timer, just click the STOP button.

Hardware Monitor



When the Monitor application is executed by clicking the button, hardware monitoring data values will be displayed. If certain data values are not supported by the platform, the correspondent data field will be grayed-out with a value of 0.

For more details on MIO-2260 software API, please contact your dealer or Advantech AE. API user manuals are also included on this CD.

Appendix A

PIN Assignments

A.1 Jumper Setting

Table A.1: Jumper List	
J1	LCD Power / Auto Power on

A.2 Connectors

Table A.2: Connector list	
CN1	SMBus
CN2	COM1/COM2
CN3	18 bits LVDS Panel
CN4	SODIMM DDR3
CN5	Audio
CN6	Inverter Power Output
CN7	GPIO
CN8	Front Panel
CN9	Mini-PCIe
CN10	MIOe
CN11	CF
CN12	SATA
CN13	GbE
CN14	External USB
CN15	12V Power Input
CN17	VGA

Table A.3: J1: LCD Power/Auto Power on	
Part Number	1653003260
Footprint	HD_3x2P_79
Description	PIN HEADER 3*2P 180D(M) 2.0mm SMD SOUARE PIN
Setting	**Function**
(1-2)	+5V
(3-4) (default)	+3.3V
(5-6) (default)	Auto Power On

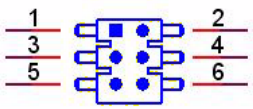


Table A.4: CN1: SMBus			
Part Number	1654904503		
Footprint	WF_4P_49_BOX_RA		
Description	CONN. SMD 4*1P	90D(M)1.25mm 85204-0400	0
Pin	**Pin Name**		
1	GND		
2	SMB_DAT		
3	SMB_CLK		
4	+5V		

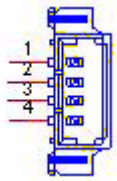
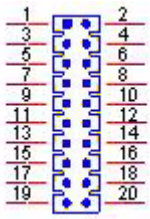


Table A.5: CN2: COM1/COM2	
Part Number	1653003720
Footprint	HD_10x2P_79_RA
Description	PIN HEADER 10x2P 2.00mm 90D(M) SMD 21N22050-20J1
Pin	**Pin Name**
1	DCD1#
2	DSR1#
3	RXD1
4	RTS1#
5	TXD1
6	CTS1#
7	DTR1#
8	RI1#
9	GND
10	GND
11	DCD2#
12	DSR2#
13	RXD2
14	RTS2#
15	TXD2
16	CTS2#
17	DTR2#
18	RI2#
19	GND
20	GND



HomeMatching Cable: 1700001795

Table A.6: CN3: 18 bits LVDS Panel	
Part Number	1655000753
Footprint	WHL14HS-125-85204
Description	
Pin	**Pin Name**
1	+5V or +3.3V
2	+5V or +3.3V
3	LVDS0_D0+
4	LVDS0_D0-
5	LVDS0_D1+
6	LVDS0_D1-
7	LVDS0_D2+
8	LVDS0_D2-
11	LVDS0_CLK+
12	LVDS0_CLK-
13	GND
14	GND

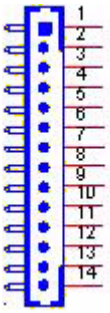


Table A.7: CN4: SODIMMDDR3_204	
Part Number	1651001814
Footprint	SODIMMDDR3_204P_AS0A626-N2
Description	
Pin	**Pin Name**

Table A.8: CN5: Audio	
Part Number	1653003719
Footprint	HD_5x2P_79_RA_21N22050
Description	PIN HEADER 5x2P 2.00mm 90D(M) SMD 21N22050
Pin	**Pin Name**
1	LOUTR
2	LINR
3	GND
4	GND
5	LOUTL
6	LINL
7	GND
8	GND
9	NC
10	NC

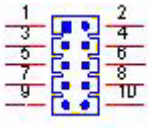


Table A.9: CN6: Inverter Power Output	
Part Number	1655905100
Footprint	WF_5P_49_BOX_RA
Description	Wafer 1.25mm 5P 90D Male SMD 852040
Pin	**Pin Name**
1	+12V
2	GND
3	ENABKL
4	VBR
5	+5V

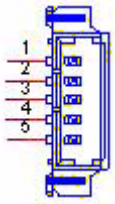


Table A.10: CN7: GPIO	
Part Number	1653005261
Footprint	HD_5x2P_79
Description	PIN HEADER 5x2P 2.0mm 180D(M) SMD 21N22050
Pin	**Pin Name**
1	+5V
2	GPIO4
3	GPIO0
4	GPIO5
5	GPIO1
6	GPIO6
7	GPIO2
8	GPIO7
9	GPIO3
10	GND

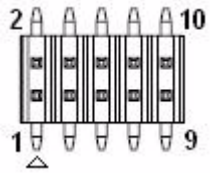


Table A.11: CN8: Front Panel	
Part Number	1653004883
Footprint	HD_3x2_79_RA
Description	PIN HEADER 2x3P 2.00mm 90D(M) SMD
Pin	**Pin Name**
1	Power Button Pin1
2	Power LED+
3	Power Button Pin2 ,Reset Button Pin2, Power LED-
4	HDD LED+
5	Reset Button Pin1
6	HDD LED-

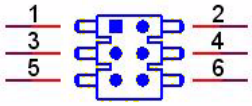


Table A.12: CN9: Mini PCIE	
Part Number	00A00000660
Footprint	MINIPCIE_HALF_PICO2600
Description	
Pin	**Pin Name**
1	WAKE#
2	+3.3VSB
3	NC
4	GND
5	NC
6	+1.5V
7	NC
8	NC
9	GND
10	NC
11	REFCLK-
12	NC
13	REFCLK+
14	NC
15	GND
16	NC
17	NC
18	GND
19	NC
20	NC
21	GND
22	PERST#
23	PERn0
24	+3.3VSB
25	PERp0
26	GND
27	GND
28	+1.5V
29	GND
30	SMB_CLK
31	PETn0
32	SMB_DAT
33	PETp0
34	GND
35	GND
36	USB D-
37	GND
38	USB D+
39	+3.3VSB
40	GND
41	+3.3VSB
42	NC

Table A.12: CN9: Mini PCIE	
43	GND
44	NC
45	NC
46	NC
47	NC
48	+1.5V
49	NC
50	GND
51	NC
52	+3.3VSB
53	NC
54	NC
55	GND
56	GND

Table A.13: CN10: MIO 3.0	
Part Number	1654006235
Footprint	BB_40x2P_32_1625x285_2HOLD
Description	
Pin	**Pin Name**
1	GND
2	GND
3	PCIE_RX0+
4	PCIE_TX0+
5	PCIE_RX0-
6	PCIE_TX0-
7	GND
8	GND
9	PCIE_RX1+
10	PCIE_TX1+
11	PCIE_RX1-
12	PCIE_TX1-
13	GND
14	GND
15	PCIE_RX2+
16	PCIE_TX2+
17	PCIE_RX2-
18	PCIE_TX2-
19	GND
20	GND
21	PCIE_RX3+
22	PCIE_TX3+
23	PCIE_RX3-
24	PCIE_TX3-
25	GND
26	GND

Table A.13: CN10: MIO 3.0	
27	PCIE_CLK+
28	LOUTL
29	PCIE_CLK-
30	LOUTR
31	GND
32	AGND
33	SMB_CLK
34	NC
35	SMB_DAT
36	NC
37	NC
38	NC
39	RESET#
40	NC
41	SLP_S3#
42	CLK33M
43	SLP_S5#
44	LPC_AD0
45	NC
46	LPC_AD1
47	NC
48	LPC_AD2
49	NC
50	LPC_AD3
51	NC
52	LPC_DRQ#0
53	NC
54	LPC_SERIRQ
55	NC
56	LPC_FRAME#
57	NC
58	GND
59	NC
60	USB0_D+
61	NC
62	USB0_D-
63	NC
64	GND
65	NC
66	USB1_D+/USB_SSTX+
67	NC
68	USB1_D-/USB_SSTX-
69	NC
70	GND
71	NC
72	USB2_D+/USB_SSRX+
73	NC

Table A.13: CN10: MIO 3.0	
74	USB2_D-/USB_SSRX-
75	NC
76	GND
77	NC
78	USB_OC#
79	+12VSB
80	NC
83	GND
84	GND
85	GND
86	GND
87	+5VSB
88	+5VSB
89	+5VSB
90	+5VSB

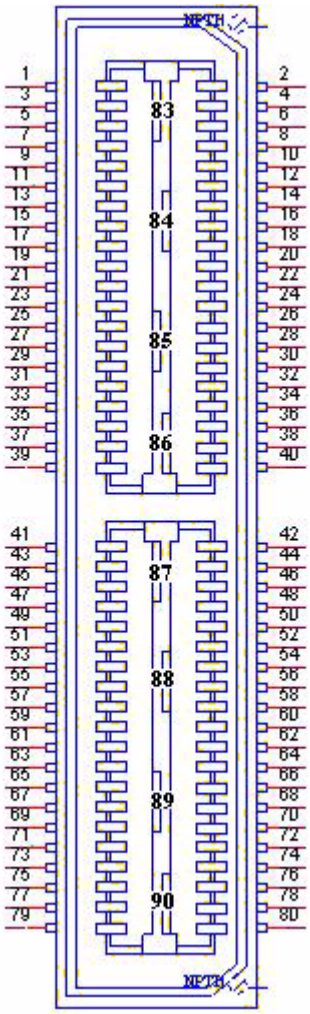


Table A.14: CN11: CF	
Part Number	1653025211
Footprint	CF_50P_N7E50-7516PK-20
Description	HEADER 50P 90D(M) ANGLE Standard SMT for Compack
Pin	**Pin Name**
1	GND
2	D03
3	D04
4	D05
5	D06
6	D07
7	CS0#
8	GND
9	GND
10	GND
11	GND
12	GND
13	+5V
14	GND
15	GND
16	GND
17	GND
18	A02
19	A01
20	A00
21	D00
22	D01
23	D02
24	NC
25	CD2#
26	CD1#
27	D11
28	D12
29	D13
30	D14
31	D15
32	CS1#
33	VS1#
34	IORD#
35	IOWR#
36	WE#
37	IREQ
38	+5V
39	CSEL#
40	VS2#
41	RESET
42	IORDY

Table A.14: CN11: CF	
43	INPACK#
44	REG#
45	DASP#
46	PDIAG#
47	D08
48	D09
49	D10
50	GND

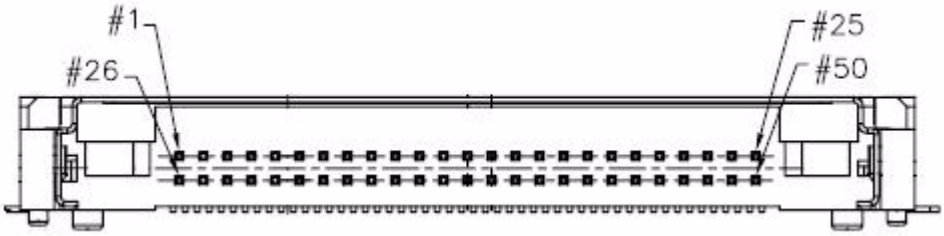


Table A.15: CN12: SATA	
Part Number	1654007578
Footprint	SATA_7P_WATF-07DBN6SB1U
Description	Serial ATA 7P 1.27mm 180D(M) SMD WATF-07DBN6SB1U
Pin	**Pin Name**
1	GND
2	TX+
3	TX-
4	GND
5	RX-
6	RX+
7	GND

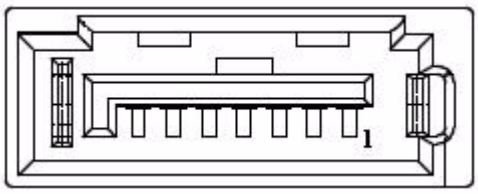


Table A.16: CN13: LAN	
Part Number	1652004356
Footprint	RJ45_14P_RT7-194AAM1A
Description	
Pin	**Pin Name**
1	BI_DA+(GHz)
2	BI_DA-(GHz)
3	BI_DB+(GHz)
4	BI_DC+(GHz)
5	BI_DC-(GHz)
6	BI_DB-(GHz)
7	BI_DD+(GHz)
8	BI_DD-(GHz)
H3	GND
H4	GND

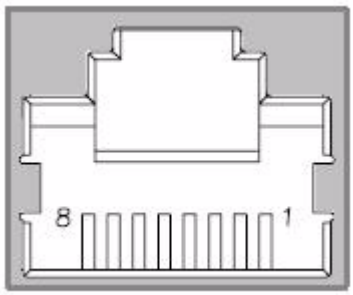


Table A.17: CN14: External USB	
Part Number	1654009513
Footprint	USB_8P_UB1112C-8FDE-4F
Description	
Pin	**Pin Name**
1	+5V
2	D-
3	D+
4	GND

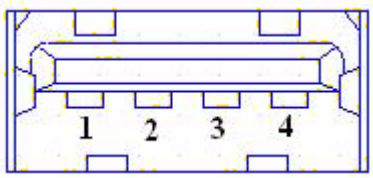


Table A.18: CN15: 12V Power Input	
Part Number	1655404090
Footprint	ATXCON-2X2-42
Description	ATX PWR CONN. 2x2P 4.2mm 180D(M) DIP 24W4310-04S
Pin	**Pin Name**
1	GND
2	GND
3	+12V
4	+12V

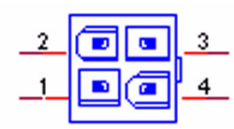
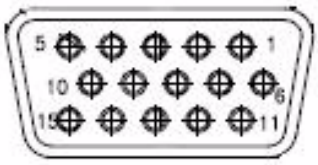


Table A.19: CN17: VGA	
Part Number	1654000055
Footprint	DBVGA-VF5MS
Description	D-SUB Conn. 15P 90D(F) DIP 070242FR015S200ZU
Pin	**Pin Name**
1	RED
2	GREEN
3	BLUE
4	NC
5	GND
6	GND
7	GND
8	GND
9	NC
10	GND
11	NC
12	DDAT
13	HSYNC
14	VSYNC
15	DCLK



Appendix B

WDT & GPIO

B.1 Watchdog Timer Sample Code

1. Watchdog function:

```
;The SCH3114 Runtime base I/O address is A00h
;Setting WatchDog time value location at offset 66h
;If set value "0", it is mean disable WatchDog function.
Superio_GPIO_Port = A00h
mov dx,Superio_GPIO_Port + 66h
mov al,00h
out dx,al
.model small
.486p
.stack 256
.data
SCH3114_IO EQU A00h
.code
org 100h
.STARTup
;================================================
;47H
;enable WDT function bit [0]=0Ch
;================================================
mov dx,SCH3114_IO + 47h
mov al,0Ch
out dx,al
;================================================
;65H
;bit [1:0]=Reserved
;bit [6:2]Reserve=00000
;bit [7] WDT time-out Value Units Select
;Minutes=0 (default) Seconds=1
;================================================
mov dx,SCH3114_IO + 65h ;
mov al,080h
out dx,al
;================================================
;66H
;WDT timer time-out value
;bit[7:0]=0~255
;================================================
mov dx,SCH3114_IO + 66h
mov al,01h
out dx,al
;================================================
;bit[0] status bit R/W
;WD timeout occurred =1
```

```
;WD timer counting = 0
;=================================================
mov dx,SCH3114_IO + 68h
mov al,01h
out dx,al
.exit
END
```

2. GPIO Sample Code

1. GPIO function:

The SCH3114 Runtime base I/O address is A00h

```
.model small
.486p
.stack 256
.data
SCH3114_IO EQU A00h
.code
org 100h
.STARTup
;=================================================
;GIPO 0~GPIO 7 Function define(SCH3114_IO Port offset + 23h / 24h / 25h / 26h / 27h / 29h / 2Ah / 2Bh)
; bit [0] = In/Out: = 1 Input, = 0 output
; bit [1] = Polarity : 1 Invert, = 0 No Invert
; bit [7] = Output Type Select : 1 = Open Drian, 0 = Push Pull
;=================================================
mov dx,SCH3114_IO + 23h ;GPIO 0
mov al,00h              ;program GPIO 0 as output
out dx,al
;=================================================
;GIPO 0~GPIO 7 DATA Register (SCH3114_IO Port offset + 4Bh)
; bit [0] = GPIO 0 High/Low: = 1 High, = 0 Low
; bit [1] = GPIO 1 High/Low: = 1 High, = 0 Low
; bit [2] = GPIO 2 High/Low: = 1 High, = 0 Low
; bit [3] = GPIO 3 High/Low: = 1 High, = 0 Low
; bit [4] = GPIO 4 High/Low: = 1 High, = 0 Low
; bit [5] = GPIO 5 High/Low: = 1 High, = 0 Low
; bit [6] = GPIO 6 High/Low: = 1 High, = 0 Low
; bit [7] = GPIO 7 High/Low: = 1 High, = 0 Low
;=================================================
mov dx,SCH3114_IO + 4Bh ;
mov al,01h ;Set GPIO 0 as High level
out dx,al
.exit
```

Appendix C

System Assignments

C.1 System I/O Ports

Table C.1: System I/O Ports

Addr. Range (Hex)	Device
000-01F	DMA Controller
20h-2Dh	Interrupt Controller
50h-52h	Timer/Counter
060-06F	8042 (keyboard controller)
070-07F	Real-time clock, non-maskable interrupt (NMI)
mask	
080-09F	DMA page register
0A0-0BF	0A0-0BF
0C0-0DF	DMA controller
170h-177h	IDE Controller
1F0h-1F7h	IDE Controller
2F8-2FF	Serial port 2
3F8-3FF	Serial port 1

C.2 1st MB Memory Map

Table C.2: 1st MB memory map

Addr. Range (Hex)	Device
F0000h - FFFFFh	System ROM
D0000h - EFFFFh	Unused (reserved for Ethernet ROM)
C0000h - CE7FFh	Expansion ROM (for VGA BIOS)
B8000h - BFFFFh	CGA/EGA/VGA text
B0000h - B7FFFh	Unused
A0000h - AFFFFh	EGA/VGA graphics
00000h - 9FFFFh	Base memory

C.3 DMA Channel Assignments

Table C.3: DMA channel assignments

Channel	Function
0	Available
1	Reserved (audio)
2	Floppy disk (8-bit transfer)
3	Available (parallel port)
4	Cascade for DMA controller 1
5	Available
6	Available
7	Available

* Audio DMA select 1, 3, or 5
** Parallel port DMA select 1 (LPT2) or 3 (LPT1)

C.4 Interrupt Assignments

Table C.4: Interrupt assignments

Interrupt#	Interrupt source
IRQ0	Interval timer
IRQ1	Keyboard
IRQ2	Interrupt from controller 2 (cascade)
IRQ3	COM2
IRQ4	COM1
IRQ5	Reserved
IRQ6	Reserved
IRQ7	Reserved
IRQ8	RTC
IRQ9	Reserved
IRQ10	Reserved
IRQ11	Reserved
IRQ12	PS/2 mouse
IRQ13	Math Coprocessor
IRQ14	Primary IDE
IRQ15	Secondary IDE

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